



# Search and Rescue: reporting in EUROSUR

Schengen and External Borders Unit, DG HOME



*European Contact Group on SAR,  
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# EUROSUR – purpose and scope

- an integrated framework for the exchange of information and for operational cooperation within the European Border and Coast Guard in order to improve situational awareness and to increase reaction capabilities for the purposes of border management;
- used for border checks at authorised crossing points and for external (land, sea, air) border surveillance;
- covers all components of the EIBM, except for return.
- Information shared via the **National Coordination Centres**.

# Situational picture - definition

- aggregation of geo-referenced near-real-time data, received from different authorities and other sources, transmitted across secured communication channels
- processed, displayed and shared with other relevant authorities
- to achieve situational awareness and support reaction capabilities
- along the external border and the pre-frontier area.
- *Produced through the collection, evaluation, collation, analysis, interpretation, generation, visualisation and dissemination of information.*

# Main elements of EUROSUR

- National Coordination Centre (NCC)
- National situational picture (NSP)
- European situational picture (ESP)
- Specific situational picture (SSP)
- EUROSUR Fusion Services (EFS)

= functioning of EUROSUR

# COM Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/581 on EUROSUR – main principles

- Detailed rules on the establishment of a **situational picture**, in particular on the composition of three separate information layers: events layer, operational layer, analysis layer.
- Detailed rules on the structure and management of a situational picture.
- **Reporting** obligation on the side of the Member States and the Agency, and international coordination centres, where applicable.
- Rules for establishing and sharing a **specific situational picture**.
- **Data security** and **data protection**.

# Reporting in EUROSUR

Reporting in three separate information layers of a situational picture:

- *EVENT reporting* → as indicators or a single event report
- *OPERATIONAL reporting* → on own assets; operational plans; environmental information
- *RISK ANALYSIS reporting* → briefing notes; analytical reports; watchlists
- + reporting in the context of *specific border control activities* → on unauthorised secondary movements; maritime border surveillance; SAR; air border surveillance.

# Reporting on SAR incidents at sea

- While performing maritime border surveillance;
- MSs report potential SAR incident to the responsible Maritime Rescue Coordination Centre + inform the NCC, then...
- NCC updates the NSP, then...
- NCC reports to Frontex, then ..
- Frontex updates the ESP.
- NCC obliged to report to Frontex the termination of a SAR operation within 24 hours

# Thank you



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