2018/0231(COD)

COLUMN TABLE FOR INTERINSTITUTIONAL NEGOTIATIONS – WORKING DOCUMENT

Proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing the Programme for single market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics and repealing Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 (COM(2018)0441 – C8-0254/2018 – 2018/0231(COD))

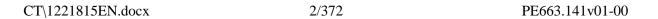
Date of the trilogue: 28.10.2020

Committee on the Internal Market and Consumer Protection – Negotiating team

NB: this cover page has been added for technical reasons only.

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Proposal for a

REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

establishing the Programme for single market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics and repealing Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826

2018/0231 (COD) (text with EEA relevance)

PART 1: RECITALS

Cell in green: The text can be deemed as already agreed

Cell in yellow: The issue needs further discussion at technical level

Cell in red: The issue needs further discussion in depth at the trilogue meetings

Cell in grey: The issue has not been agreed in the framework of the interinstitutional negotiations

Note:

Differences between the EP's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Differences between the Council's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Modifications by lawyer-linguists are in Italics.

Deletions are not marked. Compromise wording is in Bold/Italics/Underline.

Row	COMMISSION	EP	COUNCIL - PARTIAL	POSSIBLE COMPROMISE
	COM(2018)441 final		GENERAL APPROACH	SOLUTION
1.	Proposal for a	Proposal for a	Proposal for a	Green
	REGULATION OF THE	REGULATION OF THE	REGULATION OF THE	Proposal for a
	EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	REGULATION OF THE
	AND OF THE COUNCIL	AND OF THE COUNCIL	AND OF THE COUNCIL	EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT
	establishing the Programme for	establishing the Programme for	establishing the Programme for	AND OF THE COUNCIL
	single market, competitiveness of	single market, competitiveness of	single market, competitiveness	establishing the Programme
	enterprises, including small and	enterprises, including small and	of enterprises, including small	for single market,
	medium-sized enterprises, and	medium-sized enterprises, and	and medium-sized enterprises,	competitiveness of enterprises,
	European statistics and repealing	European statistics and repealing	the area of plants, animals,	including small and medium-
	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013,	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013,	food and feed, and European	sized enterprises, the area of
	(EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No	(EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No	statistics and repealing	plants, animals, food and
	254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,	254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013,	<u>feed</u> , and European statistics
	(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU)	(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU)	(EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No	and repealing Regulations
	2017/826	2017/826	254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,	(EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No
			(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU)	1287/2013, (EU) No
			2017/826	254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,
				(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU)
				2017/826
				LL to check consistency of the
				recitals with the agreed
				articles
2.	(1) The internal market is a	(1) The internal market is a	(1) The internal market is a	Green

cornerstone of the Union. Since its inception, it has proved a major contributor to growth, competitiveness and employment. It has generated new opportunities and economies of scale for European businesses, notably micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), and strengthened their industrial competitiveness. The internal market contributed to the creation of jobs and offered greater choice at lower prices for consumers. It continues to be an engine for building a stronger, more balanced and fairer economy. It is one of the Union's major achievements and its best asset in an increasingly global world.

cornerstone of the Union, Since its inception, it has proved a major contributor to growth, competitiveness and employment. It has generated new opportunities and economies of scale for European businesses, notably micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), and strengthened their industrial competitiveness, and it should continue benefitting all citizens equally. The internal market contributed to the creation of jobs and offered greater choice at lower prices for consumers while guaranteeing high quality of products and services offered. It continues to be an engine for building a more integrated market and a stronger, more balanced and fairer economy. It is one of the Union's major achievements and its best asset in an increasingly global world, as well as being core element in achieving the transformation

cornerstone of the Union. Since its inception, it has proved a major contributor to growth, competitiveness and employment. It has generated new opportunities and economies of scale for European businesses, notably micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), and strengthened their industrial competitiveness. The internal market contributed to the creation of jobs and offered greater choice at lower prices for consumers. It continues to be an engine for building a stronger, more balanced and fairer economy. It is one of the Union's major achievements and its best asset in an increasingly global world.

(1) The internal market is a cornerstone of the Union. Since its inception, it has proved a major contributor to growth, competitiveness and employment and it should continue benefitting all citizens and businesses equally. It has generated new opportunities and economies of scale for European businesses, notably micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), and strengthened their industrial competitiveness. The internal market contributed to the creation of jobs and offered greater choice of *high quality* of products and services at lower prices for consumers. It continues to be an engine for building *a more integrated* market and a stronger, more balanced and fairer economy. It is one of the Union's major achievements and its best asset

		into a resource- and energy- efficient sustainable economy to respond to the increasing pressure of climate change. [Am. 1]		in an increasingly global world, as well as being a core element in achieving the green and digital transformation towards a sustainable economy, also as a response to the increasing pressure of climate change.
3.	(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement.	(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities and benefits to the economy and to daily lives, especially for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement, and to consumer protection and safety. [Am. 2]	(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models and new opportunities for the efficient production of high-quality statistics but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement.	Green (2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products, services, processes and business models, and opportunities for the efficient production of high-quality statistics. It equally

				constitutes a challenge to regulation, enforcement, consumer protection and safety.
4.	(3) The substantial body of Union legislation underpins the functioning of the internal market. This concerns, in particular, competitiveness, standardisation, consumer protection, market surveillance and food chain regulation but also rules concerning business, trade and financial transactions and the promotion of fair competition providing for a level playing field essential for the functioning of the internal market.	(3) The substantial body of Union legislation underpins the functioning of the internal market. This concerns, in particular, competitiveness, standardisation, <i>mutual recognition</i> , consumer protection, market surveillance and food chain regulation but also rules concerning business, trade and financial transactions and the promotion of fair competition providing for a level playing field essential for the functioning of the internal market <i>for the benefit of consumers and businesses</i> . [Am. 3]	(3) The substantial body of Union legislation underpins the functioning of the internal market. This concerns, in particular, competitiveness, standardisation, conformity assessment, consumer protection, market surveillance and food chain regulationthe plant, animal, food and feed area, but also rules concerning business, trade and financial transactions, the production of European statistics and the promotion of fair competition providing for a level playing field essential for the functioning of the internal market.	Green (3) The substantial body of Union legislation underpins the functioning of the internal market. This concerns, in particular, competitiveness, standardisation, mutual recognition, conformity assessment, consumer protection, market surveillance but also rules concerning business, trade and financial transactions, the plant, animal, food and feed area, the production of European statistics and the promotion of fair competition providing for a level playing field essential for the functioning of the
				internal market for the benefit

				of consumers and businesses.
5.	(4) Still, barriers to the proper	(4) Still, unjustified,	(4) Still, unjustified or	Green
	functioning of the internal market	discriminatory and	disproportionate barriers to the	(4) Still, discriminatory,
	remain and the new obstacles	disproportionate barriers to the	proper functioning of the	unjustified or
	emerge. Adopting rules is only a	proper functioning of the internal	internal market remain and the	disproportionate barriers to
	first step, but making them work is	market, remain and the new	new obstacles emerge.	the proper functioning of the
	as important. This is ultimately a	obstacles emerge. Adopting rules	Adopting rules is only a first	internal market remain and
	matter of citizens' trust in the	is only a first step, but making	step, but making them work is	new obstacles emerge.
	Union, in its capacity to deliver,	them work is as important. This	as important. This is ultimately	Adopting rules is only a first
	and ability to create jobs and	Inadequate enforcement of	a matter of citizens' trust in the	step, but making them work is
	growth while protecting the public	existing rules, barriers to free	Union, in its capacity to deliver,	as important. <i>Current</i>
	interest.	movement of goods and services,	and ability to create jobs and	enforcement challenges to
		and low levels of cross-border	growth while protecting the	existing rules, barriers to free
		public procurement limit the	public interest.	movement of goods and
		opportunities for businesses and		services, and low levels of
		consumers. Addressing such		cross-border public
		obstacles is ultimately a matter of		procurement limit the
		citizens' trust in the Union, in its		opportunities for businesses
		capacity to deliver, and its ability		and consumers. Addressing
		to create <i>quality</i> jobs and growth		such obstacles is ultimately a
		while protecting the public		matter of citizens' trust in the
		interest. [Am. 4]		Union, in its capacity to
				deliver, and <i>its</i> ability to create
				jobs and growth while
				protecting the public interest.
6.	(5) Several programmes for	(5) Several programmes for	(5) Several programmes for	Green
	Union action exist currently in the	Union action exist currently in the	Union action exist currently in	

fields of competitiveness of enterprises including SMEs, consumer protection, customers and end-users in financial services. policy making in financial services and food chain. Some additional activities are financed directly under the internal market budget lines. It is necessary to streamline and exploit synergies between various actions and provide for a more flexible and agile framework to finance activities aiming to achieve a well-functioning internal market in the most cost-efficient manner. It is therefore necessary to establish a new programme bringing together activities financed previously under those other programmes and other relevant budget lines. The programme should also include new initiatives which aim to improve the functioning of the internal market.

fields of competitiveness of enterprises including SMEs, especially micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, consumer protection, customers end-users in financial and services, policy making in financial services and food chain. Some additional activities are financed directly under internal market budget lines. It is necessary to streamline exploit synergies between various actions and provide for a more flexible, transparent, simplified and agile framework to finance activities aiming to achieve a well-functioning and sustainable internal market in the most costefficient manner. It is therefore necessary to establish a new programme bringing together activities financed previously under those other programmes and other relevant budget lines that draws the lessons to be learned from existing

the fields of competitiveness of enterprises including SMEs, consumer protection, customers and end-users in financial services, policy making in financial services and food chainin the plant, animal, food and feed area. Some additional activities are financed directly under the internal market budget lines. It is necessary to streamline and exploit synergies between various actions and provide for a more flexible and agile framework to finance activities aiming to achieve a well-functioning internal market in the most cost-efficient manner. It is therefore necessary to establish a new programme bringing together activities financed previously under those other programmes and other relevant budget lines. The programme should also include new initiatives which aim to improve the functioning

(5) Separate programmes for Union action existed previously in the fields of competitiveness of enterprises, especially SMEs, consumer protection, customers and endusers in financial services. policy making in financial services and in the plant, animal, food and feed area. Some additional activities were financed directly under the internal market budget lines. It was necessary to streamline and exploit synergies between various actions and provide for a more flexible, transparent, *simplified* and agile framework to finance activities aiming to achieve a well-functioning sustainable internal market. Therefore, a new programme is established bringing together activities financed previously under

		programmes. The programme	of the internal market.	those other programmes and
		should also include new initiatives		other relevant budget lines.
		which aim to improve the		The programme should also
		functioning of the internal market,		include new initiatives which
		avoiding duplication with related		aim to improve the
		Union programmes and actions.		functioning of the internal
		[Am. 5]		market, while <i>avoiding</i>
				duplication with related
				Union programmes and
				actions.
7.	(6) The development,	(6) The development,	(6) The development,	Green
	production and dissemination of	production and dissemination of	production and dissemination of	(6) The development,
	European statistics are subject to a	European statistics are subject to	European statistics are subject	production and dissemination
	separate European Statistical	a separate European Statistical	to a separate European	of European statistics under
	Programme established by	Programme established by	Statistical Programme	this Programme pursuant to
	Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the	Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of	established by Regulation (EU)	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009
	European Parliament and of the	the European Parliament and of	No 99/2013 of the European	of the European Parliament
	Council ⁴⁷ . In order to provide	the Council ⁴⁷ . In order to provide	Parliament and of the Council ¹ .	and of the Council of 11
	continuity of producing and	continuity of producing and	In order to provide continuity of	March 2009 on European
	disseminating European statistics,	disseminating European statistics,	producing and disseminating	statistics were subject to a
	the new programme should also	the new programme should also	European statistics, the new	separate European Statistical
	include activities covered by the	include activities covered by the	programme should also include	Programme established by
	European Statistical Programme by	existing European Statistical	activities covered by the	Regulation (EU) No 99/2013
	providing a framework for the	Programme by providing a	European Statistical Programme	of the European Parliament
	development, production and	framework for the collection of	by providing a framework for	and of the Council ⁴⁷ . In order

dissemination of European statistics. The new programme should establish the financial framework for European statistics to provide high-quality, comparable and reliable statistics on Europe in order to underpin the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies.

⁴⁷ Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the European statistical programme 2013-17 (OJ L 39, 9.2.2013, p 12).

data, as well as for the development, production, the application and correct use. dissemination of European statistics. The new programme should establish the financial framework for European statistics high-quality, provide and comparable reliable European statistics on Europe, also on matters such trade and migration, in order to underpin design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies in accordance with Article 3 of the Treaty on European Union. [Am. 6]

the development, production and dissemination of European statistics. The new programme should establish the financial framework for European statistics to provide highquality, comparable and reliable **European** statistics on Europe in order to underpin the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies. The professional independence as one of the most important principles is seen as a necessary prerequisite for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics.

to provide continuity producing and disseminating European statistics, the new programme should also include activities covered by previous European the Statistical Programme providing a framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics pursuant to Regulation (EC)No 223/2009. The new programme should establish the financial framework for European statistics to provide high-quality, comparable and reliable European statistics, in order to underpin the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies. The professional independence is a necessary prerequisite for the development. production and dissemination **European statistics.**

⁴⁷ Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the European statistical programme 2013-17 (OJ L 39, 9.2.2013, p 12).

¹ Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the European statistical programme 2013-17 (OJ L 39, 9.2.2013, p 12).

	⁴⁷ Regulation (EU) No	
	99/2013 of the European	
	Parliament and of the Coun	cil
	of 15 January 2013 on the	
	European statistical	
	programme 2013-17 (OJ L	39,
	9.2.2013, p 12).	
	^{1a} Regulation (EC) No	
	223/2009 of the European	
	Parliament and of the Coun	cil
	of 11 March 2009 on	
	European statistics and	
	repealing Regulation (EC,	
	Euratom) No 1101/2008 of	the
	European Parliament and or	f
	the Council on the	
	transmission of data subject	t to
	statistical confidentiality to	the
	Statistical Office of the	
	European Communities,	
	Council Regulation (EC) N	O
	322/97 on Community	
	Statistics, and Council	
	Decision 89/382/EEC,	
	Euratom establishing a	
	Committee on the Statistica	ıl

			Programmes of the European
			Communities (OJ L 87,
			31.3.2009, p. 164).
8.		(6a) High-quality European	Yellow
		statistics developed, produced	
		and disseminated under the	EP suggestion: deletion, see
		European Statistical	row 63 recital 48
		Programme are essential for	(EP suggests to keep recitals
		evidence-based decision	further down for consistency
		making European statistics	with articles.
		should be available in a timely	Council proposes row 8-11 to
		manner, in accordance with	be moved up from 63-66 as
		the principles of the European	same topic of row 7.
		statistics Code of Practice,	Compare with Annex II rows
		and should contribute to the	400 and 402°
		implementation of Union	
		policies as reflected in the	Council text is greened, but
		Treaty on the Functioning of	needs to be corrected. The
		the European Union, notably	reference to the "Statistical
		strengthened and integrated	Programme" need to be
		economic governance, social,	replaced by "under this
		economic and territorial	Programme pursuant to
		cohesion, sustainable	Regulation (EC) No
		development, agricultural	223/2009". The structure
		policy, the social dimension of	remains yellow
		Europe and globalisation.	

9.		(6b) European statistics are	Yellow
		indispensable for Union	EP suggestion: deletion
		decision-making and for the	See row 64 recital 49
		measurement of the	
		performance and impact of	Council text is greened, but
		Union initiatives. Therefore,	the structure remains yellow
		the continued provision and	
		development of European	
		statistics, taking a Union-wide	
		approach and going beyond	
		an internal market	
		perspective should be ensured	
		in order to cover all Union	
		activities and policy areas,	
		including empowering	
		businesses and citizens to take	
		informed decisions. In order	
		to respond correctly to policy-	
		making requirements, gender	
		disaggregated data is	
		necessary, where appropriate.	
10.		(6c) In view of its horizontal	Yellow
		character, the European	EP suggestion: deletion
		Statistical Programme is	See row 65 recital 50
		subject to specific	
		requirements and notably	Council text is greened, but
		those laid down in Regulation	needs to be corrected. The

reference to the "Statistical (EC) No 223/2009 of the **European Parliament and of** Programme" need to be the Council^{1a}, in particular replaced by "framework for the development, production with regard to the respect of and dissemination of statistical principles, the functioning of the European European statistics within the meaning of Regulation (EC) **Statistical System and its** No 223/2009". The structure governance, including the role remains yellow and tasks assigned to the **European Statistical System** Committee and to the Commission (Eurostat), the establishment and implementation of the programming of the statistical activities. ^{1a} Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European **Parliament and of the Council** of 11 March 2009 on **European statistics and** repealing Regulation (EC, **Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of** the Council on the

				transmission of data subject	
				to statistical confidentiality to	
				the Statistical Office of the	
				European Communities,	
				Council Regulation (EC)	
				No 322/97 on Community	
				Statistics, and Council	
				Decision 89/382/EEC, Eurato	
				m establishing a Committee	
				on the Statistical Programmes	
				of the European Communities	
				(OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).	
11.				(6d) The Programme has been	Yellow
				submitted for prior	EP suggestion: deletion
				examination to the European	See row 66 recital 51.
				Statistical System Committee	
				in accordance with Regulation	Council text is greened, but
				(EC) No 223/2009.	needs to be corrected. After
					the reference to the
					"Programme" we need to
					add" regarding the framework
					for the development,
					production and dissemination
					of European statistics" The
					structure remains yellow
12.	(7)	It is therefore appropriate to	(7) It is therefore appropriate	(7) It is therefore appropriate to	Green
	establ	lish a Programme for the	to establish a the Single Market	establish a Programme for the	
	1	<u> </u>			

internal market, competitiveness of enterprises, including micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics (the 'Programme'). The Programme should be established for the duration of seven years from 2021 to 2027.

Programme for *strengthening* the internal market, and improving its functioning in the fields of competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises, including especially micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, standardisation, market surveillance, consumer protection, food supply chain and European statistics (the 'Programme'). The Programme should be established for the duration of seven years from 2021 to 2027. [Am. 7]

internal market,
competitiveness of enterprises,
including micro, small and
medium-sized enterprises,
protection and empowering of
citizens and consumers, the
area of plants, animals, food
and feed, and European
statistics (the 'Programme'). The
Programme should be
established for the duration of
seven years from 2021 to 2027.

(7) It is therefore appropriate to establish a Single Market Programme for improving the functioning of the internal market and the competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises, including especially SMEs, standardisation, market surveillance, consumer protection, the area of plants, animals, food and feed, and European statistics (the 'Programme'). The Programme should be established for a period of seven years to align its duration with that of the multiannual financial framework laid down in Council regulation (EU, Euratom) No [refernce to the MFF Regulation to be inserted].

				Note: To be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with horizontal guidance and decision on retroactivity and end clauses. LL to check alignment to the title/Article 1
13.	(8) The Programme should	(8) The Programme should	(8) The Programme should	Green
	support the design, implementation	support the design,	support the design,	(8) The Programme should
	and enforcement of Union	implementation and enforcement	implementation and	support the design,
	legislation underpinning the proper	of Union legislation underpinning	enforcement of Union	implementation and
	functioning of the internal market.	the proper functioning of the	legislation underpinning the	enforcement of Union
	The Programme should support the	internal market. The Programme	proper functioning of the	legislation underpinning the
	creation of the right conditions to	should support the creation of the	internal market. The	proper functioning of the
	empower all actors of the internal	right conditions to empower all	Programme should support the	internal market. The
	market: businesses, citizens	actors of the internal market:	creation of the right conditions	Programme should support the
	including consumers, civil society	businesses, citizens including	to empower all actors of the	creation of the right conditions
	and public authorities. To that end,	consumers, and employees, civil	internal market: businesses,	to empower all actors of the
	the Programme should aim to	society and public authorities. To	citizens including consumers,	internal market: businesses,
	ensure the competitiveness of	that end, the Programme should	civil society and public	citizens including consumers,
	businesses, notably SMEs, but also	aim to ensure the competitiveness	authorities. To that end, the	and employees, civil society
	supporting the enforcement of	and sustainability of businesses,	Programme should aim to	and public authorities. To that
	consumer protection and safety	notably SMEs, especially micro,	ensure the competitiveness and	end, the Programme should
	rules and by raising the awareness	small and medium-sized	the capacity building of	aim to foster the

of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policy-making. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of high-quality international standards that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also includes standard setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and well-functioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting

enterprises, including those in the tourism sector, but also supporting the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules as well as environmental and social standards, and by raising the awareness businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, appropriate information and assistance, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policymaking. Furthermore. the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through training programmes, exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the high-quality development of standards international that

businesses, notably SMEs, including in the tourism sector, but also supporting the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules and by raising the awareness of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policymaking. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of high-quality European and international standards that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also

competitiveness, capacity building and sustainability of enterprises, especially SMEs, including from the tourism sector. The sustainability of enterprises is important to maintain their long-term competitiveness and contributes to the transition to a more economically, environmentally and socially sustainable Union, which should go hand in hand with digitalisation and engagement in sustainable business practices. The Programme should also support the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules. It should also raise the awareness of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, appropriate information and assistance, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and

also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement of the welfare of animals.

underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also includes standard setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and wellfunctioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement of the welfare of animals. [Am. 8]

includes standard setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and wellfunctioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans. animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement protection of the well-being of people and the welfare of animals, food and feed safety whilst respecting the principles of sustainable development. Furthermore, the programme should support the production of

strengthen their participation in Union's policy-making. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through training programmes, exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of high-quality **Union and** international standards and rule-making, including through a broad stakeholder involvement, that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This should cover the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and wellfunctioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection.

high-quality European The Programme should statistics in accordance with support rulemaking and standard setting also by the statistical principles set ensuring the broadest possible out in Regulation (EC) stakeholder involvement. The **No 223/2009 and further** elaborated in the European objective of the Programme **Statistics Code of Practice.** should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants, **protection** of **the well-being** of people and the welfare of animals, food and feed safety whilst respecting the principles of sustainable development and ensuring a high level of consumer protection. Furthermore, the programme should support the production of highquality European statistics in accordance with the statistical principles set out in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and further

A modern internal market 14. promotes competition and benefits consumers, businesses and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models.

A modern internal market that is based on principles of fairness, transparency and mutual trust, promotes competition and benefits businesses consumers, and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to *better* monitoring of internal market developments, including of the impact of new technological development, the identification and the removal of remaining unjustified, discriminatory and disproportionate barriers, and to ensure a that the regulatory framework that can accommodate

(9) A modern internal market promotes competition and benefits consumers, businesses and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining unjustified or disproportionate barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models including social entrepreneurship as well as non-technological innovation.

elaborated in the European Statistics Code of Practice.

Green

A modern internal market, that is based on principles of fairness, transparency and mutual *trust*, promotes competition and benefits consumers. businesses and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to better monitoring of internal market developments, including of the impact of new technological development, as well as to the identification

		new innovative business models,		and the removal of remaining
		including collaborative economy		discriminatory, unjustified,
		models and social		or disproportionate barriers,
		entrepreneurship, while		and ensure <i>that the</i> regulatory
		ensuring a high-level of social		framework can accommodate
		protection, including for		all forms of innovation,
		entrepreneurs. [Am. 9]		including new technological
				developments and processes,
				service innovation business
				models, collaborative and
				social economy models, social
				innovation, and non-
				technological innovation.
15.	(10) Regulatory obstacles in the	(10) Regulatory obstacles in	(10) Regulatory obstacles in the	
	internal market have been removed	the internal market have been	internal market have been	Green
	for many industrial products	removed for many industrial	removed for many industrial	(10) Regulatory obstacles in
	through prevention mechanisms,	products through prevention	products through prevention	the internal market have been
	the adoption of common rules and,	mechanisms, the adoption of	mechanisms, the adoption of	removed for many industrial
	where no such Union rules exist,	common rules and standards,	common rules and, where no	products through prevention
	through the principle of mutual	and, where no such Union rules	such Union rules exist, through	mechanisms, the adoption of
	recognition. In areas where no	exist, through the principle of	the principle of mutual	common rules and, where no
	Union legislation exists, the	mutual recognition. In areas	recognition. In areas where no	such Union rules exist,
	principle of mutual recognition	where no Union legislation exists,	Union legislation exists, the	through the principle of

means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods and to reduce the number of illegal and noncompliant goods entering the market.

principle of the mutual recognition means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State, unless the Member State concerned has grounds to oppose the marketing of the goods, provided that such restriction is nondiscriminatory, justified by public legitimate interest objectives, as set out in Article 36 of the Treaty or recognised by the case-law of the Court of Justice, and proportionate to the aim pursued. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition such unjustified as disproportionate restrictions makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of this leads to goods. lost opportunities for the economy at large. The revision of Regulation

principle of mutual recognition means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods and to reduce the number of illegal and noncompliant goods entering the market **through the** reinforcement of market surveillance.

mutual recognition. In areas where no Union legislation exists, the principle of mutual recognition means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State. unless the Member State concerned has grounds to oppose the marketing of the goods, provided that such a restriction is nondiscriminatory, justified by legitimate public interest objectives, as set out in Article 36 of the Treaty or recognised by the case-law of the Court of Justice as an overriding reason of public interest, and proportionate to the aim pursued. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition, consisting for example in imposing unjustified or disproportionate restrictions

(EU) No xxx/ 2018 on Mutual Recognition will help to boost the economic benefits in this area. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods, realising its full potential and to reduce the number of illegal and non-compliant goods entering the market, through targeted awareness raising and training, support for Product Contact Points and better cooperation among competent for authorities mutual recognition and by strengthening market surveillance. [Am. 10]

makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The adoption of Regulation (EU) 2019/515, will boost the economic benefits in this area. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods, realising its full potential and to reduce the number of illegal and noncompliant goods entering the market, through targeted awareness raising and training, support for Product Contact Points, referred to in Regulation 2019/515 and better cooperation among competent authorities for mutual recognition.

- New regulatory and 16. enforcement challenges relate to a rapidly changing environment of the digital revolution, concerning issues such as cybersecurity, internet of things or artificial intelligence. Should damage occur, stringent rules on product safety and liability are essential to ensure a policy response that allows European citizens, including consumers and businesses. to benefit from such rules. The Programme should therefore contribute to the rapid adaptation and enforcement of a Union product liability regime which fosters innovation.
- (11)New regulatory and enforcement challenges relate to a rapidly changing environment of the digital revolution, concerning issues such as cybersecurity, data protection and privacy, internet of things or artificial intelligence and related ethical standards. Should damage occur, stringent rules on product safety and *clarity* with regard to liability, as well as strict enforcement of rules are essential to ensure a policy response that allows European citizens, including consumers and businesses, to benefit from such rules. The Programme should therefore contribute to the rapid adaptation and better enforcement of a Union product liability regime which fosters innovation whilst ensuring the safety and security of users. [Am. 11]
- (11) New regulatory and enforcement challenges relate to a rapidly changing environment of the digital revolution, concerning issues such as cybersecurity, internet of things or artificial intelligence. Should damage occur, stringent rules on product safety and liability are essential to ensure a policy response that allows European citizens, including consumers and businesses, to benefit from such rules. The Programme should therefore contribute to the rapid adaptation and enforcement of a Union product liability regime which fosters innovation.
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Green

- 17. (12)Placing on the market of products that are not compliant with Union law puts those who comply at disadvantage and may endanger consumers. Many entrepreneurs disregard the rules either through lack of knowledge or intentionally to gain a competitive advantage. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded and constrained by national boundaries, while entrepreneurs trade at Union or even global level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing noncompliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneurs, intensifying compliance checks and promoting closer cross-border cooperation
- (12)Placing on the market of products that are not compliant with Union law puts regardless of whether such products are placed on the market by traditional or electronic means and regardless of whether they are produced in the Union or enter it from third countries, puts Union citizens and consumers at risk. Economic selling operators compliant products face distorted competition from those who do not comply at disadvantage and may endanger consumers. Many entrepreneurs disregard with the rules either through due to lack of knowledge or intentionally to gain a competitive advantage. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded and constrained by national boundaries. while entrepreneurs trade at Union or even global level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing non-
- (12) Placing on the market of products that are not compliant with Union law puts those who comply at disadvantage and may endanger consumers. Many entrepreneurs disregard the rules either through lack of knowledge or intentionally to gain a competitive advantage. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded and constrained by national boundaries, while entrepreneurs trade at Union or even global level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing noncompliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneurs, intensifying
- Light green *EP suggestion:*
- (12) Placing on the market of products that are not compliant with Union law including products imported from third countries, puts Union citizens and consumers at risk. Economic operators selling compliant products through traditional electronic means face distorted competition from those who do not comply with the rules either due to lack of knowledge or intentionally to gain a competitive advantage. Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴⁸ has been implemented in a fragmented way which has led to market surveillance being more rigorous in some Member than in States others. potentially undermining the deterrent effect the

among enforcement authorities.
The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities, encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States, improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities.

compliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction or conducting riskassessments or safety tests due to the lack of physical access to *products*. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneursclear, transparent and comprehensive rules to economic operators, raising awareness of applicable Union product safety rules, intensifying compliance checks and, including through systematic use of checks samples of products on representing significant percentages of each type of products placed on the market and mystery shopping carried out by market surveillance authorities as well as by promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement The authorities. Programme

compliance checks and promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities. encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States, improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities.

legislation, creating unequal playing field among businesses in some Member and resulting in States imbalances in the level of product safety in the Union. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded and constrained by national boundaries, while entrepreneurs trade at Union or even global level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce. market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing non-compliant products imported from third countries or conducting riskassessments, as well as safety tests in order to identify the responsible entity within their iurisdiction due to the lack of physical access to products and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction or conducting riskassessments or safety tests due

should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities, encourage ioint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States, improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities, in particular ensuring the that new requirements introduced by the Regulation (EU) 2018/858 of the European Parliament and of the Council^{1a} are strictly enforced so as to avoid the sale of noncompliant products to European citizens. The Programme should thus strengthen the capacity of the market surveillance authorities across the Union and contribute to a greater homogeneity between Member States, equally benefitting from the Internal Market in terms of prosperity and economic

to the lack of physical access to products. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance raising awareness applicable Union product safety rules, intensifying compliance checks, including through systematic use of checks on samples of products representing significant percentages of each type of products placed on the market and mystery shopping carried out by market surveillance authorities, as well as by promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities. encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States. improve the exchange of sustainable growth, while addressing their specific needs in a tailored manner. [Am. 12]

1a Regulation (EU) 2018/858 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2018 on the approval and market surveillance of motor vehicles and their trailers, and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles, amending Regulations (EC) No 715/2007 and (EC) No 595/2009 and repealing Directive 2007/46/EC (OJ L 151, 14.6.2018, p. 1).

information and promote convergence closer and of integration market activities, surveillance support the uniformity of checks and penalties, particular by ensuring that the new requirements introduced by the Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 of the European Parliament and of Council^{1a} are strictly enforced so as to avoid the sale of noncompliant products to European citizens. The Programme should thus strengthen the capacity of the market surveillance authorities across the Union and contribute to a greater homogeneity between Member States, equally benefitting from the Internal Market in terms of economic growth and sustainability.

^{1a} Regulation (EU) 2019/1020

of the European Parliament
and of the Council (OJ L)
Council suggestion
(12) Placing on the market of
products that are not compliant
with Union law including
products imported from third
countries, puts Union citizens
and consumers and other end
users at risk. Economic
operators selling compliant
products through traditional
or electronic means face
distorted competition from
those who do not comply with
the rules either <i>due to</i> lack of
knowledge or intentionally to
gain a competitive advantage.
Market surveillance authorities
are often underfunded and
constrained by national
boundaries, while
entrepreneurs trade at Union or
even global level. In particular,
in the case of e-commerce,
market surveillance authorities

difficulties have great tracing non-compliant products imported from third countries or conducting riskassessments, as well as safety tests in order to identify the responsible entity within their jurisdiction or conducting risk assessments as well as safety tests due to the lack of physical access to products. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance raising awareness of applicable Union product safety rules, intensifying compliance checks, including through systematic use of checks on samples of products representing ___ - significant percentages of each type of products placed on the market and mystery shopping carried out by market surveillance authorities, as well as by promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities, encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States. improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer of integration market surveillance activities, particular by ensuring that the new requirements introduced by the Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 of the European Parliament and of Council^{1a} are strictly enforced so as to avoid the sale of noncompliant products to European citizens. The should Programme thus strengthen the capacity of the market surveillance authorities across the Union and contribute to a greater

				homogeneity between Member States, equally benefitting from the Internal Market in terms of economic growth and sustainability. In Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L) Note: Council suggestion light green; EP to send a wording on fragmented way; EP insists
				on mystery shopping and will propose a new wording
18.	(13) Product safety is a common concern. The conformity assessment bodies verify whether	(13) Product safety is a common concern. The conformity assessment bodies verify whether	(13) Product safety is a common concern. The conformity assessment bodies	Green
	products meet the safety	products meet the safety	verify whether products meet	(13) To facilitate the
	requirements before they are	requirements before they are	the safety requirements before	compliance of categories of
	placed on the market. It is therefore of paramount importance	placed on the market. It is therefore of paramount	they are placed on the market. It is therefore of paramount	harmonized products with higher inherent risk, the
	that the conformity assessment	importance that the conformity	importance that the conformity	Union has put in place a
	bodies are reliable and competent.	assessment bodies are reliable and	assessment bodies are reliable	system of accreditation of the
	The Union has put in place a	competent. The Union has put in	and competent. The Union has	conformity assessment bodies,
	system of accreditation of the	place a system of accreditation of	put in place a system of	verifying their competence,
	conformity assessment bodies,	the conformity assessment	accreditation of the conformity	impartiality and independence.

verifying their competence, impartiality and independence. The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements and to enhance the European accreditation system, in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the European cooperation for Accreditation (EA) referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴⁸.

⁴⁸ Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products and

bodies. verifying their competence, impartiality and independence. However. Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of Council⁴⁸ has been implemented in many different ways at national level. Those differences concern the distribution of competences between market surveillance authorities and the internal coordination mechanisms at national level, the level of deployed financial resources dedicated to market surveillance and the market surveillance strategies and approaches, as well as the powers with regard to non-compliant products and the of penalties level infringements, resulting in the fragmented enforcement Union harmonisation legislation. This fragmentation has lead to market surveillance being more rigorous in some

assessment bodies, verifying their competence, impartiality and independence. The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements and to enhance the European accreditation system, in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council²

The conformity assessment bodies verify whether products meet the safety requirements before they are placed on the market. It is therefore of paramount importance that the conformity assessment bodies are reliable and competent.

The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements such as impartiality and independence, especially through the use of accreditation, and to enhance the European accreditation

² Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008

repealing Regulation (EEC) No 339/93 (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30).

Member States than in others. potentially undermining the deterrent effect of the legislation, creating an unequal playing field among businesses in some Member States and resulting in imbalances in the level of product safety in the Union. The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements, especially through the use of third-party assessment in order to improve impartial and independent procedures, and to the enhance European accreditation system, in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the uniformity of checks and penalties, as well as the European co-operation for Accreditation

setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 339/93 (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30).

system, in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

		(EA) referred to in Article 14 of		
		Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of		
		the European Parliament and of		
		the Council. [Am. 13]		
		⁴⁸ Regulation (EC) No 765/2008		
		of the European Parliament and		
		of the Council of 9 July 2008		
		setting out the requirements for		
		accreditation and market		
		surveillance relating to the		
		marketing of products and		
		repealing Regulation (EEC) No		
		339/93 (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p.		
		30).		
19.	(14) As consumer markets know	(14) The development of e-	(14) As consumer markets	Green
	no borders with the development of	commerce could raise certain	know no borders with the	
	online trade and travel services, it is	issues regarding the protection	development of online trade and	(14) As consumer markets
	important to ensure that consumers	of health and safety of end users	travel services, it is important to	know no borders with the
	residing in the Union can benefit	from non- compliant products.	ensure that consumers residing	development of online trade
	from adequate protection when	As consumer markets know no	in the Union can benefit from	and travel services, it is
	importing goods and services from	borders with the development of	adequate protection when	important to ensure that
	economic operators based in third	online trade and travel services, it	importing goods and services	consumers residing in the
	countries. The Programme should	is important to ensure that	from economic operators based	Union can benefit from the
	therefore allow supporting	consumers residing in the Union	in third countries. The	same high level of <i>equivalent</i>
	cooperation with relevant bodies	can benefit from adequate	Programme should therefore	protection from hazards to
	located in key trading third country	equivalent protection when	allow supporting cooperation	their health and safety when

	partners of the Union where	importing goods and services	with relevant bodies located in	goods and services are
	necessary.	from economic operators based in		imported from economic
	necessary.	third countries. The Programme	partners of the Union where	operators based in third
		should therefore allow supporting	necessary.	countries, including when
		cooperation with relevant bodies	1100000011	they are sold online. The
		located in key trading third		Programme should therefore,
		country partners of the Union		where necessary, also allow
		where necessary with regard to		supporting cooperation with
		the exchange of information on		relevant bodies located in
		non-compliant products, on		third country partners of the
		recent scientific developments		Union, for example, with
		and new technologies, on		regard to the exchange of
		emerging risks and on other		information on non-
		aspects related to control		compliant products.
		activities. [Am. 14]		Y Y
20.	(15) Public procurement is used	(15) Public procurement is	(15) Public procurement is used	Green
	by public authorities to ensure	used by public authorities to	by public authorities to ensure	
	value for public money spent and	ensure value for public money	value for public money spent	(15) Public procurement is
	to contribute to a more innovative,	spent and to contribute to a more	and to contribute to a more	used by public authorities to
	sustainable, inclusive and	innovative, sustainable, inclusive	innovative, sustainable,	ensure good value for public
	competitive internal market.	and competitive internal market,	inclusive and competitive	money spent and to contribute
	Directive 2014/23/EU of the	including, where this is in	internal market. Directive	to a more innovative,
	European Parliament and of the	accordance with applicable	2014/23/EU of the European	sustainable, inclusive and
	Council ⁴⁹ , Directive 2014/24/EU	Union law, by applying criteria	Parliament and of the Council ³ ,	competitive internal market.
	of the European Parliament and of	other than simply the lowest price	Directive 2014/24/EU of the	This includes to apply
	the Council ⁵⁰ and Directive	or cost effectiveness, taking into	European Parliament and of the	evaluation criteria that not

2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵¹ provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public procurement markets representing 14% of Union's gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens, including consumers. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure a wider uptake of strategic public procurement, the professionalisation of public buyers, improved access to procurement markets for SMEs, increase of transparency, integrity and better data, boosting the digital transformation of procurement and promotion of joint procurement, through strengthening a partnership approach with the Member States, improving data gathering and data analysis including through development of dedicated IT tools, supporting

others. account. among qualitative, environmental, fair trade and social aspects and by facilitating the division of tenders into lots for large infrastructure. Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴⁹. Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁰ and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵¹ provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public procurement markets representing 14% of Union's gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens, including consumers. Correctly implemented public procurement rules are a crucial tool for strengthening the single market and for boosting the growth of Union companies and Union iobs. The Programme should therefore

Council⁴ and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵ provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public procurement markets representing 14% 5a of Union's gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens, including consumers. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure a wider uptake of strategic public procurement, the professionalisation of public buyers, improved access to procurement markets for SMEs. increase of transparency, integrity and better data, boosting the digital transformation of procurement and promotion of joint procurement, through strengthening a partnership approach with the Member

only identify the most economic advantageous offer also the but most advantageous offer for the greatest public value when awarding tenders according to the 'best price-quality ratio'. Where this is in accordance with applicable Union law, environmental, fair trade and social aspects should be taken into account and aa division of tenders into lots promoted for large infrastructure projects. Directive 2014/23/EU of the European **Parliament** and of the Council⁴⁹. Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁰ and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵¹ provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public procurement markets representing 14%^{5a} of Union's

exchange of experiences and good practices, providing guidance, pursuing beneficial trade agreements, strengthening cooperation among national authorities and launching pilot projects.

⁴⁹ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

⁵⁰ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).

⁵¹ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

support measures to ensure a wider uptake of strategic public procurement, professionalisation of public buyers, improved to facilitate and improve access to procurement markets for SMEs and micro enterprises, in particular through advisory services and training, increase of transparency, integrity and better data, boosting the digital of transformation procurement and promotion of joint procurement, through strengthening partnership a approach with the Member States, improving data gathering and data analysis including through development of dedicated IT tools, supporting exchange of experiences and good practices, referencing European international standards, providing guidance, pursuing beneficial agreements, trade strengthening cooperation among

States, improving data gathering and data analysis including through development of dedicated IT tools, supporting exchange of experiences and good practices, providing guidance, pursuing beneficial trade agreements, strengthening cooperation among national authorities and launching pilot projects.

³ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

⁴ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).

⁵ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the

gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens. including consumers. *Properly* implemented public procurement rules are a crucial tool for strengthening the single market and for boosting the growth of Union companies and Union jobs. Programme should The therefore support measures to ensure a wider uptake of strategic public procurement, professionalisation public buyers, to facilitate and improve access to procurement SMEs. markets for particular through advisory services and training, increase of transparency, integrity and better data, boosting the digital transformation of procurement promotion of joint procurement. through strengthening a partnership approach with the Member

national authorities and launching pilot projects. [Am. 15]

⁴⁹ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

⁵⁰ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).

⁵¹ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

5a European Commission
Communication "Making
Public Procurement work in
and for Europe" of 3 October
2017 (COM(2017) 572).

States. improving data gathering and data analysis including through development of dedicated IT tools, supporting exchange of experiences and good practices, referencing European and international standards, providing guidance, pursuing beneficial trade strengthening agreements, cooperation among national authorities and launching pilot projects.

and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94,

⁴⁹ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).
⁵⁰ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement

				28.3.2014, p. 65). 51 Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243). 5a European Commission Communication "Making Public Procurement work in and for Europe" of 3 October 2017 (COM(2017) 572).
21.	(16) In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality user-centric public services need to be put in place. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and	(16) In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality usercentric public services, increasingly digitally oriented and fully accessible, need to be put in place and e-administration and e-government efforts further boosted while ensuring	(16) In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality user-centric public services need to be put in place. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the	Green (16) In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality user-centric public services, that are increasingly digitalised and fully accessible, need to be put in

to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires provision of up-to-date information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore. connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information

appropriate data protection and *privacy*. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new, more innovative ways, *in order to* bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover. the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires provision the availability of up-to-date, accurate and easy to understand information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining administrative formalities. as well as simplifying them. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore. connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner, supporting

different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires provision of up-to-date information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore. connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the

place. E-administration and e-government efforts also need to be boosted, while ensuring appropriate data protection and privacy. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new, more innovative ways, in order to bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires the availability of up-to-date, accurate and easy to understand information on the rights of businesses and citizens. This means that simplified information explaining the administrative formalities should be displayed. In addition,

system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders. public authorities in achieving those objectives. as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The existing internal market governance tools already play an important role in facilitating the achievement of those objectives. To this end, and in order to keep up with technology and market developments, as well as with new regulatory and enforcement challenges, the Programme should support the enhancement quality, of visibility and transparency of and the reliability of the internal market tools. The governance Programme should therefore support, amongst others the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal

Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders. The Programme should also support activities using administrative data sources in order to minimize response burden when European statistics are produced.

provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore, public authorities should be supported to achieve these objectives, e.g. by connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner, . as well as by providing information and facilitating an exchange on how the internal market works on the ground. The existing internal market governance tools already play an important role in this respect, and their quality, visibility, transparency and the reliability should be further enhanced. The Programme should therefore support, the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should become a backbone of the upcoming

		Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders. [Am. 16]		Single Digital Gateway, the Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard.
22.	(17) The Programme should	(17) The Programme should	(17) The Programme should	Green
	support the development of the	support the development of the	support the development of the	(17) The Programme should
	Union regulatory framework in the	Union regulatory framework in	Union regulatory framework in	support the development of
	area of company law and corporate	the area of company law and	the area of company law and	the Union regulatory
	governance, as well as contract	corporate governance, as well as	corporate governance, as well	framework in the area of
	law, with a view to make business	contract law, with a view to make	as contract law, with a view to	company law and corporate
	more efficient and competitive	business, especially SMEs, more	make business more efficient	governance, as well as
	while providing protection for	efficient and competitive while	and competitive while	contract law, with a view to
	stakeholders affected by company	providing protection for	providing protection for	make businesses, <i>especially</i>
	operations, and to react to	stakeholders affected by company	stakeholders affected by	SMEs, more efficient and
	emerging policy challenges. It	operations, and to react to	company operations, and to	competitive while providing
	should also ensure appropriate	emerging policy challenges. It	react to emerging policy	protection for stakeholders
	evaluation, implementation and	should also ensure appropriate	challenges. It should also ensure	affected by company
	enforcement of the relevant acquis,	evaluation, implementation and	appropriate evaluation,	operations, and to react to
	inform and assist stakeholders and	enforcement of the relevant	implementation and	emerging policy challenges. It
	promote information exchange in	acquis, inform and assist	enforcement of the relevant	should also ensure appropriate
	the area. The Programme should	stakeholders and promote	acquis, inform and assist	evaluation, implementation
	further support the Commission's	information exchange in the area.	stakeholders and promote	and enforcement of the
	initiatives in favour of a clear and	The Programme should further	information exchange in the	relevant acquis, inform and
	adapted legal framework for the	support the Commission's	area. The Programme should	assist stakeholders and

	data economy and innovation.	initiatives in favour of a clear and	further support the	promote information exchange
	Those initiatives are necessary to	adapted legal framework for the	Commission's initiatives in	in the area. The Programme
	enhance legal certainty with regard	data economy and innovation.	favour of a clear and adapted	should further support the
	to contractual and extra contractual	Those initiatives are necessary to	legal framework for the data	Commission's initiatives in
	law, in particular with regard to	enhance legal certainty with	economy and innovation. Those	favour of a clear and adapted
	liability and ethics in the context of	regard to contractual and extra	initiatives are necessary to	legal framework for the data
	emerging technologies, such as	contractual law, in particular with	enhance legal certainty with	economy and innovation.
	internet of things, artificial	regard to liability and ethics in the	regard to contractual and extra	Those initiatives are necessary
	intelligence, robotics, 3D Printing.	context of emerging technologies,	contractual law, in particular	to enhance legal certainty with
	The Programme should aim at	such as internet of things,	with regard to liability.	regard to contractual and extra
	stimulating the development of	artificial intelligence, robotics,	security, and ethics and	contractual law, in particular
	data-driven business, as it will be	3D Printing. The Programme	privacy, or a combination of	with regard to liability,
	decisive for the position of the	should aim at stimulating the	them, in the context of	security, ethics and privacy
	Union economy in a global	development of data-driven	emerging technologies, such as	in the context of emerging
	competition.	business whilst ensuring a high	internet of things, artificial	technologies, such as internet
		level of privacy protection, as it	intelligence, robotics, 3D	of things, artificial
		will be decisive for the position of	Printing. The Programme	intelligence, robotics, and 3D
		the Union economy in a global	should aim at stimulating the	printing. The Programme
		competition. [Am. 17]	development of data-driven	should aim at stimulating the
			business, as it will be decisive	development of data-driven
			for the position of the Union	business, as it will be decisive
			economy in a global	for the position of the Union
			competition.	economy in a global
				competition
23.	(18) The Programme should also	(18) The Programme should also	(18) The Programme should	Green
	promote the correct and full	promote the correct and full	also promote the correct and	(18) The Programme should
	implementation and application of	implementation and application of	full implementation and	also promote the correct and

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	the Union legal framework for	the Union legal framework for	application of the Union legal	full implementation and
	anti-money laundering and	anti-money laundering and	framework for anti-money	application of the Union legal
	countering terrorism financing by	countering terrorism financing by	laundering and countering	framework for anti-money
	the Member States and the	the Member States and the	terrorism financing by the	laundering and countering
	development of future policies to	development of future policies to	Member States and the	terrorism financing by the
	address new challenges in the field.	address new challenges in the	development of future policies	Member States and the
	It should also support the relevant	field. It should also support the	to address new challenges in the	development of future policies
	activities of the international	relevant activities of the	field. It should also support the	to address new challenges in
	organisations of European interest,	international organisations of	relevant activities of the	the field. It should also
	such as the Committee of Experts	European interest, such as the	international organisations of	support the relevant activities
	on the Evaluation of Anti-Money	Committee of Experts on the	European interest, such as the	of the international
	Laundering Measures and the	Evaluation of Anti-Money	Committee of Experts on the	organisations of European
	Financing of Terrorism of the	Laundering Measures and the	Evaluation of Anti-Money	interest, such as the
	Council of Europe.	Financing of Terrorism of the	Laundering Measures and the	Committee of Experts on the
		Council of Europe.	Financing of Terrorism of the	Evaluation of Anti-Money
			Council of Europe.	Laundering Measures and the
				Financing of Terrorism of the
				Council of Europe.
24.	(19) The implementation and	(19) The implementation and	(19) The implementation and	Green
	development of the internal market	development of the internal	development of the internal	(19) The implementation and
	in the area of financial services,	market in the area of financial	market in the area of financial	development of the internal
	financial stability and the Capital	services, financial stability and the	services, financial stability and	market in the area of financial
	Markets Union including	Capital Markets Union including	the Capital Markets Union	services, financial stability and
	sustainable finance, highly depends	sustainable finance, highly	including sustainable finance,	the Capital Markets Union
	on the evidence based policy	depends on the evidence based	highly depends on the evidence	including sustainable finance,
	measures taken by the Union. In	policy measures taken by the	based policy measures taken by	highly depends on the
	order to achieve this objective, the	Union. In order to achieve this	the Union. In order to achieve	evidence based policy

	Commission should have an active	objective, the Commission	this objective, the Commission	measures taken by the Union.
	role in constantly monitoring	should have an active role in	should have an active role in	In order to achieve this
	financial markets and financial	constantly monitoring financial	constantly monitoring financial	objective, the Commission
	stability, assessing the	markets and financial stability,	markets and financial stability,	should have an active role in
	implementation of Union	assessing the implementation of	assessing the implementation of	constantly monitoring
	legislation by Member States,	Union legislation by Member	Union legislation by Member	financial markets and financial
	evaluating whether the existing	States, evaluating whether the	States, evaluating whether the	stability, assessing the
	legislation is fit for purpose and	existing legislation is fit for	existing legislation is fit for	implementation of Union
	identifying potential areas of action	purpose and identifying potential	purpose and identifying	legislation by Member States,
	where new risks emerge, with a	areas of action where new risks	potential areas of action where	evaluating whether the
	continuous involvement of	emerge, with a continuous	new risks emerge, with a	existing legislation is fit for
	stakeholders throughout the policy	involvement of stakeholders	continuous involvement of	purpose and identifying
	cycle. Such activities rely on the	throughout the policy cycle. Such	stakeholders throughout the	potential areas of action where
	production of analyses, studies,	activities rely on the production of	policy cycle. Such activities	new risks emerge, with a
	training materials, surveys,	analyses, studies, training	rely on the production of	continuous involvement of
	conformity assessments,	materials, surveys, conformity	analyses, studies, training	stakeholders throughout the
	evaluations and statistics and are	assessments, evaluations and	materials, surveys, conformity	policy cycle. Such activities
	supported by IT systems and	statistics and are supported by IT	assessments, evaluations and	rely on the production of
	communication tools.	systems and communication tools.	high-quality statistics and are	analyses, studies, training
			supported by IT systems and	materials, surveys, conformity
			communication tools.	assessments, evaluations and
				<u>high-quality</u> statistics and are
				supported by IT systems and
				communication tools.
25.	(20) Considering that the	(20) Considering that the	(20) Considering that the	
	internal market as set out in Article	internal market as set out in	internal market as set out in	Green
	3 of the Treaty on European Union	Article 3 of the Treaty on	Article 3 of the Treaty on	(20) Considering that the

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includes a system ensuring that competition is not distorted, the Programme should support the Union's competition policy, networks and cooperation with national authorities and courts, as well as outreach to a wider group of stakeholders in communicating and explaining the rights, benefits and obligations of Union competition policy.

European Union the Functioning of the European Union includes a system of rules ensuring that competition is not distorted *in the* internal market, the Programme should *contribute to* support the Union's competition policy, networks and by improving and reinforcing the cooperation with European Competition the **Network** and with national authorities and courts, , including of strengthening way international cooperation as well as outreach to a wider group of stakeholders in communicating and explaining the rights, benefits obligations of and Union competition policy. The Programme should in particular help the Commission to enhance its analysis and assessment of market developments, also through extensive use of sector inquiries and by systematic sharing of results and best practices within the European

European Union includes a system ensuring that competition is not distorted, the Programme should support the Union's competition policy, networks and cooperation with national authorities and courts, as well as outreach to a wider group of stakeholders in communicating and explaining the rights, benefits and obligations of Union competition policy.

Treaty on *the Functioning of* the European Union includes a system *of rules* ensuring that competition is not distorted *in* the internal market, the Programme should *contribute* to the Union's competition policy, This should *include* improving and reinforcing the cooperation with networks, such as the European Competition **Network** and with national authorities and courts, and by strengthening international cooperation, as well as ensuring an outreach to a wider group of stakeholders in communicating and explaining the rights, benefits and obligations of Union competition policy. The Programme should also help to enhance the analysis and assessment of market developments, including through the use of sector

		Competition Network. This should contribute to ensuring fair competition and a level playing field, also at international level, and empowering businesses, in particular SMEs, and consumers in order to reap the benefits of the Single Market. [Am. 18]		inquiries and other market investigation tools as well as by systematic sharing of information and best practices within the European Competition Network. This should contribute to fair competition and a level playing field, also at global level, and empower businesses, in particular SMEs, and consumers to reap the benefits of the Single Market.
26.	(21) The Programme in particular needs to tackle the	(21) The Programme in particular needs to tackle the	(21) The Programme in particular needs to tackle the	Green
	radical implications for competition and the functioning of the internal market resulting from the ongoing transformation of the economy and business environment, in particular through the exponential growth and use of data, taking account of the increasing recourse to artificial intelligence and other IT tools and expertise by companies and their	radical implications for competition and the functioning of the internal market resulting from the ongoing transformation of the economy and business environment, in particular through the exponential growth and use of data, taking account of the increasing recourse to artificial intelligence, big data and algorithms and other IT tools and	radical implications for competition and the functioning of the internal market resulting from the ongoing transformation of the economy and business environment, in particular through the exponential growth and use of data, taking account of the increasing recourse to artificial intelligence and other IT tools	(21) The Programme in particular needs to tackle the radical implications for competition and the functioning of the internal market resulting from the ongoing green and digital transition of the economy and business environment, in particular through the exponential growth and use of

advisors. It is also essential that the Programme supports networks and cooperation with Member State authorities and courts, considering that undistorted competition and the functioning of the internal market depend critically on action by those entities. In view of the particular role of competition policy in preventing harm to the internal market resulting from anticompetitive conduct beyond the Union's border, the Programme should also support cooperation with third country authorities, as appropriate. Finally, widening outreach activities is necessary in order to allow more citizens and businesses to reap the full benefits of fair competition in the internal market. Given that a number of initiatives in the Programme are new and that the competition part of the Programme is particularly affected by dynamic developments in the conditions of competition in the internal market, notably

expertise by companies and their advisors. It is also essential that the Programme supports networks and cooperation a wider and deeper engagement with Member State authorities and courts, considering that undistorted competition and the functioning of the internal market depend critically on action by those entities. In view of the particular role of competition policy in preventing harm to the internal market resulting from anticompetitive conduct beyond the Union's border. the Programme should also support cooperation with third country authorities. appropriate. as Finally, widening outreach activities is necessary in order to citizens allow more and businesses to reap the full benefits of fair competition in the internal market. In particular, it is necessary to demonstrate the tangible benefits of the Union's

and expertise by companies and their advisors. It is also essential that the Programme supports networks and cooperation with Member State authorities and courts, considering that undistorted competition and the functioning of the internal market depend critically on action by those entities. In view of the particular role of competition policy in preventing harm to the internal market resulting from anticompetitive conduct beyond the Union's border, the Programme should also support cooperation with third country authorities, as appropriate. Finally, widening outreach activities is necessary in order to allow more citizens and businesses to reap the full benefits of fair competition in the internal market. Given that a number of initiatives in the Programme are new and that the

data, taking account of the increasing recourse to artificial intelligence, big data algorithms and other IT tools and expertise by companies. It is also essential that the Programme supports networks and a wider and deeper cooperation with Member State and their authorities and courts, considering that undistorted competition and the functioning of the internal market depend critically on action by those entities. In view of the particular role of competition policy in preventing harm to the internal market resulting from anticompetitive conduct beyond the Union's border, the Programme should also support cooperation with third country authorities, as appropriate. Finally, widening outreach activities is necessary in order to allow more citizens

relating to Artificial Intelligence, algorithms, big data, cybersecurity and forensic technology, the pace and magnitude of which are difficult to estimate, it is anticipated that flexibility will be required to face the evolving needs under this part of the Programme.

competition policy to the European through citizens engagement with civil society groups and relevant directly impacted stakeholders. Given that a number of initiatives in the Programme are new and that the competition of part the is particularly Programme affected by dynamic and rapid developments in the conditions of competition in the internal market, notably relating to digital developments, Artificial Intelligence, algorithms, big data, cybersecurity and forensic technology, the pace and magnitude of which are difficult to estimate, it is anticipated that flexibility will be required to face the evolving needs under this part of the Programme. [Am. 19]

competition part of the
Programme is particularly
affected by dynamic
developments in the conditions
of competition in the internal
market, notably relating to
Artificial Intelligence,
algorithms, big data,
cybersecurity and forensic
technology, the pace and
magnitude of which are difficult
to estimate, it is anticipated that
flexibility will be required to
face the evolving needs under
this part of the Programme.

and businesses to reap the full benefits of fair competition in the internal market. This should support efforts to better demonstrate the benefits of the Union's competition policy to European citizens, including through engagement with civil society groups and relevant stakeholders. Flexibility is expected to be needed in the implementation of the competition part of the Programme to respond to the evolving needs that are affected by dynamic and rapid developments in the conditions of competition in the internal market that are difficult to estimate in terms of its pace and magnitude. This concerns notably developments relating to

digitalisation, Artificial Intelligence, algorithms, big

data, cybersecurity and

forensic technology. 27. (22)Strengthening the (22)Strengthening (22) Strengthening the the competitiveness of European competitiveness competitiveness of European Green and (22) Strengthening the enterprises while reassuring an sustainability of European enterprises while reassuring an effective level playing field and an effective level playing field and enterprises while reassuring an competitiveness and open and competitive internal effective level playing field and an open and competitive sustainability of European internal market is of outmost market is of outmost importance. an open and competitive internal enterprises while **ensuring** an importance. SMEs are the SMEs are the engine of the market is of outmost importance. effective level playing field European economy making up SMEs are the engine of the engine of the European and an open and competitive 99% of all businesses in Europe, European economy making up economy making up 99% of all internal market is of outmost. 99% of all businesses in Europe, businesses in Europe^{5a}, providing two thirds of jobs, and importance. SMEs are the contributing substantially to the providing two thirds of jobs, and providing two thirds of jobs, engine of the European creation of new jobs with a contributing substantially to the and contributing substantially to economy making up 99,8% of all businesses in Europe $\frac{5a}{}$, regional and local dimension. creation of new jobs quality jobs the creation of new jobs with a providing two thirds of jobs, in all sectors with a regional and regional and local dimension. and contributing substantially local dimension, and hence social ^{5a} SME Performance Review – to the creation of new quality **SMEs** cohesion. are instrumental in pursuing the 2016. iobs in all sectors with a regional and local dimension, transition and energy contributing to the achievement and hence social cohesion. of the Union's climate objectives SMEs are instrumental in deriving from the Paris modernising industry and the Agreement. The Programme green and digital should therefore enhance their transformation of the capacity economy, including achieving to develop environmentally-friendly climate neutrality. The high quality products and services and Programme should therefore

		support their efforts to increase		also support their efforts to
		resource-efficiency, in line with		increase resource-efficiency
		the 'energy efficiency first'		and to develop
		principle. In doing so, the		environmentally friendly
		Programme also contributes to		high-quality products and
		improve Union SMEs		services and support their
		competitiveness on the global		efforts to increase resource-
		market. [Am. 20]		efficiency, in line with the
				'energy efficiency first'
				principle In doing so, the
				Programme also contributes
				to improve SMEs
				competitiveness on the global
				market.
				^{5a} <u>SME Performance Review</u> – 2018/2019.
28.	(23) SMEs share common	(23) SMEs share common	(23) SMEs share common	Yellow
	challenges that do not affect larger	challenges that do not affect	challenges that do not affect	
	firms to the same extent to obtain	larger firms to the same extent to	larger firms to the same extent	EP suggestion:
	finance, to find skilled work force,	obtain finance, to find skilled	to obtain finance, to find skilled	(23) SMEs share common
	to alleviate administrative burden,	work force, to alleviate	work force, to alleviate	challenges that do not affect
	to take-up creativity and	administrative burden, to take-up	administrative burden, to take-	larger firms to the same extent
	innovation, to access markets and	creativity and innovation, to	up creativity and innovation	to obtain finance, to find
	foster internationalisation	access markets and foster	inter alia through public	skilled work force, to alleviate
	activities. The Programme should	internationalisation activities.	procurement , to access	administrative burden, to take-

address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market.

The Programme should address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market. The Programme should in particular create appropriate conditions to introduce technological organisational innovation in the production processes, paying attention to specific forms of SMEs such as micro enterprises, enterprises engaged in craft activities, the self-employed, the liberal professions and social economy enterprises. Attention should also be paid to potential, young and female new, entrepreneurs, as well as to other specific target groups, such as older people, migrants and entrepreneurs belonging socially disadvantaged or vulnerable groups such with disabilities. persons [Am. 21]

markets and foster internationalisation activities. The Programme should address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market.

up creativity and innovation, inter alia through public **procurement,** to access markets and foster internationalisation activities. The Programme should address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market. *The* Programme should in particular pay attention to specific forms of SMEs such as micro enterprises, enterprises engaged in craft activities, the self-employed, the liberal professions and social economy enterprises. Attention should also be paid to categories such as new, young and female entrepreneurs, as well as to older people, migrants and persons with disabilities.

Council suggestion:

(23) SMEs share common
challenges that do not affect
larger firms to the same extent
to obtain finance, to find
skilled work force, to alleviate
administrative burden, to take-
up creativity and innovation,
inter alia through public
procurement, and to access
global markets and value
chains for fostering their
internationalisation activities.
The Programme should
address such market failures
proportionally, while not
unduly distorting competition
in the internal market. <i>The</i>
Programme should also
consider the particular needs
of specific forms of SMEs,
such as micro enterprises,
and those SMEs engaged in
services, craft activities, the
self-employed, the liberal
professions and social
economy enterprises that
have a social impact rather

			than make a profit. Attention should also be paid to the particular needs of new potential entrepreneurs, (such as young and female entrepreneurs, older people and persons with disabilities). Note: the term "migrants" is missing - EP to check
29.	(23a) The programme should	(23a) When establishing	Light green
	support and promote a culture of	work programmes for	(23a) The programme should
	innovation, developing an	providing support to SMEs,	support and promote a
	ecosystem capable of	the strategic provisions of the	culture of innovation,
	encouraging business start-ups	Small Business Act and its	developing industrial
	and nurturing their growth,	performance review should be	ecosystems capable of
	focusing on micro-enterprises	taken into account. Attention	encouraging business start-
	and innovative SMEs able to	should also be paid to the	ups and SME growth,
	meet the challenges of an	considerations of the SME	focusing on all SMEs able to
	increasingly competitive and	Envoy Network.	meet the challenges of the
	fast-moving environment.		green and digital transition
	Radically new innovation		and an increasingly
	processes require the		competitive and fast-moving
	development of an open		environment. The
	innovation model with an		Programme should seek to
	increase in collaborative		support the innovation uptake
	research and the sharing of		process by promoting new

knowledge and intellectual property between different organisations. The Programme should accordingly seek to support the innovation process by incorporating new collaborative business models, focusing on networking and the sharing of knowledge and resources within interorganisational communities.

[Am. 22]

collaborative business models, networking and the sharing of knowledge and resources, e.g. across European partnerships of clusters and business network organisations.

Note: light green until agreement on business organisations and clusters

Green

(23aa new)
When establishing work
programmes for providing
support to SMEs, the strategic
provisions of the SME
strategy and the Small
Business Act as well as the
context in which SMEs
operate, captured by the SME
performance review, should
be taken into account.
Attention should also be paid
to the considerations of the
SME Envoy Network.

30.	(23b) The Programme should	(23b) The Programme should	Yellow
	address such market failures	address SMEs, as defined in	
	proportionally, paying special	<u>Commission</u>	EP suggestion: Deletion
	attention to actions that benefit	Recommendation	(linked to Art 2 on definitions)
	directly SMEs and enterprise	2003/361/EC ^{5c} in the version	
	networks, and while not unduly	of 6 May 2003. In the	Council suggestion: dynamic
	distorting competition in the	application of this Regulation,	instead of static reference, EP
	internal market. [Am. 23]	regarding SMEs, the	to check
		Commission should consult all	(23b) The Programme
		relevant stakeholders,	should address SMEs, as
		including public and private	defined in Commission
		organisations representing	Recommendation
		SMEs and the Trade	2003/361/EC ^{5c} . In the
		Promotion Organisations of	application of this
		the Member States.	Regulation, regarding
			SMEs, the Commission
			should consult all relevant
		5c Commission	stakeholders, including
		Recommendation	public and private
		2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003	organisations representing
		concerning the definition of	SMEs and the Trade
		micro, small and medium-	Promotion Organisations of
		sized enterprises (OJ L 124,	the Member States.
		20.5.2003, p. 36).	5c Commission
			Recommendation
			2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003

				concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-
				sized enterprises (OJ L 124,
				20.5.2003, p. 36)
31.	(24) Many of the Union's	(24) Many of the Union's	(24) Many of the Union's	Green
	competitiveness problems involve	competitiveness problems	competitiveness problems	(24) Many of the Union's
	SMEs' difficulties in obtaining	involve SMEs' difficulties in	involve SMEs' difficulties in	competitiveness problems
	access to finance because they	obtaining access to finance	obtaining access to finance	involve SMEs' difficulties in
	struggle to demonstrate their	because they lack information,	because they struggle to	obtaining access to finance
	credit-worthiness and have	struggle to demonstrate their	demonstrate their credit-	because they struggle to
	insufficient collateral. Additional	credit-worthiness and have	worthiness and have insufficient	demonstrate their credit-
	financing challenges arise from	insufficient collateral or simply	collateral. Additional financing	worthiness and have
	SMEs' need to stay competitive by	due to low awareness of existing	challenges arise from SMEs'	insufficient assets as security
	engaging e.g. in digitization,	mechanism to support their	need to stay competitive by	for lenders (i.e.
	internationalization and innovation	activities at Union, national or	engaging e.g. in digitization,	collateral/guarantees), <i>or lack</i>
	activities and skilling up their	local level. Additional financing	internationalization and	awareness of existing
	workforce. Limited access to	challenges arise from the smaller	innovation activities and	mechanisms to support their
	finance has a negative effect on	size of micro-enterprises and	skilling up their workforce.	activities at Union, national
	businesses creation, growth and	SMEs' need to stay competitive	Limited access to finance has a	or local level. Additional
	survival rates, as well as on the	by engaging e.g. in digitization,	negative effect on businesses	financing challenges arise
	readiness of new entrepreneurs to	internationalization and	creation, growth and survival	from SMEs' need to stay
	take over viable companies in the	innovation activities and skilling	rates, as well as on the readiness	competitive by engaging e.g.
	context of a business succession.	up their workforce. Limited	of new entrepreneurs to take	in digitisation,
		access to finance has a negative	over viable companies in the	internationalisation,
		effect on businesses creation,	context of a business	innovation uptake activities

growth and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession. [Am. 24]

succession.

and in the up- and re-skilling of their workforce. Limited access to finance has a negative effect on businesses creation, growth and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession.

Green

(24a new) The lack of skills is a major obstacle to enterprise growth in the EU. To foster entrepreneurship in the EU and support the growth of SMEs and their digital and green transition, the programme should promote and facilitate access to skills and mentoring schemes for SMEs, in particular the development of technological, entrepreneurial and managerial skills. In doing

				so, the Commission should coordinate with initiatives undertaken in other EU, national and Regional
				programmes to increase
				synergies and avoid
				overlaps.
32.	(25) To overcome these market	(25) To overcome these market	(25) To overcome these market	
	failures and to ensure that SMEs	failures and to ensure that SMEs	failures and to ensure that	Green
	continue to play their role as the	continue to play their role as the	SMEs continue to play their	
	foundation for the Union	foundation for the Union	role as the foundation for the	(25) To overcome the
	economy's competitiveness, small	economy's competitiveness, and	Union economy's	market failures and to ensure
	and medium sized enterprises need	as a driver for a sustainable	competitiveness, small and	that SMEs, <u>including start-</u>
	extra support through debt and	economy, small and medium	medium sized enterprisesSMEs	ups and scale-ups, continue
	equity instruments to be	sized enterprises need extra	including start-ups and scale-	to play their role as the
	established under the SME window	support through debt and equity	ups need extra support through	foundation for the Union
	of the InvestEU Fund established	instruments to be established	debt and equity instruments to	economy's competitiveness,
	by Regulation [] of the European	under the SME window of the	be established under the SME	SMEs _need extra support
	Parliament and of the Council ⁵² .	InvestEU Fund established by	window of the InvestEU Fund	through debt and equity
	The loan guarantee facility put in	Regulation [] of the European	established by Regulation []	instruments under the SME
	place under Regulation (EU) No	Parliament and of the Council ⁵² .	of the European Parliament and	window of the InvestEU Fund
	1287/2013 of the European	The loan guarantee facility put in	of the Council ⁶ . The loan	established by Regulation []
	Parliament and of the Council ⁵³	place under former COSME	guarantee facility put in place	of the European Parliament
	has a proven added value and is	programme established by	under Regulation (EU) No	and of the Council ⁵² . Its loan
	expected to bring a positive	Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of	1287/2013 of the European	guarantee facility first put in
	contribution to at least 500 000	the European Parliament and of	Parliament and of the Council ⁷	place under Regulation (EU)
	SMEs; a successor will be	the Council ⁵³ has a proven added	has a proven added value and is	No 1287/2013 of the European

established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund.

value and is expected to bring a positive contribution to at least 500 000 SMEs: a successor will be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund. More attention should be paid to better communication and public campaigns in order to increase awareness to potential beneficiaries of the availability of the Programme for SMEs. To raise the awareness of Union's supporting actions SMEs. actions that are wholly or funded partially by this including Programme, intermediaries. should incorporate the European emblem (flag) associated to a acknowledging sentence the received support bv this Programme. [Am. 25]

Parliament and of the Council⁵³ has a proven added value and is expected to bring a positive contribution to at least 500 000 SMEs; a successor will be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund. More attention could be paid to increase awareness to potential beneficiaries of the availability of the InvestEU Programme for SMEs. To raise the awareness of **Union's actions supporting** SMEs, actions that are wholly or partially funded by this Programme, including intermediaries, should incorporate the European emblem (flag) associated to a sentence acknowledging the support received by this Programme.

⁵² COM(2018) 439 final

⁵³ Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 establishing a Programme for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small and medium-sized enterprises (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and repealing Decision No 1639/2006/EC (OJ L 347 of 20.12.2013, p. 33).

expected to bring a positive contribution to at least 500 000 SMEs; a successor will be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund.

⁶ COM(2018) 439 final ⁷ Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 establishing a Programme for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small and medium-sized enterprises (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and repealing Decision No 1639/2006/EC (OJ L 347 of 20.12.2013, p. 33).

⁵² COM(2018) 439 final

⁵³ Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December

⁵² COM(2018) 439 final

⁵³ Regulation (EU) No

		2013 establishing a Programme		1287/2013 of the European
		for the Competitiveness of		Parliament and of the Council
		Enterprises and small and		of 11 December 2013
		medium-sized enterprises		establishing a Programme for
		(COSME) (2014 - 2020) and		the Competitiveness of
		repealing Decision No		Enterprises and small and
		1639/2006/EC (OJ L 347 of		medium-sized enterprises
		20.12.2013, p. 33).		(COSME) (2014 - 2020) and
				repealing Decision No
				1639/2006/EC (OJ L 347 of
				20.12.2013, p. 33).
33.	(26) The policy objectives of	(26) The policy objectives of	(26) The policy objectives of	Green
	this Programme will be also	this Programme will be also	this Programme will be also	
	addressed through financial	addressed through financial	addressed not only by grants,	(26) The policy objectives
	instruments and budgetary	instruments and budgetary	but also through financial	of this Programme will be
	guarantee under the SME window	guarantee under the SME window	instruments and budgetary	addressed not only by grants ,
	of the InvestEU Fund. Financial	of the InvestEU Fund. The SME	guarantee under the SME	but also through faciliating
	support should be used to address	window of the InvestEU Fund	window of the InvestEU Fund.	acess to financial instruments
	market failures or sub-optimal	should have a central	Financial support should be	and budgetary guarantees
	investment situations, in a	overarching point providing	used to address market failures	under the SME window of the
	proportionate manner and actions	information about the	or sub-optimal investment	InvestEU Fund e.g. through
	should not duplicate or crowd out	Programme in each Member	situations, in a proportionate	supporting the investment
	private financing or distort	State, in order to increase the	manner and actions should not	readiness of SMEs and
	competition in the internal market.	accessibility and awareness of	duplicate or crowd out private	investor's awareness.
	Actions should have a clear	the funds for SMEs. Financial	financing or distort competition	Financial support should be

	European added value.	support should be used to address	in the internal market. Actions	used to address market failures
	-	market failures or sub-optimal		or sub-optimal investment
		investment situations, in a	added value.	situations, in a proportionate
		proportionate manner and actions		manner and actions should not
		should not duplicate or crowd out		duplicate or crowd out private
		private financing or distort		financing or distort
		competition in the internal market,		competition in the internal
		and should clearly offer		market and should clearly
		additionality and enhancing		offer additionality and and
		synergies with other European		enhance synergies with other
		programmes. Actions should		European programmes.
		have a clear European added		Actions should have a clear
		value. [Am. 26]		European added value.
34.		(26a) The actions supported by		Green
		the InvestEU Fund through the		
		EU compartment or the Member		Deletion
		States compartment should not		
		duplicate or replace private		
		funding, or distort competition in		
		the internal market, but, with		
		reference to the local public and		
		private guarantee schemes		
		already operating, should		
		facilitate their integration with		
		such schemes, the overriding		

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		objective being to enhance and extend the actual benefits to final recipients, who are SMEs within the meaning of Recommendation 2003/361/EC) in order to achieve genuine additionality of the measures. [Am. 27]			
35.		(26b) Besides access to finance also access to skills is crucial, including managerial skills and knowledge are critical factors for SMEs to access existing funds, innovate, compete and grow. The delivery of financial instruments as envisaged under EUInvest Fund should therefore be accompanied by the development of appropriate mentoring, coaching schemes and by the delivery of knowledge-based business services. [Am. 28]			Green
36.	(27) The Programme should provide effective support for SMEs	(27) The Programme should provide effective support for	(27) The Programme should provide effective support for		Green
	throughout their life-cycle. It	SMEs throughout their life-cycle,	SMEs throughout their life-	(27) T	The Programme

should build on the unique knowledge and expertise developed with regard to SMEs and industrial sectors and on a long experience in working with European, national and regional stakeholders. This support should build on the successful experience of the Enterprise Europe Network as a one-stop-shop to improve SMEs competitiveness and develop their business in the Single Market and beyond. The Network plans to continue delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the Horizon2020 programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. Also the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain business experience by matching with an experienced entrepreneur from another country and thus allow strengthening entrepreneurial talents. The

providing assistance ranging project preparation from through to commercialisation and access to the market, and encouraging the creation of business enterprise networks. It should build on the unique knowledge and expertise developed with regard to SMEs and industrial economic and entrepreneurial sectors and on a long experience in working with European, national and regional stakeholders. This support should build on the successful experience of the Enterprise Europe Network as a one-stop-shop to improve **SMEs** competitiveness develop their business in the Single Market and beyond. The Network plans to continue delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the Horizon2020 programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. *It should also* support enhanced participation

cycle. It should build on the unique knowledge and expertise developed with regard to SMEs and industrial sectors and on a long experience in working with European, national and regional stakeholders. This support should build on the successful experience of the Enterprise Europe Network (EEN) as a one-stop-shop to improve SMEs competitiveness and develop their business in the Single Market and beyond. The Network**EEN** plans to continue delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the Horizon2020 Europe programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. Also the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain business experience by matching with an experienced entrepreneur from

should provide effective support for SMEs throughout their life-cycle, *providing* assistance ranging from helping SMEs to find partners for joint projects to commercialisation and access to the market, capacitybuilding and encouraging the cooperation along clusters and business network organisations. It should also support the green and digital transition of SMEs and build on the unique knowledge and expertise developed with regard to SMEs and sectors and on a long experience in working with European, national and regional stakeholders. This support should build on the experience of the Enterprise Europe Network (**EEN**) as a one-stopshop to improve SMEs competitiveness and develop their business in the Single

Programme should further strive to grow and extend its geographical coverage and thus offer wider range of matching possibilities to entrepreneurs in complementarity with other Union initiatives where relevant.

SMEs representatives' organisation in the development Single Market **Policy** initiative, such public as standardisation procurement. and intellectual processes property regimes. The Network should also increase the number of actions, providing more targeted advice to SMEs, in drafting projects and supporting networking and technological and organisational transition. The Network should also improve cooperation and liaison with other Advisory hubs in the Digital established programme and InvestEU Fund as regards access to finance. The actions for SMEs in the Network should also aim to provide high quality services across Europe, paying particular attention to activities and areas geographical parts of the Union the Networks where and intermediary stakeholders do not

another country and thus allow strengthening entrepreneurial talents. The Programme should further strive to grow and extend its geographical coverage and thus offer wider range of matching possibilities to entrepreneurs in complementarity with other Union initiatives where relevant. Market and beyond. The <u>EEN</u> continues delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the HorizonEurope programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. It should also facilitate enhanced participation of SMEs in the development of Single Market policy initiatives, such as public procurement and standardisation processes.

The EEN should also increase the number of actions aiming at drafting projects, supporting networking support the green and digital transition of SMEs and improve cooperation with other Advisory hubs established in the Digital Europe programme and InvestEU Fund. Also the successful mentoring scheme - Erasmus

meet expected results. Also the successful mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs - Erasmus for Young Entrepreneurs - should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain managerial business and experience by matching with an experienced entrepreneur from another country and thus allow strengthening entrepreneurial talents. The Programme should further strive to grow and extend its geographical coverage and thus offer wider range of matching possibilities to entrepreneurs in complementarity with other Union initiatives where relevant. In order to increase the value added by the promotion of entrepreneurship initiatives. special attention should be paid to micro-enterprises and to those that have benefited the least from the existing programme, and the culture of where entrepreneurship remains at a

for Young Entrepreneurs should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain business and managerial experience by being matched and learning from an experienced entrepreneur from another country and thus strengthening their entrepreneurial talents. The Programme should further strive to extend the geographical coverage and thus offer wider range of matching possibilities to entrepreneurs in complementarity with other Union initiatives where relevant. In order to increase the value added by the promotion of entrepreneurship initiatives, special attention should be paid to micro-enterprises and to those that have benefited the least from the existing programme, while aiming to

	very basic level, and faces more		achieve geographically
	barriers. Every effort should be		balanced distribution of the
	made to achieve reasonably		funds.
	geographically balanced		
	distribution of the funds.		
	[Am. 29]		
37.	(27a) More effort should be	(27a) While building on the	Light green
	made to reduce the	experiences of the existing	
	administrative burden and to	measures supporting SMEs, it	(27a) Additional efforts
	increase the accessibility of the	is also important to be open	should be made to reduce the
	programmes in order to reduce	for new measures regarding	administrative burden and to
	costs of SMEs and	SMEs in the light of the	increase the accessibility to
	microenterprises due to a	changing conditions for SMEs	initiatives of the programme
	complicated application process	in the Single Market, e.g.	in order to reduce costs of
	and participation requirements.	regarding digitalisation and	SMEs due to a complicated
	Member States should also	regulatory burden.	application process and
	consider establishing a single		participation requirements. In
	information point for		that context, the EEN should
	undertakings interested in using		be the main information point
	Union's funds functioning as a		for SMEs interested in using
	one-stop-shop. Evaluation		Union's funds, functioning as
	procedure should be as simple		a one-stop-shop and
	and fast as possible in order to		providing them tailored
	allow for timely use of the		advice. While building on the
	benefits the Programme offers.		experiences of the existing
	[Am. 30]		measures supporting SMEs,

				it is also important to be open for new measures regarding SMEs in the light of the changing conditions for SMEs in the Single Market, e.g. regarding digitalisation and regulatory burden. Member States should also consider establishing a single information point for undertakings interested in using Union's funds functioning as a one-stop-shop. Evaluation procedure should be as simple and fast as possible in order to allow for timely use of the benefits the Programme offers.
38.	(28) Clusters are a strategic tool for supporting the competitiveness and scaling-up of SMEs as they offer favourable business environments. Joint Cluster Initiatives should achieve critical	(28) Clusters are a strategic tool for supporting the competitiveness and scaling-up of SMEs as they offer favourable business environments, <i>increase</i> sustainable development of	(28) Clusters are a strategic tool for supporting the competitiveness and scaling-up of SMEs as they offer favourable business environments. Joint Cluster	Light green (28) Clusters are a strategic tool for supporting the competitiveness and scaling-up of SMEs as they offer

mass to accelerate the growth of SMEs. By connecting specialised eco-systems, clusters create new business opportunities for SMEs and integrate them better in European and global strategic value chains. Support should be provided for the development of transnational partnership strategies and the implementation of joint activities, supported by the **European Cluster Collaboration** Platform. Sustainable partnering should be encouraged with continuation funding if performance and participation milestones are reached. Direct support to SMEs should be channelled through cluster organisations for the following: uptake of advanced technologies, new business models, low-carbon and resource-efficient solutions, creativity and design, skills upgrading, talent attraction, entrepreneurship acceleration, and internationalisation. Other

industry and services and strengthen the economic development of the regions through the creation of quality jobs. Joint Cluster Initiatives should achieve critical mass to accelerate the growth of SMEs. By connecting specialised ecosystems, clusters create new business opportunities for SMEs and integrate them better in European and global strategic value chains. Support should be provided for the development of transnational partnership strategies and the implementation of joint activities, supported by European the Cluster Platform. Collaboration Sustainable partnering should be encouraged with continuation funding if performance participation milestones reached. Direct support to SMEs should be channelled through cluster organisations for the following: uptake of advanced

Initiatives should achieve critical mass to accelerate the growth of SMEs. They should remain open for collaboration with SMEs from third countries. By connecting specialised eco-systems, clusters create new business opportunities for SMEs and integrate them better in European and global strategic value chains. Support should be provided for the development of transnational, including interregional, partnership strategies and the implementation of joint activities, supported by the **European Cluster Collaboration** Platform. Sustainable partnering should be encouraged with continuation funding if performance and participation milestones are reached. Direct support to SMEs should be channelled through cluster organisations for the following:

favourable and resilient business environments. They can facilitate the green and digital transition increase sustainable development of industry, including services, and strengthen the economic development of regions through the creation of quality growth and jobs. Joint Cluster Initiatives should achieve critical mass to accelerate the growth of SMEs. They should remain open for collaboration with **SMEs from third countries** By connecting specialised industrial eco-systems, clusters create new business opportunities for SMEs and integrate them better in European and global strategic value chains. Support should be provided for the development of transnational and interregional partnership strategies and the

specialised SME support actors should be associated to facilitate industrial transformation and implementations of smart specialisation strategies. The Programme should thus contribute to growth and build linkages with the Union's (digital) innovation hubs and investments made under Cohesion Policy and Horizon Europe. Synergies with the Erasmus programme can also be explored.

technologies, business new models. low-carbon and resourceefficient solutions, creativity and design, skills upgrading, talent attraction, entrepreneurship acceleration, and internationalisation. Other specialised SME support actors should be associated to facilitate industrial transformation and implementations of smart specialisation strategies. The Programme should thus contribute to growth sustainable economic development and build linkages with the Union's (digital) innovation hubs and investments made under Cohesion Policy and Horizon Europe. Synergies with the Erasmus programme can also be explored. [Am. 31]

uptake of advanced technologies, new business models, low-carbon and resource-efficient solutions, creativity and design, skills upgrading, talent attraction, entrepreneurship acceleration, and internationalisation. Other specialised SME support actors should be associated to facilitate industrial transformation and implementations of smart specialisation strategies. The Programme should thus contribute to growth and build linkages with the Union's (digital) innovation hubs and investments made under Cohesion Policy and Horizon Europe. Synergies with the Erasmus programme can also be explored.

implementation of joint activities, supported by the European Cluster Collaboration Platform and its European Resource-Efficiency Knowledge Centre. This should include helping SMEs to team up also with SMEs from third countries.

Sustainable partnering should

Sustainable partnering should be encouraged with continuation funding if performance and participation milestones are reached. Direct support to SMEs should be channelled through cluster organisations for the following: uptake of advanced technologies, new business models, solutions, creativity and design, skills upgrading, talent attraction. entrepreneurship acceleration, and internationalisation. Other specialised SME support actors should be associated to facilitate industrial

		transformation and
		implementations of smart
		specialisation strategies. The
		Programme should thus
		contribute to sustainable
		<i>economic development</i> and
		build linkages with the
		Union's (digital) innovation
		hubs and investments made
		under Cohesion Policy and
		Horizon Europe. Synergies
		with the Erasmus+ programme
		can also be explored.
		Note: further changes on
		creating and improving
		quality jobs
39.	(28a) The Programme could	
	help build up and/or improve the	Green
	relationship between micro-	(28a) The Programme
	enterprises and SMEs and	should help to strengthen the
	universities, research centres	relationship between
	and other institutions involved	businesses, especially SMEs,
	in knowledge creation and	and universities, research
	dissemination. This relationship	centres and other institutions
	could help improve firms'	involved in knowledge
	abilities to tackle the strategic	creation and dissemination.
	challenges posed by the new	This relationship could help

	international context. [Am. 32]	improve firms' abilities to
		tackle the strategic challenges
		posed by the new
		international context.
40.	(28b) SMEs, owing to their	Light green
	smaller size, face specific	(28b) SMEs, owing to their
	obstacles to growth and have	smaller size, face specific
	mayor difficulties in growing	obstacles to growth. In
	and scaling up some of their	particular, they experience
	business activities. The Union	major difficulties in growing
	has been providing support to	and scaling up some of their
	scale up activities focusing on	business activities. Based on
	innovation on research mainly	the success of, and lessons
	through the SME Instrument	learned from, the SME
	and the recently European	Instrument, supporting SMEs
	Innovation Council pilot within	at all crucial stages of their
	the Horizon 2020 programme.	development, -the Single
	Based on the working methods	Market Programme should
	and experiences of the SME	also provide support for
	Instrument, the Single Market	scaling-up activities by SMEs,
	Programme should also provide	including support for
	support for scale-up activities by	internationalisation,
	SMEs complimentary to the new	innovation uptake and
	EIC with its specific focus on	commercialisation activities.
	break-through innovation under	That support would thus
	Horizon Europe. Scale up	complement the new support
	actions for SMEs under this	of the European Innovation

		programme should focus for		Council under Horizon
		instance in helping SMEs to		Europe, with its focus on all
		scale up through		forms of innovation, ranging
		commercialisation,		from incremental to break-
		internationalisation and on		through innovation, and
		market driven-opportunities.		therefore on innovative
		[Am. 33]		SMEs.
41.	(29) Creativity and innovation	(29) Creativity and innovation,	(29) Creativity and innovation	
	are crucial for the competitiveness	technological and organisational	are crucial for the	Green
	of the Union's industrial value	transformation, enhanced	competitiveness of the Union's	(29) Creativity and all
	chains. They represent catalysts for	sustainability in terms of	industrial value chains. They	forms of innovation
	industrial modernisation and	production processes, in	represent catalysts for industrial	technological and
	contribute to smart, inclusive	particular resource and energy	modernisation and contribute to	organisational
	sustainable growth. However,	efficiency, are crucial for the	smart, inclusive sustainable	transformation, enhanced
	uptake by SMEs is still lagging	competitiveness of the Union's	growth. However, uptake by	sustainability in terms of
	behind. The Programme should	industrial value chains. They	SMEs is still lagging behind.	production processes,
	therefore support targeted actions,	represent catalysts for industrial	The Programme should	including for enhanced
	networks and partnerships for	the modernisation of the business	therefore support targeted	resource and energy
	creativity-driven innovation	and industry sectors and	actions, networks and	efficiency, are crucial for the
	throughout the industrial value	contribute to smart, inclusive	partnerships for creativity-	competitiveness of the Union's
	chain.	sustainable growth. However,	driven innovation and digital	industrial value chains. They
		uptake by SMEs is still lagging	and industrial transformation	represent catalysts for
		behind. The Programme should	throughout the industrial value	industrial the modernisation of
		therefore support targeted actions,	chain.	the business and industry
		networks and partnerships for		sectors and contribute to
		creativity-driven innovation		smart, inclusive sustainable
				growth. However, uptake by

	throughout the industrial value	SMEs is still lagging behind.
	chain. [Am. 34]	The Programme should
		therefore support targeted
		actions, networks and
		partnerships for creativity-
		driven innovation to master
		the green and digital
		transition throughout the
		industrial value chains and
		ecosystems.
42.	(29a) Recognising that the	Green
	SME Instrument under Horizon	
	2020 has been extremely	Deletion
	successful for entrepreneurs	
	through both phase1 and phase2	
	grants in advancing and their	
	new business idea and testing	
	and developing a prototype.	
	While the selection process is	
	already very rigorous, still many	
	very good projects cannot be	
	financed because of limited	
	financial resources. The	
	implementation in the frame of	
	the Executive Agency for Small	
	and Medium-sized Enterprises	
	(EASME) has been working	

		very efficiently. While the focus		
		of that programme is on high-		
		tech projects, this Program		
		should extend the methodology		
		to any type of scale-up SMEs.		
		[Am. 35]		
43.		(29b) The actions for SMEs		Green
		should also focus in sectors		
		characterised by a significant		Deletion
		growth and social potential and		
		with a high proportion of SMEs.		
		Tourism is a singular sector of		
		the Union Economy which		
		contributes substantially to the		
		Union's GDP and is run mainly		
		by SMEs. The Union should		
		continue and increase actions		
		supporting the specificities of		
		this sector. [Am. 36]		
44.	(30) European standards play an	(30) European standards play	(30) European standards play an	
	important role in the internal	an important role in the internal	important role in the internal	Green
	market. They are of vital interest	market. They are of vital interest	market. They are of vital	
	for the competitiveness of	for the competitiveness of	interest for the competitiveness	(30) European standards
	undertakings, and especially	undertakings, and especially	of undertakings, and especially	play an important role in the
	SMEs. They are also a crucial tool	SMEs. They are also a crucial tool	SMEs. They are also a crucial	internal market. They are of
	to support Union legislation and	to support Union legislation and	tool to support Union legislation	vital interest for the
	policies in a number of key areas	policies in a number of key areas	and policies in a number of key	competitiveness of

such as energy, climate change, information and communication technology, sustainable use of resources, innovation, product safety, consumer protection, worker's safety and working conditions and ageing population, thus positively contributing to the society as a whole.

such as energy *transition*, climate change and environmental protection, information communication technology, sustainable use *and recycling* of resources, innovation, product safety, consumer protection, worker's safety and working conditions and ageing population, thus positively contributing to the society as a whole. However, experience has shown that the speed and timeliness of the elaboration of standards needs to be improved and more efforts need to be made to better involve all relevant stakeholders. including those representing consumers. [Am. 37]

areas such as energy, climate change, information and communication technology, sustainable use of resources, innovation, product safety, consumer protection, worker's safety and working conditions and ageing population, thus positively contributing to the society as a whole.

undertakings, and especially SMEs. European standards are also a crucial tool to support Union legislation and policies in a number of key areas to foster the green and digital transition, such as energy, climate change and environmental protection, information and communication technology, sustainable use and recycling of resources, innovation. product safety, consumer protection, worker's safety and working conditions and ageing population, thus positively contributing to the society as a whole. *In order to maximise* their contribution, experience has shown that the speed and timeliness of the elaboration of standards needs to be improved and more efforts need to be made to better involve all relevant stakeholders, including those

- 45. (31) European standardisation activities are governed by Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁴ and implemented through a long standing Public-Private-Partnership which is fundamental to achieve the objectives set in that Regulation as well as in general and sectorial Union standardisation policies.
 - of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on European standardisation, amending Council Directives 89/686/EEC and 93/15/EEC and Directives 94/9/EC, 94/25/EC, 95/16/EC, 97/23/EC, 98/34/EC, 2004/22/EC, 2007/23/EC, 2009/23/EC and 2009/105/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decision 87/95/EEC and Decision No 1673/2006/EC of the European
- (31) European standardisation activities are governed by Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁴ and implemented through a long standing Public-Private-Partnership which is fundamental to achieve the objectives set in that Regulation as well as in general and sectorial Union standardisation policies.
- of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on European standardisation, amending Council Directives 89/686/EEC and 93/15/EEC and Directives 94/9/EC, 94/25/EC, 95/16/EC, 97/23/EC, 98/34/EC, 2004/22/EC, 2007/23/EC, 2009/23/EC and 2009/105/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decision 87/95/EEC and
- (31) European standardisation activities are governed by Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and implemented through a long standing Public-Private-Partnership which is fundamental to achieve the objectives set in that Regulation as well as in general and sectorial Union standardisation policies.
- ⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on European standardisation, amending Council Directives 89/686/EEC and 93/15/EEC and Directives 94/9/EC, 94/25/EC, 95/16/EC, 97/23/EC, 98/34/EC, 2004/22/EC, 2007/23/EC, 2009/23/EC and

representing consumers.

Green

- standardisation activities are governed by Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁴ and implemented through a long-standing Public-Private-Partnership which is fundamental to achieve the objectives set in that Regulation as well as in general and sectorial Union standardisation policies.
- ⁵⁴ Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on European standardisation, amending Council Directives 89/686/EEC and 93/15/EEC and Directives 94/9/EC, 94/25/EC, 95/16/EC, 97/23/EC, 98/34/EC, 2004/22/EC, 2007/23/EC,

	Parliament and of the Council (OJ	Decision No 1673/2006/EC of	2009/105/EC of the European	2009/23/EC and 2009/105/EC
	L 316, 14.11.2012, p. 12).	the European Parliament and of	Parliament and of the Council	of the European Parliament
	2 510, 1	the Council (OJ L 316,	and repealing Council Decision	and of the Council and
		14.11.2012, p. 12).	87/95/EEC and Decision No	repealing Council Decision
		1, p. 12).	1673/2006/EC of the European	87/95/EEC and Decision No
			Parliament and of the Council	1673/2006/EC of the
			(OJ L 316, 14.11.2012, p. 12).	European Parliament and of
			(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the Council (OJ L 316,
				14.11.2012, p. 12).
46.	(32) A well-functioning	(32) A well-functioning	(32) A well-functioning	Light Green
	common financial reporting	common financial reporting	common financial reporting	(32) A well-functioning
	framework is essential for the	framework is essential for the	framework is essential for the	common financial and non-
	internal market, for the effective	internal market, for the effective	internal market, for the effective	financial reporting framework
	functioning of the capital markets	functioning of the capital	functioning of the capital	is essential for the internal
	and for the realisation of the	financial markets and for the	markets and for the realisation	market, for the effective
	integrated market for financial	realisation of the integrated	of the integrated market for	functioning of the <i>financial</i>
	services in the context of the	market for financial services in	financial services in the context	markets and for the realisation
	Capital Markets Union.	the context of the Banking Union	of the Capital Markets Union.	of the integrated market for
		and the Capital Markets Union.		financial services in the
		[Am. 38]		context of the Banking Union
				and the Capital Markets
				Union.
				Note: EP/Council to check
47.	(33) In accordance with	(33) In accordance with	(33) In accordance with	Green
	Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of	Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002	Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002	(33) In accordance with
	the European Parliament and of the	of the European Parliament and	of the European Parliament and	Regulation (EC) No

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Council⁵⁵, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board and related interpretations from the IFRS Interpretations Committee are to be incorporated into Union law in order to be applied by companies with securities listed on a regulated market in the Union, only if IFRS meet the criteria set out in that Regulation, including the requirement that accounts give a 'true and fair view' as laid down in Article 4(3) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁶ and that they are conducive to the European public good. Such international accounting standards need to be developed under a transparent and democratically accountable process. IFRS therefore plays a major role in the functioning of the internal market and thus the Union has a direct interest in ensuring that the process

of the Council⁵⁵. International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the **International Accounting** Standards Board and related interpretations from the IFRS Interpretations Committee are to be incorporated into Union law in order to be applied by companies with securities listed on a regulated market in the Union, only if IFRS meet the criteria set out in that Regulation, including the requirement that accounts give a 'true and fair view' as laid down in Article 4(3) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁶ and that they are conducive to the European public good. Such international accounting standards need to be developed under a transparent and democratically accountable process. IFRS therefore plays a major role in the functioning of the internal market and thus the

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1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁵. International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the **International Accounting** Standards Board and related interpretations from the IFRS Interpretations Committee are to be incorporated into Union law in order to be applied by companies with securities listed on a regulated market in the Union, only if IFRS meet the criteria set out in that Regulation, including the requirement that accounts give a 'true and fair view' as laid down in Article 4(3) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁶ and that they are conducive to the European public good. Such international accounting standards need to be developed under a transparent

through which IFRS are developed and approved delivers standards that are consistent with the requirements of the legal framework of the internal market. It is therefore important to establish appropriate funding arrangements for the IFRS Foundation.

Union has a direct interest in ensuring that the process through which IFRS are developed and approved delivers standards that are consistent with the requirements of the legal framework of the internal market. It is therefore important to establish appropriate funding arrangements for the IFRS Foundation.

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⁵⁵ Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international accounting standards (OJ L 243, 11.9.2002, p. 1).

⁵⁶ Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and

⁵⁵ Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international accounting standards (OJ L 243, 11.9.2002, p. 1).

⁵⁶ Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the

⁹ Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international accounting standards (OJ L 243, 11.9.2002, p. 1).

¹⁰ Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial

⁵⁵ Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international accounting standards (OJ L 243, 11.9.2002, p. 1). ⁵⁶ Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of

	83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013,	Council and repealing Council	statements and related reports of	the Council of 26 June 2013
	p. 19).	Directives 78/660/EEC and	certain types of undertakings,	on the annual financial
		83/349/EEC (OJ L 182,	amending Directive 2006/43/EC	statements, consolidated
		29.6.2013, p. 19).	of the European Parliament and	financial statements and
			of the Council and repealing	related reports of certain types
			Council Directives 78/660/EEC	of undertakings, amending
			and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182,	Directive 2006/43/EC of the
			29.6.2013, p. 19).	European Parliament and of
				the Council and repealing
				Council Directives
				78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC
				(OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19).
48.	(34) Taking into account the	(34) Taking into account the	(34) Taking into account the	Light Green
	European Financial Reporting	European Financial Reporting	European Financial Reporting	(34) Taking into account
	Advisory Group's (EFRAG) role in	Advisory Group's (EFRAG) role	Advisory Group's (EFRAG)	the European Financial
	assessing whether IFRS comply	in assessing whether IFRS	role in assessing whether IFRS	Reporting Advisory Group's
	with the requirement of Union law	comply with the requirement of	comply with the requirement of	(EFRAG) role in assessing whether IFRS comply with the
	and policy, as laid down in	Union law and policy, as laid	Union law and policy, as laid	requirement of Union law and
	Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, it	down in Regulation (EC) No	down in Regulation (EC) No	policy, as laid down in
	also is necessary for the Union to	1606/2002, it also is necessary	1606/2002, it also is necessary	Regulation (EC) No
	ensure EFRAG's stable financing	for the Union to ensure EFRAG's	for the Union to ensure	1606/2002, it also is necessary
	and thus contribute to its funding.	stable financing and thus	EFRAG's stable financing and	for the Union to ensure
	The technical work of EFRAG	contribute to its funding. The	thus contribute to its funding.	EFRAG's stable financing and thus contribute to its funding.
	should be focused on technical	technical work of EFRAG should	The technical work of EFRAG	The technical work of EFRAG
	advice to the Commission on the	be focused on technical advice to	should be focused on technical	should be focused on technical
	endorsement of IFRS as well as on	the Commission on the	advice to the Commission on	advice to the Commission on
	the appropriate participation in the	endorsement of IFRS as well as	the endorsement of IFRS as	the endorsement of IFRS as

process of development of such IFRS and should ensure that Union interests are adequately taken into account in the international standard-setting process. Those interests should include the notion of 'prudence', the maintenance of the requirement of a 'true and fair view,' as laid down in Directive 2013/34/EU, and of the European public good as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, taking into account the impact of IFRS on financial stability and the economy. A European Corporate Reporting Lab should also be established as part of the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), to promote innovation and the development of best practices in corporate reporting. In this forum, companies and investors can share best practices notably in the field of non-financial and sustainability reporting.

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		sustainability reporting.	in the field of non-financial and sustainability reporting.	sustainability reporting. Building on this work, EFRAG should also contribute to the development of non-financial reporting standards.
				EP, Council to check
49.	(35) In the field of statutory	(35) In the field of statutory	(35) In the field of statutory	Green
	audit, the Public Interest Oversight	audit, the Public Interest	audit, the Public Interest	(35) In the field of statutory
	Board (PIOB) was created in 2005	Oversight Board (PIOB) was	Oversight Board (PIOB) was	audit, the Public Interest
	by the Monitoring Group, an	created in 2005 by the	created in 2005 by the	Oversight Board (PIOB) was
	international organisation	Monitoring Group, an	Monitoring Group, an	created in 2005 by the
	responsible for monitoring the	international organisation	international organisation	Monitoring Group, an
	governance reform of the	responsible for monitoring the	responsible for monitoring the	international organisation
	International Federation of	governance reform of the	governance reform of the	responsible for monitoring the
	Accountants (IFAC). The role of	International Federation of	International Federation of	governance reform of the
	the PIOB is to oversee the process	Accountants (IFAC). The role of	Accountants (IFAC). The role	International Federation of
	leading to the adoption of	the PIOB is to oversee the	of the PIOB is to oversee the	Accountants (IFAC). The role
	International Standards on	process leading to the adoption of	process leading to the adoption	of the PIOB is to oversee the
	Auditing (ISAs) and other public	International Standards on	of International Standards on	process leading to the
	interest activities of the IFAC. It is	Auditing (ISAs) and other public	Auditing (ISAs) and other	adoption of International
	possible for ISAs to be adopted for	interest activities of the IFAC. It	public interest activities of the	Standards on Auditing (ISAs)
	their application in the Union	is possible for ISAs to be adopted	IFAC. It is possible for ISAs to	and other public interest
	provided, in particular, that they	for their application in the Union	be adopted for their application	activities of the IFAC. It is
	have been developed with due	provided, in particular, that they	in the Union provided, in	possible for ISAs to be

process, public oversight and transparency as required under Article 26 of Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁷ Considering the introduction of ISAs in the Union and the key role of the PIOB in ensuring that they fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2006/43/EC, it is therefore important to ensure appropriate funding arrangements for the PIOB.

have been developed with due process, public oversight and transparency as required under Article 26 of Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁷ Considering the introduction of ISAs in the Union and the key role of the PIOB in ensuring that they fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2006/43/EC, it is therefore important to ensure appropriate funding arrangements for the PIOB.

57 Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts, amending Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC and repealing Council Directive 84/253/EEC (OJ L 157, 9.6.2006, p. 87).

particular, that they have been developed with due process, public oversight and transparency as required under Article 26 of Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council¹¹ Considering the introduction of ISAs in the Union and the key role of the PIOB in ensuring that they fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2006/43/EC, it is therefore important to ensure appropriate funding arrangements for the PIOB.

adopted for their application in the Union provided, in particular, that they have been developed with due process, public oversight and transparency as required under Article 26 of Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁷ Considering the introduction of ISAs in the Union and the key role of the PIOB in ensuring that they fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2006/43/EC, it is therefore important to ensure appropriate funding arrangements for the PIOB.

⁵⁷ Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts, amending Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC and repealing Council Directive 84/253/EEC (OJ L 157, 9.6.2006, p. 87).

Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts, amending Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC and repealing Council Directive 84/253/EEC

⁵⁷ Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts, amending Council Directives 78/660/EEC and

			(OJ L 157, 9.6.2006, p. 87).	83/349/EEC and repealing
				Council Directive 84/253/EEC
				(OJ L 157, 9.6.2006, p. 87).
50.	(36) The Union contributes to	(36) The Union contributes to	(36) The Union contributes to	Green
	ensuring a high level of consumer	ensuring a high level of consumer	ensuring a high level of	(36) The Union contributes
	protection, empowering consumers	protection, empowering	consumer protection,	to ensuring a high level of
	and putting them at the heart of the	consumers and putting them at	empowering consumers and	consumer protection,
	internal market by supporting and	the heart of the internal market by	putting them at the heart of the	empowering consumers and
	complementing Member States'	supporting and complementing	internal market by supporting	putting them at the heart of the
	policies in seeking to ensure that	Member States' policies in	and complementing Member	internal market by supporting
	citizens when acting as consumers	seeking to ensure that citizens	States' policies in seeking to	and complementing Member
	can fully reap the benefits of the	when acting as consumers can	ensure that citizens when acting	States' policies in seeking to
	internal market and that, in so	fully reap the benefits of the	as consumers can fully reap the	ensure that citizens when
	doing, their safety and legal and	internal market and that, in so	benefits of the internal market	acting as consumers can fully
	economic interests are properly	doing, their safety and legal and	and that, in so doing, their	reap the benefits of the
	protected by means of concrete	economic interests are properly	safety and legal and economic	internal market and that, in so
	actions. The Union has also to	protected by means of concrete	interests are properly protected	doing, their safety and legal
	ensure that consumer and product	actions. The Union has also to	by means of concrete actions.	and economic interests are
	safety laws are properly and	ensure that consumer and product	The Union has also to ensure	properly protected by means
	equally enforced on the ground and	safety laws are properly and	that consumer and product	of concrete actions. The Union
	that businesses enjoy a level	equally enforced on the ground	safety laws are properly and	has also to ensure that
	playing field with fair competition	and that businesses enjoy a level	equally enforced on the ground	consumer and product safety
	in the internal market. Moreover, it	playing field with fair	and that businesses enjoy a	laws are properly and equally
	is necessary to empower,	competition in the internal	level playing field with fair	enforced on the ground and
	encourage and assist consumers in	market. Moreover, it is necessary	competition in the internal	that businesses enjoy a level
	making sustainable choices, thus	to empower, encourage and assist	market. Moreover, it is	playing field with fair
	contributing to a sustainable,	consumers in making sustainable	necessary to empower,	competition in the internal

energy and resource efficient and and informed choices, thus encourage and assist consumers market. Moreover, it is circular economy. contributing to a sustainable, in making sustainable choices, necessary to empower, energy and resource efficient and thus contributing to a encourage and assist circular economy. [Am. 39] sustainable, energy and resource consumers in making efficient and circular economy. sustainable and informed choices, thus contributing to a sustainable, energy and resource efficient and circular economy. 51. The Programme should aim (37)The Programme should (37) The Programme should to raise the awareness of aim to raise the awareness of aim to raise the awareness of Light green consumers, businesses, civil consumers, businesses, civil businesses, civil consumers, society and authorities on Union society and authorities on Union society and authorities on Union The Programme should (37)consumer and safety laws and to consumer and safety laws and to consumer and safety laws and aim to raise the awareness of empower consumers and their empower consumers and their to empower consumers and consumers, businesses, civil representative organisations at their representative representative organisations at society and authorities on organisations at national level Union consumer and safety national level and at the Union national level and at the Union level notably by supporting the and at the Union level notably laws and to empower level notably by supporting the Bureau Européen des Unions de Bureau Européen des Unions de by supporting the *Bureau* consumers and their Consommateurs (BEUC) which is Consommateurs (BEUC) which Européen des Unions de representative organisations at Consommateurs (BEUC) which the long established and recognised is the long established and national level and at the Union NGO representing consumer recognised NGO representing is the long established and level notably by supporting interests in relation to all relevant consumer interests in relation to recognised NGO representing the European consumer consumer interests in relation to Union policies, and the European all relevant Union policies, and organisation BEUC (Bureau Association for the Co-ordination the European Association for the all relevant Union policies, and Européen des Unions de of Consumer Representation in Co-ordination of Consumer the European Association for Consommateurs), which is the Standardisation (ANEC) which Representation in Standardisation the Co-ordination of Consumer long established and

represents consumers interest in relation to standardisation issues. In doing so, particular attention should be given to new market needs regarding the promotion of sustainable consumption and the prevention of vulnerabilities as well as challenges created by the digitisation of the economy or the development of new consumption patterns and business models. The Programme should support the development of relevant information on markets, policy challenges, emerging issues and behaviours, and the publication of the Union consumer scoreboards.

(ANEC) which represents consumers interest in relation to standardisation issues. In doing so, particular attention should be given to new market needs regarding the promotion of sustainable consumption and the prevention of in particular to actions to tackle the issue of planned obsolescence products and prevent to vulnerabilities well as challenges created by the digitisation of the economy, connected products, internet of things, artificial intelligence and use of algorithms or the development of new consumption patterns and business models, such as the collaborative economy and social entrepreneurship. The Programme should support the development of relevant information markets. on including actions aiming at improving product traceability

Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) which represents consumers interest in relation to standardisation issues. In doing so, particular attention should be given to new market needs regarding the promotion of sustainable consumption and the prevention of vulnerabilities as well as challenges created by the digitisation of the economy or the development of new consumption patterns and business models. The Programme should support the development of relevant information on markets, policy challenges, emerging issues and behaviours, and the publication of the Union consumer scoreboards.

recognised *non-governmental* organisation representing consumer interests in relation to all relevant Union policies allowing them to build enhanced synergies to strengthen consumer advocacy, and the European Association for the Coordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC), which represents consumers interest in relation to standardisation issues. In doing so, particular attention should be given to new market needs regarding the promotion of sustainable consumption aiming in particular to actions to tackle the issue of planned obsolescence of products and to prevent vulnerabilities as well as challenges created by the digitisation of the economy, e.g. in relation to connected

		along the supply chain, quality		products, internet of things,
		standards across the Union, and		artificial intelligence and the
		addressing the issue of the dual		use of algorithms or the
		quality of products, policy		development of new
		challenges, emerging issues and		consumption patterns and
		behaviours, and the publication of		business models,. The
		the Union consumer scoreboards.		Programme should support
		[Am. 40]		actions for the development of
				relevant information on
				markets, including actions
				aiming at improving product
				traceability along the supply
				chain, quality standards
				across the Union, and
				addressing the issue of the
				misleading commercial
				practices, policy challenges,
				emerging issues and
				behaviours, and theincluding
				the publication of the Union
				consumer scoreboards.
				Note: to be aligned with Art 3,
				EP to suggest a wording
52.	(38) The Programme should	(38) The Programme should	(38) The Programme should	Green
	support national competent	support national competent	support national competent	

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authorities, including those responsible for monitoring product safety, who cooperate notably via the Union's rapid alert system for dangerous products. It should also support the enforcement of Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁸ and Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 regarding consumer protection and product safety, and the Consumer Protection Cooperation network and international cooperation between the relevant authorities in third countries and in the Union. The Programme should also aim to ensure access for all consumers and traders to quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and information on redress possibilities.

authorities. including those responsible for monitoring product safety, who cooperate notably via the Union's rapid alert system for dangerous products. It should also support of enforcement Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁸ Regulation and (EC) No 765/2008 regarding consumer protection and product safety, and the Consumer Protection Cooperation network and international cooperation between the relevant authorities in third countries and in the Union. The Programme should also aim to ensure access for all consumers and traders to quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and information on the process for participating in actions seeking redress possibilities, at the lowest cost. [Am. 41]

authorities, including those responsible for monitoring product safety, who cooperate notably via the Union's rapid alert system for dangerous products. It should also support the enforcement of Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council¹² and Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 regarding consumer protection and product safety, and the Consumer Protection Cooperation network and international cooperation between the relevant authorities in third countries and in the Union. The Programme should also aim to ensure access for all consumers and traders to quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and information on redress possibilities.

(38)The Programme should support national competent authorities, including those responsible for monitoring product safety, who cooperate notably via the Union's rapid alert system for dangerous products. It should also support the enforcement of Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁸ and Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 regarding consumer protection and product safety, and the Consumer Protection Cooperation network and international cooperation the relevant between authorities in third countries and in the Union. The Programme should also aim to for ensure access all traders consumers and quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and information on

⁵⁸ Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on

¹² Directive 2001/95/EC of the

	general product safety (OJ L 11, 15.1.2002, p. 4).	⁵⁸ Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety (OJ L 11, 15.1.2002, p. 4).	European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety (OJ L 11, 15.1.2002, p. 4).	the process for participating in actions seeking redress. 58 Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety (OJ L 11, 15.1.2002, p. 4).
53.	(39) The European Consumer Centres Network is assisting consumers to obtain the benefit of	(39) The <i>Programme should also support a</i> European Consumer Centres Network is	(39) The European Consumer Centres Network is assisting consumers to obtain the benefit	Green
	their Union consumer rights when	assisting which assists consumers	of their Union consumer rights	(39) The <i>Programme should</i>
	they purchase goods and services	to obtain the benefit of their	when they purchase goods and	also support the European
	cross border in the Internal Market	Union consumer rights when they	services cross border in the	Consumer Centres Network,
	and EEA, either on-line or when	purchase goods and services cross	Internal Market and EEA, either	which assists consumers to
	travelling. The 30 centres strong	border in the Internal Market and	on-line or when travelling. The	obtain the benefit of their
	network, jointly funded by the	EEA, either on-line or when	30 centres strong network,	Union consumer rights when
	Union consumer programmes since	travelling. The 30 centres strong	jointly funded by the Union	they purchase goods and
	more than 10 years has proven its	network, jointly funded by the	consumer programmes since	services cross border in the
	added value to strengthen	Union consumer programmes	more than 10 years has proven	Internal Market and European
	consumers and traders trust in the	since more than 10 years has	its added value to strengthen	Economic Area, either on-line
	Internal Market. It deals with more	proven its added value to	consumers and traders trust in	or when travelling. The 30
	than 100 000 consumers' requests	strengthen consumers and traders	the Internal Market. It deals	centres strong network, jointly
	per year and reaches millions of	trust in the Internal Market. It deals with more than 100 000	with more than 100 000	funded by the Union consumer
	citizens via its press and online	ucais with more than 100 000	consumers' requests per year	programmes since more than

information activities. It is one of the most valued citizens' assistance network of the Union and most of its centres host contact points for internal market law, such as the Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁹ and its evaluation stresses the importance to continue its operation. The network also intends to develop reciprocity arrangements with similar bodies in third countries.

consumers' requests per year and reaches millions of citizens via its press and online information activities. It is one of the most valued citizens' assistance network of the Union and most of its centres host contact points for internal market law, such as the Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁹ and its evaluation the importance to stresses continue its operation. European Consumer Centres Network can be also an important source of information about challenges and problems that consumers encounter at local level, which are relevant for Union policymaking and for the protection of the interests of consumers. Therefore, the Programme should allow for the building and enhancing of synergies between consumer representation at local and Union level in order to strengthen consumer advocacy.

and reaches millions of citizens via its press and online information activities. It is one of the most valued citizens' assistance network of the Union and most of its centres host contact points for internal market law, such as the Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council¹³ and its evaluation stresses the importance to continue its operation. The network also intends to develop reciprocity arrangements with similar bodies in third countries.

10 years, has proven its added value to strengthen consumers and traders' trust in the Internal Market. It deals with more than 120 000 consumers' requests per year and reaches millions of citizens via its press and online information activities. It is one of the most valued citizens' assistance networks of the Union and most of its centres host contact points for internal market law, such as the Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and ofCouncil^{59,} and its evaluation stresses the importance to continue its operation. The European Consumer Centres Network can be also an of important source information about challenges and problems that consumers encounter at local level. which are relevant for Union policy-making and for the

⁵⁹ Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on services in the internal market (OJ L 376, 27.12.2006, p. 36).

¹³ Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on services in the internal market (OJ L 376, 27.12.2006, p. 36).

		The network also intends to		protection of the interests of
		develop reciprocity arrangements		consumers. Therefore, the
		with similar bodies in third		Programme should allow for
		countries. [Am. 42]		the building and enhancing of
				synergies between consumer
		⁵⁹ Directive 2006/123/EC of the		representation at local and
		European Parliament and of the		Union level in order to
		Council of 12 December 2006 on		strengthen consumer
		services in the internal market		advocacy. The network also
		(OJ L 376, 27.12.2006, p. 36).		intends to develop reciprocity
				arrangements with similar
				bodies in third countries.
				⁵⁹ Directive 2006/123/EC of
				the European Parliament and
				of the Council of 12 December
				2006 on services in the
				internal market (OJ L 376,
				27.12.2006, p. 36).
54.	(40) The fitness check of Union	(40) The fitness check of Union	(40) The fitness check of Union	Yellow
	consumer and marketing law	consumer and marketing law	consumer and marketing law	
	carried out by the Commission in	carried out by the Commission in	carried out by the Commission	EP suggestion
	May 2017 exposed the need to	May 2017 exposed the need to	in May 2017 exposed the need	
	better enforce rules and facilitate	better enforce rules and facilitate	to better enforce rules and	(40) The fitness check of
	redress when consumers have been	redress when consumers have	facilitate redress when	Union consumer and
	harmed by breaches to consumer	been harmed by breaches to	consumers have been harmed	marketing law carried out by
	laws. As a result the Commission	consumer laws. As a result the	by breaches to consumer laws.	the Commission in May 2017

adopted a "New Deal for Consumers" in April 2018 to ensure, inter alia, the equal treatment of consumers across the internal market in relation to dual quality standards, stronger enforcement capacities of Member States, enhanced product safety, increased international cooperation and new possibilities for redress notably through representative actions by qualified entities. The Programme should aim to support consumer policy with awareness raising and knowledge building, capacity building and exchange of best practices of the consumer organisations and consumer protection authorities, networking and development of market intelligence, strengthening the evidence base on the functioning of the internal market for consumers, IT systems and communication tools, inter alia.

Commission adopted a "New Deal for Consumers" in April 2018 to ensure, inter alia, the equal treatment of consumers across the internal market in relation to cross-border cases, such as selling of non-compliant products in the motor vehicles sector, dual quality standards of products or the problems of passengers stranded as a result of the cancellation of a large number of flights, stronger enforcement capacities Member States, enhanced product safety, increased international cooperation and new possibilities for redress notably through representative actions by qualified entities. The Programme should aim to support consumer policy with awareness raising and knowledge building, capacity building and exchange of best practices of the consumer organisations and consumer protection authorities, networking

As a result the Commission adopted a "New Deal for Consumers" in April 2018 to ensure, inter alia, the equal treatment of consumers across the internal market in relation to dual quality standards, stronger enforcement capacities of Member States, enhanced product safety, increased international cooperation and new possibilities for redress notably through representative actions by qualified entities. The Programme should aim to support consumer policy with awareness raising and knowledge building, capacity building and exchange of best practices of the consumer organisations and consumer protection authorities, networking and development of market intelligence, strengthening the evidence base on the functioning of the internal market for consumers.

exposed the need to better enforce rules and facilitate redress when consumers have been harmed by breaches to consumer laws. As a result. Directives (EU) 2019/2161¹, 98/6/EC², 2005/29/EC³, 2011/83/EU⁴ and (EU) .../...¹⁺ of the European Parliament and of the Council were adopted to ensure, inter alia, the equal treatment of consumers across the internal market in relation to crossborder issues, such as selling of non-compliant products in the motor vehicles sector, the existence of dual quality standards for products, or the problems experienced by passengers in the event of flight cancellations or long flight delays, as well as *promoting* stronger enforcement capacities of Member States, enhanced product safety, increased

development of market IT systems and communication international cooperation and intelligence, strengthening the tools, inter alia. new possibilities for redress evidence base on the functioning notably through representative the internal market for actions by qualified entities. consumers, IT systems The priority should therefore and communication tools, inter alia. be to support the full [Am. 43] implementation of these Directives and actions and to promote their cross border enforcement. LL to check, COM to provide a wording on passenger rights Council suggestion: The fitness check of Union consumer and marketing law carried out by the Commission in May 2017 exposed the need to better enforce rules and facilitate redress when consumers have been harmed by breaches to consumer laws. As a result, the Commission adopted a "New Deal for Consumers" in April 2018 to

	ensure, inter alia, the equal
	treatment of consumers across
	the internal market in relation
	to cross-border cases, such as
	selling of non-compliant
	products in the motor vehicles
	sector, dual quality standards
	of products or the problems of
	passengers stranded as a
	result of the cancellation of a
	large number of flights,
	stronger enforcement
	capacities of Member States,
	enhanced product safety,
	increased international
	cooperation and new
	possibilities for redress
	notably through representative
	actions by qualified entities.
	The Programme should aim to
	support consumer policy with
	awareness raising and
	knowledge building, capacity
	building and exchange of best
	practices of the consumer
	organisations and consumer
	protection authorities,

	networking and development of market intelligence, strengthening the evidence base on the functioning of the internal market for consumers, IT systems and communication tools, inter alia.
	Note: After "qualified entities" add a new sentence: "As a result, the Commission adopted the Modernisation Directive and the Representative Actions Directive. The priority should therefore be to support the full implementation of these Directives and actions to promote their cross border enforcement."

- 55. (41) Citizens are particularly affected by the functioning of financial services markets. These are a key component of the internal market and require a solid framework for regulation and supervision which ensures not only financial stability and a sustainable economy, but also provides a high level of protection to consumers and other financial services end users, including retail investors, savers, insurance policyholders, pension fund members and beneficiaries, individual shareholders, borrowers and SMEs. It is important to enhance their capacity to participate in policy making for the financial sector.
- (41) Citizens are particularly affected by the functioning of financial services markets and should, therefore, be further informed on pertinent rights, risks and benefits. These are a key component of the internal market and require a solid framework for regulation and supervision which ensures not only financial stability and a sustainable economy, but also provides a high level of protection to consumers and other financial services end users, including retail investors, savers, insurance policyholders, pension fund beneficiaries. members and individual shareholders. and SMEs. It is borrowers The **Programme** important should contribute to enhance their capacity to participate in policy makingfor, also through production and dissemination of clear, complete and user-friendly information about products
- (41) Citizens are particularly affected by the functioning of financial services markets. These are a key component of the internal market and require a solid framework for regulation and supervision which ensures not only financial stability and a sustainable economy, but also provides a high level of protection to consumers and other financial services end users, including retail investors, savers, insurance policyholders, pension fund members and beneficiaries, individual shareholders, borrowers and SMEs. It is important to enhance their capacity to participate in policy making for the financial sector.

- Green
- (41) Citizens are particularly affected by the functioning of financial markets and should, therefore, be further informed on pertinent rights, risks and benefits. Financial *markets* are a key component of the internal market and require a solid framework for regulation and supervision which ensures not only financial stability and a sustainable economy, but also provides a high level of protection to consumers and other financial services end users, including retail investors, savers, insurance policyholders, pension fund members and beneficiaries. individual shareholders. borrowers and SMEs. The Programme should contribute to enhance their capacity to

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		commercialised in the financial		participate in policy making,
		sector markets. [Am. 44]		including through the
				production and dissemination
				of clear, complete and user-
				friendly information about
				products provided in the
				financial markets.
56.	(42) The Programme should	(42) The Programme should	(42) The Programme should	Light Green
	therefore continue to support the	therefore continue to support the	therefore continue to support	(42) The Programme should
	specific activities covered by the	specific activities covered by the	the specific activities covered	therefore continue to support
	2017-2020 Capacity-Building	2017-2020 Capacity-Building	by the 2017-2020 Capacity-	the specific activities covered
	Programme enhancing the	Programme enhancing the	Building Programme enhancing	by the 2017-2020 Capacity-
	involvement of consumers and	involvement of consumers and	the involvement of consumers	Building Programme
	other financial services end-users	other financial services end-users	and other financial services end-	enhancing the involvement of
	in Union policy-making, as set out	in Union policy-making, as set out	users in Union policy-making,	consumers and other financial
	in Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of	in Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of	as set out in Regulation (EU)	services end-users in Union
	the European Parliament and of the	the European Parliament and of	2017/826 of the European	policy-making, as set out in
	Council ⁶⁰ which continued the	the Council ⁶⁰ which continued the	Parliament and of the Council ¹⁴	Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of
	pilot programme and preparatory	pilot programme and preparatory	which continued the pilot	the European Parliament and
	action of the years 2012-2017. This	action of the years 2012-2017.	programme and preparatory	of the Council ⁶⁰ , which
	is necessary in order to provide	This is necessary in order to	action of the years 2012-2017.	continued the pilot programme
	policy makers with views from	provide policy makers with views	This is necessary in order to	and preparatory action of the
	stakeholders other than financial	from stakeholders other than	provide policy makers with	years 2012-2017. This is
	sector professionals and ensure a	financial sector professionals and	views from stakeholders other	necessary in order to provide
	better representation of the	ensure a better representation of	than financial sector	policy-makers with views
	interests of consumers and other	the interests of consumers and	professionals and ensure a	from stakeholders other than
	financial services end-users. This	other financial services end-users.	better representation of the	financial sector professionals

should result in better financial services policies, notably thanks to a better public understanding of the issues at stake in financial regulation and enhanced financial literacy.

⁶⁰ Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 on establishing a Union programme to support specific activities enhancing the involvement of consumers and other financial services end-users in Union policymaking in the area of financial services for the period 2017-2020 (OJ L 129, 19.5.2017, p.17).

The Programme should continuously develop its methodology and best practices on how to increase the engagement of consumers and financial-services end-users in order to identify issues relevant for Union policy-making and ensuring the interests consumers in the area of financial services. This should result in better improve financial services policies, notably thanks to a better public understanding of the issues at stake in financial regulation and enhanced financial literacy. The public resources of this Programme should focus on what is essential for the final users and avoid any form of direct or indirect financial support to commercial activities proposed by private financial operators. [Am. 45]

⁶⁰ Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of the European Parliament and of

interests of consumers and other financial services end-users. This should result in better financial services policies, notably thanks to a better public understanding of the issues at stake in financial regulation and enhanced financial literacy.

¹⁴ Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 on establishing a Union programme to support specific activities enhancing the involvement of consumers and other financial services endusers in Union policy-making in the area of financial services for the period 2017-2020 (OJ L 129, 19.5.2017, p.17).

and ensure a better representation of the interests of consumers and other financial services end-users.

The **Programme** should continuously develop its methodology and best practices on how to increase the engagement of consumers and financial services endusers in order to identify issues relevant for Union policy-making and ensure that the interests of consumers in the area of financial services. This should improve financial policies, services notably a better towards public understanding of the issues at stake in financial regulation enhanced financial and literacy. The public resources of this Programme should focus on what is essential for the final users and avoid any form of direct or indirect financial support

		the Council of 17 May 2017 on		commercial activities
		establishing a Union programme		proposed by private financial
		to support specific activities		operators.
		enhancing the involvement of		
		consumers and other financial		
		services end-users in Union		⁶⁰ Regulation (EU) 2017/826
		policy-making in the area of		of the European Parliament
		financial services for the period		and of the Council of 17 May
		2017-2020 (OJ L 129, 19.5.2017,		2017 on establishing a Union
		p.17).		programme to support specific
				activities enhancing the
				involvement of consumers and
				other financial services end-
				users in Union policy-making
				in the area of financial
				services for the period 2017-
				2020 (OJ L 129, 19.5.2017,
				p.17).
				Note: Council to provide an
	(40)			explanation
57.	(43) In the context of a pilot	(43) In the context of a pilot	(43) In the context of a pilot	
	project, between 2012 and 2013,	project, between 2012 and 2013,	project, between 2012 and	Light green
	and of a preparatory action,	and of a preparatory action,	2013, and of a preparatory	(43) In the context of a pilot
	between 2014 and 2016, the	between 2014 and 2016, the	action, between 2014 and 2016,	project (2012- 2013) and of a
	Commission awarded grants to two	Commission awarded grants to	the Commission awarded grants	preparatory action (2014-
	organisations following an annual	two organisations following an	to two organisations following	2016), the Commission

open call for proposals. The two organisations are Finance Watch. set up with Union grants in 2011 as an international non-profit association under Belgian law, and Better Finance, which is the product of successive reorganisations and rebranding of pre-existing European federations and shareholders since 2009. The Capacity-Building Programme established under Regulation (EU) 2017/826, identifies these same two organisations as sole beneficiaries. It is therefore necessary to continue to co-finance these organisations in the context of the Programme. However, this financing should be subject to review.

annual open call for proposals. organisations The two Finance Watch, set up with Union grants in 2011 as an international non-profit association under Belgian law, and Better Finance, which is the product of successive re-organisations and rebranding pre-existing European federations and shareholders since 2009. The Capacity-Building Programme established under Regulation (EU) 2017/826, identifies these same two organisations as sole beneficiaries. It is therefore necessary to continue to cofinance these organisations in the context of the Programme. However, this financing should be subject to review. *In this respect*, it should be recalled that in the event that the Capacity-Building Programme and corresponding funding are extended beyond 2020 and other potential beneficiaries emerge, the call for

an annual open call for proposals. The two organisations are Finance Watch, set up with Union grants in 2011 as an international nonprofit association under Belgian law, and Better Finance, which is the product of successive reorganisations and rebranding of pre-existing European federations and shareholders since 2009. The Capacity-**Building Programme** established under Regulation (EU) 2017/826, identifies these same two organisations as sole beneficiaries. It is therefore necessary to continue to cofinance these organisations in the context of the Programme. However, this financing shwould be subject to reviewthe evaluation of the achievement of the objectives pursued, based on a thorough evaluation of its effectiveness and impact.

awarded grants to two organisations following an annual open call for proposals. The two organisations are Finance Watch, set up with Union grants in 2011 as an international non-profit association under Belgian law, and Better Finance, which is the outcome of successive reorganisations and rebranding of pre-existing European federations and shareholders since 2009. The Capacity-**Building Programme** established under Regulation (EU) 2017/826, identifies these same two organisations as sole beneficiaries. It is therefore necessary to continue to co-finance these organisations in the context of the Programme. However, this financing **sh**ould be subject to a thorough evaluation of the effectiveness and impact of the achievements towards

		applicants should be open to any		the objectives pursued. In
		other organisations that fulfil the		this respect, it should be
		criteria, and contribute to the		recalled that in the event that
		objectives, of the Programme		the Capacity-Building
		and this in accordance with		Programme and
		<i>Regulation</i> (<i>EU</i>) 2017/826.		corresponding funding are
		[Am. 46]		extended beyond 2020 and
				other potential beneficiaries
				emerge, the call for
				applicants proposals should
				be open to any other
				organisations that fulfil the
				criteria, and contribute to the
				objectives, of the Programme
				and this in accordance with
				Regulation (EU) 2017/826
				Note: Explanation from COM
				and Presidency
58.	(44) A high level of health	(44) A high level of health	(44) A high level of health	Yellow
	protection through the food supply	protection through the food and	protection through the food	(44) A high level of health
	chain is necessary to allow the	feed supply chain is necessary to	supply chainin the area of	protection in the area of
	internal market to operate	protect consumers as well as to	plants, animals, food and feed	plants, animals, food and
	efficiently. A safe and sustainable	allow the internal market to	is necessary to allow the	<u>feed</u> is necessary <i>to protect</i>
	food supply chain is a prerequisite	operate efficiently and smoothly.	internal market to operate	consumers as well as to allow
	for society and for the internal	A safe and sustainable	efficiently. A safe and	the internal market to operate
	market. Cross border health crises	agricultural and food supply	sustainable food supply	efficiently and smoothly. A

and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production.

chain is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. As demonstrated by recent incidents such as the fipronil egg contamination in 2017 and the horse meat scandal in 2013, cross border health crises, such as avian influenza or African swine fever and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production. Preventing cross border health crises and food scares is of utmost importance. Therefore, the Programme should support concrete actions, such as establishing emergency measures in the event of crisis situations and unforeseeable events affecting animal and plant health, creating a mechanism for direct access to the emergency aid reserve in order to deal with these emergency situations more promptly, effectively and efficiently. [Am. 47]

ehain This is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. Cross border health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production.

safe and sustainable agricultural and food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. As demonstrated by recent incidents such as the fipronil egg contamination in 2017 and the horse meat scandal in 2013, cross border health crises, such as avian influenza or African swine fever and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production. *Preventing cross* border health crises and food scares is of utmost importance. Therefore, the Programme should support concrete actions, such as establishing emergency measures in the event of crisis situations and unforeseeable events affecting animal and plant health, creating a

mechanism for direct access to the emergency aid reserve in order to deal with these emergency situations more promptly, effectively and efficiently. Council suggestion: A high level of health protection in the area of plants, animals, food and **feed** is necessary *to protect* consumers as well as to allow the internal market to operate efficiently and smoothly. A safe and sustainable agricultural and food supply chain is a prerequisite for the functionng of society and for the internal market. As demonstrated by recent incidents such as the fipronil egg contamination in 2017 and the horse meat scandal in 2013, Cross-border health crises, such as avian influenza or African swine

59. (45) The general objective of Union law in the food chain area is to contribute to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, increasing quality standards across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs.

(45) The general objective of Union law in the food chain area is to contribute guarantee to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, cutting food waste, increasing the quality standards of products across the Union, enhancing competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs. [Am. 48]

(45) The general objective of Union law in the food chain area of plants, animals, food and feed is to contribute to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, increasing quality standards across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs.

Yellow The general objective (45) of Union law in the food chain-area of plants, animals, food and feed is to contribute guarantee a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions and ensuring contributing to food security and affordable prices, cutting food waste, increasing *the* quality standards *of products* across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and

favouring the creation of jobs. Council suggestion The general objective of Union law in the food chain area of plants, animals, food and feed is to contribute safeguard a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including for the preservation of biodiversity and taking into account situations caused by potential climate change impacts in the Member States, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions and ensuring contributing to food security and affordable

				prices, cutting food waste, increasing the quality standards of products across the Union, and enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and the
				creation of jobs
60.	(46) Considering the specific	(46) Considering the specific	(46) Considering the specific	Green
	nature of the actions concerning a	nature of the actions concerning a	nature of the actions concerning	
	high level of health for humans,	high level of health for humans,	a high level of health for	(46) Considering the
	animals and plants along the food	animals and plants along the food	humans, animals and plants	specific nature of the actions
	chain special eligibility criteria	chain special eligibility criteria	along the food chain special	concerning a high level of
	concerning provision of grants and	concerning provision of grants	eligibility criteria concerning	health for humans, animals and
	use of public procurement need to	and use of public procurement	provision of grants and use of	plants, special eligibility
	be provided in this Regulation. In	need to be provided in this	public procurement need to be	criteria concerning provision
	particular, by way of derogation	Regulation. In particular, by way	provided in this Regulation. In	of grants and use of public
	from Regulation (EU, Euratom) of	of derogation from Regulation	particular, by way of derogation	procurement need to be
	the European Parliament and of the	(EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 of the	from Regulation (EU, Euratom)	provided in this Regulation. In
	Council ⁶¹ (the 'Financial	European Parliament and of the	2018/1046 of the European	particular, by way of
	Regulation'), as an exception to the	Council ⁶¹ (the 'Financial	Parliament and of the Council ¹⁵	exception to the principle of
	principle of non-retroactivity, the	Regulation'), as an exception to	(the 'Financial Regulation'), as	non-retroactivity in
	costs for the emergency measures,	the principle of non-retroactivity,	an exception to the principle of	Regulation (EU, Euratom)
	due to their urgent and	the costs for the emergency	non-retroactivity, the costs for	2018/1046 of the European
	unforeseeable nature, should be	measures, due to their urgent and	the emergency measures, due to	Parliament and of the
	eligible and include also costs	unforeseeable nature, should be	their urgent and unforeseeable	Council ⁶¹ (the 'Financial
	incurred as a result of a suspected	eligible and include also costs	nature, should be eligible and	Regulation'), the costs for the
	occurrence of a disease or pest	incurred as a result of a suspected	include also costs incurred as a	emergency measures, due to

provided that that occurrence is subsequently confirmed and notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should also be eligible for protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.

⁶¹[to add]

occurrence of a disease or pest provided that that occurrence is subsequently confirmed notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of legal the commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should also eligible for protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities. taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.

result of a suspected occurrence of a disease or pest provided that that occurrence is subsequently confirmed and notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should also be eligible for **prevention** and protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of

their urgent and unforeseeable nature, should be eligible and include also costs incurred as a result of a suspected occurrence of a disease or pest provided that the occurrence is subsequently confirmed and notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should eligible also be for surveillance, prevention and protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal

			the health status of plants in the	diseases and zoonoses as well
		⁶¹ Regulation (EU, Euratom)	Union.	as in respect of protection
		2018/1046 of the European		measures, or other relevant
		Parliament and of the Council		activities, taken in support of
		of 18 July 2018 on the financial	15 [to add] Regulation (EU,	the health status of plants in the
		rules applicable to the general	Euratom) 2018/1046 of the	Union.
		budget of the Union, amending	European Parliament and of	
		Regulations (EU) No 1296/2013,	the Council of 18 July 2018 on	⁶¹ Regulation (EU, Euratom)
		(EU) No 1301/2013, (EU) No	the financial rules applicable	2018/1046 of the European
		1303/2013, (EU) No 1304/2013,	to the general budget	Parliament and of the
		(EU) No 1309/2013, (EU) No	of the Union,	Council of 18 July 2018 on
		1316/2013, (EU) No 223/2014,	amending Regulations (EU)	the financial rules applicable
		(EU) No 283/2014, and Decision	No 1296/2013, (EU) No	to the general budget of the
		No 541/2014/EU and repealing	<u>1301/2013,</u>	Union, amending Regulations
		Regulation (EU, Euratom) No	(EU) No 1303/2013,	(EU) No 1296/2013, (EU) No
		966/2012	(EU) No 1304/2013, (EU) No	1301/2013, (EU) No
			1309/2013, (EU) No	1303/2013, (EU) No
			1316/2013, (EU) No 223/2014,	1304/2013, (EU) No
			(EU) No 283/2014, and	1309/2013, (EU) No
			Decision No 541/2014/EU and	1316/2013, (EU) No
			repealing Regulation (EU,	223/2014, (EU) No 283/2014,
			Euratom) No 966/2012 (OJ	and Decision No
			L 193, 30.7.2018, p. 1).	541/2014/EU and repealing
				Regulation (EU, Euratom)
				No 966/2012
61.	(47) Official controls carried out	(47) In view of the fact the	(47) Official controls carried	Yellow
	by the Member States are an	food chain is increasingly	out by the Member States are an	(47) In view of the fact that

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essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute

official globalised, controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced, especially as regards products imported from third countries. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, as well as consumer confidence, whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the

essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety-for humans, animals and plants along the food chain whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to **European** Union reference laboratories, **European Union reference** centres and national plant health reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since

the food chain is increasingly globalised, official controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced, especially as regards products imported from third *countries*. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety along the food chain as well as consumer confidence, whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories, in order to help them bear the costs arising

to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities. effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities. [Am. 50]

the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.

from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission.

Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.

Council suggestion:
In view of the fact that the plant, animal, food and feed area is increasingly globalised, official controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced

including imports. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety along the food chain as well as consumer confidence, whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to European Union reference laboratories and centres as well as national plant and animal health reference laboratories, in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control

				authorities of well trained staff
				with an appropriate knowledge
				of Union law, the Union
				should be able to contribute to
				their training and relevant
				exchange programmes
				organised by competent
				authorities.
62.			(47a) Antimicrobial resistance	Light green
			is a growing health problem	(47a) Antimicrobial
			in the Union and worldwide.	resistance is a growing
			Therefore, it should be	health problem in the Union
			possible to co-finance	and worldwide. Therefore, it
			measures to support the fight	should be possible to co-
			against antimicrobial	finance measures to support
			resistance under this	the fight against
			Programme.	antimicrobial resistance
				under this Programme.
63.	(48) High-quality European	(48) High-quality European	(48) High quality European	Green
	statistics developed, produced and	statistics developed, produced	statistics developed, produced	(48) High-quality European
	disseminated under the European	and disseminated under the	and disseminated under the	statistics developed, produced
	Statistical Programme are essential	European Statistical Programme	European Statistical Programme	and disseminated <u>under this</u>
	for evidence-based decision	are essential for evidence-based	are essential for evidence-based	Programme pursuant to
	making European statistics should	decision making European	decision making European	Regulation (EC) No
	be available in a timely manner	statistics should be available in a	statistics should be available in	<u>223/2009</u> are essential for
	and should contribute to the	timely manner and should	a timely manner and should	evidence-based decision
	implementation of Union policies	contribute to the implementation	contribute to the	making European statistics

	as reflected in the Treaty on the	of Union policies as reflected in	implementation of Union	should be available in a timely
	Functioning of the European	the Treaty on the Functioning of	policies as reflected in the	manner and should contribute
	Union, notably strengthened and	the European Union, notably	Treaty on the Functioning of the	to the implementation of
	integrated economic governance,	strengthened and integrated	European Union, notably	Union policies as reflected in
	social, economic and territorial	economic governance, social,	strengthened and integrated	the Treaty on the Functioning
	cohesion, sustainable development,	economic and territorial	economic governance, social,	of the European Union,
	agricultural policy, the social	cohesion, sustainable	economic and territorial	notably strengthened and
	dimension of Europe and	development, agricultural policy,	cohesion, sustainable	integrated economic
	globalisation.	the social dimension of Europe	development, agricultural	governance, social, economic
		and globalisation.	policy, the social dimension of	and territorial cohesion,
			Europe and globalisation.	sustainable development,
				agricultural policy, the social
				dimension of Europe and
				globalisation.
				Council proposes rows 63-66
				to move up to rows 8- as same
				topic of row 7.
				EP suggest to keep
				consistency with articles.
64.	(49) European statistics are	(49) European statistics are	(49) European statistics are	Green
	indispensable for Union decision-	indispensable for Union decision-	indispensable for Union	(49) European statistics are
	making and for the measurement	making and for the measurement	decision-making and for the	indispensable for Union
	of the performance and impact of	of the performance and impact of	measurement of the	decision-making and for the
	Union initiatives. Therefore, the	Union initiatives. Therefore, the	performance and impact of	measurement of the
	continued provision and	continued provision and	Union initiatives. Therefore, the	performance and impact of
	development of European	development of European	continued provision and	Union initiatives. Therefore,

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statistics, taking a Union-wide approach and going beyond an internal market perspective should be ensured in order to cover all Union activities and policy areas, including empowering businesses and citizens to take informed decisions.

statistics, taking a Union-wide approach and going beyond an internal market perspective should be ensured in order to cover all Union activities and policy areas, including empowering businesses and citizens to take informed decisions. development of European statistics, taking a Union-wide approach and going beyond an internal market perspective should be ensured in order to cover all Union activities and policy areas, including empowering businesses and citizens to take informed decisions.

the continued provision and development of European statistics, taking a Union-wide approach and going beyond an internal market perspective should be ensured in order to cover all Union activities and policy areas, including empowering businesses and citizens to take informed decisions.

65. (50) In view of its horizontal character, the European Statistical Programme is subject to specific requirements and notably those laid down in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶², in particular with regard to the respect of statistical principles, the functioning of the European statistical system and its governance, including the role and tasks assigned to the European statistical system committee and to

character, the European
Statistical Programme is subject to specific requirements and notably those laid down in
Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶², in particular with regard to the respect of statistical principles, the functioning of the European statistical system and its governance, including the role and tasks assigned to the European statistical system

(50) In view of its horizontal character, the European
Statistical Programme is subject to specific requirements and notably those laid down in
Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹⁶, in particular with regard to the respect of statistical principles, the functioning of the European statistical system and its governance, including the role and tasks assigned to the

Green

(50) In view of its horizontal character, the European Statistical Programme the framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics within the meaning of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 is subject to specific requirements and notably those laid down in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009

the Commission, the establishment and implementation of the programming of the statistical activities.

¹⁶ Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities (OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).

committee and to the Commission, the establishment and implementation of the programming of the statistical activities.

¹⁶ Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC. Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities (OJ L 87. 31.3.2009, p. 164).

European statistical system committee and to the Commission, the establishment and implementation of the programming of the statistical activities.

16 Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC. Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities (OJ L 87,

of the European Parliament and of the Council 62, in particular with regard to the respect of statistical principles, the functioning of the European statistical system and its governance, including the role and tasks assigned to the European statistical system committee and to the Commission (Eurostat), the establishment and implementation of the programming of the statistical activities.

			31.3.2009, p. 164).	
66.	(51) The Programme has been	(51) The Programme has been	(51) The Programme has been	Green
	submitted for prior examination to	submitted for prior examination	submitted for prior examination	(51) The draft part of the
	the European Statistical System	to the European Statistical System	to the European Statistical	Programme regarding the
	Committee in accordance with	Committee in accordance with	System Committee in	framework for the
	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009,	accordance with Regulation	development, production
		and should be implemented by	(EC) No 223/2009.	and dissemination of
		ensuring effective parliamentary		European statistics within
		scrutiny. [Am. 51]		the meaning of Regulation
				(EC) No 223/2009 has been
				submitted for prior
				examination to the European
				Statistical System Committee
				in accordance with Regulation
				(EC) No 223/2009, and
				should be implemented by
				ensuring effective
				parliamentary scrutiny.
67.	(52) The Union and Member	(52) The Union and Member	(52) The Union and Member	Green
	States are committed to the	States are committed to the	States are committed to the	
	implementation of the United	implementation of deliver on in	implementation of the United	(52) The Union and Member
	Nations 2030 Agenda for	being a frontrunner in	Nations 2030 Agenda for	States are committed to
	Sustainable Development. By	<i>implementing</i> the United Nations	Sustainable Development. By	deliver on being
	contributing to the achievement of	2030 Agenda for Sustainable	contributing to the achievement	a frontrunner in
	the 2030 Agenda, the Union and	Development. By contributing to	of the 2030 Agenda, the Union	implementing the United
	Member States will foster a	the achievement of the 2030	and Member States will foster a	Nations 2030 Agenda for
	stronger, more sustainable,	Agenda, the Union and Member	stronger, more sustainable,	Sustainable Development. By

	inclusive, secure and prosperous	States will foster a stronger, more	inclusive, secure and prosperous	contributing to the
	Europe. The Programme should	sustainable, inclusive, secure and	Europe. The Programme should	achievement of the 2030
	contribute to the implementation of	prosperous Europe. The	contribute to the	Agenda, the Union and
	the 2030 Agenda, including by	Programme should contribute to	implementation of the 2030	Member States will foster a
	balancing the economic, social and	the implementation of the 2030	Agenda, including by balancing	stronger, more sustainable,
	environmental dimensions of	Agenda, including by balancing	the economic, social and	inclusive, secure and
	sustainable development.	the economic, social and	environmental dimensions of	prosperous Europe. The
		environmental dimensions of	sustainable development.	Programme should contribute
		sustainable development,		to the implementation of the
		providing to that end clear and		2030 Agenda, including by
		visible commitment in its MFF		balancing the economic, social
		regulation, and mainstreaming		and environmental dimensions
		the Sustainable Development		of sustainable development,
		Goals, as requested by		providing to that end clear
		the European Parliament		and visible commitment to the
		resolutions of the 14 March and		mainstreaming of the
		30 May 2018 on the 2021-2027		Sustainable Development
		<i>MFF</i> . [Am. 52]		Goals, as requested by
				the European Parliament
				resolutions of the 14 March
				and 30 May 2018 on
				the 2021-2027 MFF.
68.	(53) Reflecting the importance	(53) Reflecting the importance	(53) Reflecting the importance	Green
	of tackling climate change in line	of tackling climate change in line	of tackling climate change in	(53) Reflecting the
	with the Union's commitments to	with the Union's commitments to	line with the Union's	importance of tackling climate
	implement the Paris Agreement	implement the Paris Agreement	commitments to implement the	change in line with the
	and the United Nations Sustainable	and the United Nations	Paris Agreement and the United	Union's commitments to

	Development Goals, this	Sustainable Development Goals,	Nations Sustainable	implement the Paris
	Programme should contribute to	this Programme should contribute	Development Goals, this	Agreement and the United
	mainstream climate actions and to	to mainstream climate actions	Programme should contribute to	Nations Sustainable
	the achievement of an overall	and to the achievement of an	mainstream climate actions and	Development Goals, this
	target of 25 % of the Union budget	overall target of 25 % of the	to the achievement of an overall	Programme should contribute
	expenditures supporting climate	Union budget expenditures	target of 25 % of the Union	to mainstream climate actions
	objectives. Relevant actions will	supporting climate objectives.	budget expenditures supporting	and to the achievement of an
	be identified during the	Relevant actions will be	climate objectives. Relevant	overall target of 30 % of the
	Programme's preparation and	identified during the	actions will be identified during	Union budget expenditures
	implementation, and reassessed in	Programme's preparation and	the Programme's preparation	supporting climate objectives.
	the context of the relevant	implementation, and reassessed	and implementation, and	Relevant actions will be
	evaluations and review processes.	in the context of the relevant	reassessed in the context of the	identified during the
		evaluations and review processes.	relevant evaluations and review	Programme's preparation and
			processes.	implementation, and
				reassessed in the context of the
				relevant evaluations and
				review processes.
				Note: to be aligned with the
				horizontal guidance
69.	(54) This Regulation lays down	(54) This Regulation lays	(54) This Regulation lays down	Green
	a financial envelope for the	down a financial envelope for the	a financial envelope for the	(54) This Regulation lays
	Programme which is to constitute	Programme which is to constitute	Programme which is to	down a financial envelope for
	the prime reference amount, within	the prime reference amount,	constitute the prime reference	the Programme which is to
	the meaning of [reference to be	within the meaning of [reference	amount, within the meaning of	constitute the prime reference
	updated as appropriate according	to be updated as appropriate	[reference to be updated as	amount, within the meaning of

	to the new inter-institutional	according to the new inter-	appropriate according to the	[reference to be updated as
	agreement: point 17 of the	institutional agreement: point 17	new inter-institutional	appropriate according to the
	Interinstitutional Agreement of 2	of the Interinstitutional	agreement: point 17 of the	new inter-institutional
	December 2013 between the	Agreement of 2 December 2013	Interinstitutional Agreement of	agreement: point 17 of the
	European Parliament, the Council	between the European	2 December 2013 between the	Interinstitutional Agreement
	and the Commission on budgetary	Parliament, the Council and the	European Parliament, the	of 2 December 2013 between
	discipline, on cooperation in	Commission on budgetary	Council and the Commission on	the European Parliament, the
	budgetary matters and on sound	discipline, on cooperation in	budgetary discipline, on	Council and the Commission
	financial management ⁶³], for the	budgetary matters and on sound	cooperation in budgetary	on budgetary discipline, on
	European Parliament and the	financial management ⁶³], for the	matters and on sound financial	cooperation in budgetary
	Council during the annual	European Parliament and the	management ¹⁷], for the	matters and on sound financial
	budgetary procedure.	Council during the annual	European Parliament and the	management ¹⁷], for the
		budgetary procedure.	Council during the annual	European Parliament and the
			budgetary procedure.	Council during the annual
	⁶³ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1.			budgetary procedure.
	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-	⁶³ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1.		
	<pre>content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:OJ.</pre>	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-	¹⁷ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1.	
	<u>C2</u> 0 <u>13.373.01.0001.01.ENG&toc</u>	<pre>content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:OJ</pre>	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-	¹⁷ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1.
	= <i>OJ:C:2013:373:TOC</i>	<u>.C2013.373.01.0001.01.ENG&t</u>	<pre>content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:</pre>	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-
		oc=OJ:C:2013:373:TOC	<u>OJ.C2</u> 013.373.01.0001.01.EN	<pre>content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:</pre>
			<u>G&toc=OJ:C:2013:373:TOC</u>	<u>OJ.C2</u> 0 <u>13.373.01.0001.01.E</u>
				<u>NG&toc=OJ:C:2013:373:TO</u>
				<u>C</u>
70.	(55) The Agreement on the	(55) The Agreement on the	[(55) The Agreement on the	Green
	European Economic Area provides	European Economic Area	European Economic Area	(55) The Agreement on the
	for cooperation in the fields subject	provides for cooperation in the	provides for cooperation in the	European Economic Area

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to the Programme between the Union and its Member States, on the one hand, and the countries of the European Free Trade Association participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme to participation by other countries, including the neighbouring countries of the Union and countries which are applying for, are candidates for or are acceding to, membership of the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics⁶⁴.

⁶⁴ OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2.

fields subject to the Programme between the Union and its Member States, on the one hand, and the countries of the European Free Trade Association participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme to participation by other countries, including the neighbouring countries of the Union and countries which are applying for, are candidates for or are acceding to, membership of the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics⁶⁴.

fields subject to the Programme between the Union and its Member States, on the one hand, and the countries of the European Free Trade Association participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme to participation by other countries, including the neighbouring countries of the Union and countries which are applying for, are candidates for or are acceding to, membership of the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics¹⁸.]

provides for cooperation in the fields subject to the Programme between the Union and its Member States. on the one hand, and the countries of the European Free Trade Association participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme to participation by other countries, including the neighbouring countries of the Union and countries which are applying for, are candidates for or are acceding to, membership of the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics⁶⁴.

⁶⁴ OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2.

¹⁸ OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2.

				64 011 00 00 000 0
				⁶⁴ OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2.
71.	(56) Third countries which are	(56) Third countries which are	[(56) Third countries which are	Green
	members of the European	members of the European	members of the European	(56) Third countries which
	Economic Area (EEA) may	Economic Area (EEA) may	Economic Area (EEA) may	are members of the EEA may
	participate in Union programmes	participate in Union programmes	participate in Union	participate in Union
	in the framework of the	in the framework of the	programmes in the framework	programmes in the framework
	cooperation established under the	cooperation established under the	of the cooperation established	of the cooperation established
	EEA agreement, which provides	EEA agreement, which provides	under the EEA agreement,	under the EEA agreement,
	for the implementation of the	for the implementation of the	which provides for the	which provides for the
	programmes by a decision under	programmes by a decision under	implementation of the	implementation of the
	that agreement. Third countries	that agreement. Third countries	programmes by a decision	programmes by a decision
	may also participate on the basis of	may also participate on the basis	under that agreement. Third	under that agreement. Third
	other legal instruments. A specific	of other legal instruments. A	countries may also participate	countries may also participate
	provision should be introduced in	specific provision should be	on the basis of other legal	on the basis of other legal
	this Regulation to grant the	introduced in this Regulation to	instruments. A specific	instruments. A specific
	necessary rights for and access to	grant the necessary rights for and	provision should be introduced	provision should be introduced
	the authorising officer responsible,	access to the authorising officer	in this Regulation to grant the	in this Regulation to grant the
	the European Anti-Fraud Office	responsible, the European Anti-	necessary rights for and access	necessary rights for and access
	(OLAF) as well as the European	Fraud Office (OLAF) as well as	to the authorising officer	to the authorising officer
	Court of Auditors to	the European Court of Auditors	responsible, the European Anti-	responsible, the European
	comprehensively exert their	to comprehensively exert their	Fraud Office (OLAF) as well as	Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) as
	respective competences.	respective competences.	the European Court of Auditors	well as the European Court of
			to comprehensively exert their	Auditors to comprehensively
			respective competences.]	exert their respective
				competences.
				competences.

72.	(57) The Financial Regulation applies to this Programme. It lays down rules on the implementation of the Union budget, including rules on grants, prizes, procurement.	(57) The Financial Regulation applies to this Programme. It lays down rules on the implementation of the Union budget, including rules on grants, prizes, procurement.	(57) The Financial Regulation applies to this Programme. It lays down rules on the implementation of the Union budget, including rules on eligibility criteria for grants, prizes, procurement.	Green (57) The Financial Regulation applies to this Programme. The Financial Regulation lays down rules on the implementation of the Union budget, including rules on grants, prizes, procurement, indirect management, financial instruments, budgetary guarantees, financial assistance and the reimbursement of external experts.
73.	(58) The actions implemented under the predecessor programmes and budget lines have proven to be	(58) The actions implemented under the predecessor programmes and budget lines	(58) The actions implemented under the predecessor programmes and budget lines	Green (58) The actions implemented under the
	adequate and should be retained.	have proven to be adequate and	have proven to be adequate and	predecessor programmes and
	The new actions introduced under	should be retained. The new	should be retained. The new	budget lines have proven to be
	the Programme aim to reinforce in	actions introduced under the	actions introduced under the	adequate and should be
	particular the well-functioning	Programme aim to reinforce in	Programme aim to reinforce in	retained. The new actions

	internal market. In order to provide	particular the well-functioning	particular the well-functioning	introduced under the
	more simplicity and flexibility in	internal market. In order to	internal market. In order to	Programme aim to reinforce in
	the execution of the Programme	provide more simplicity and	provide more simplicity and	particular the well-functioning
	and thereby to better deliver on its	flexibility in the execution of the	flexibility in the execution of	internal market. In order to
	objectives, the actions should be	Programme and thereby to better	the Programme and thereby to	provide more simplicity and
	defined only in terms of overall,	deliver on its objectives, the	better deliver on its objectives,	flexibility in the execution of
	generic categories. Lists of	actions should be defined only in	the actions should be defined	the Programme and thereby to
	indicative activities concerning	terms of overall, generic	only in terms of overall, generic	better deliver on its objectives,
	specific objectives in the area of	categories. Lists of indicative	categories. Lists of indicative	the actions should be defined
	competitiveness, or specific	activities concerning specific	activities concerning specific	only in terms of overall,
	activities stemming from	objectives in the area of	objectives in the area of	generic categories. Lists of
	regulatory requirements, like in the	competitiveness, consumer	competitiveness, or specific	indicative activities
	area of standardisation, food chain	protection, or specific activities	activities stemming from	concerning specific objectives
	regulation and European statistics	stemming from regulatory	regulatory requirements, like in	in the area of competitiveness,
	should also be included in the	requirements, like in the area of	the area of standardisation, food	consumer protection, or
	Programme.	standardisation, market	chain regulationthe plant,	specific activities stemming
		surveillance, food chain	animal, food and feed area	from regulatory requirements,
		regulation and European statistics	and European statistics should	like in the area of
		should also be included in the	also be included in the	standardisation, <i>market</i>
		Programme. [Am. 53]	Programme.	surveillance, the plant,
				animal, food and feed area
				and European statistics should
				also be included in the
				Programme.
74.	(59) It is necessary to specify	(59) It is necessary to specify	(59) It is necessary to specify	Green
	certain categories of entities	certain categories of entities	certain categories of entities	(59) It is necessary to
	eligible for funding as well as	eligible for funding as well as	eligible for funding as well as	specify certain categories of

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	those entities which should be eligible for funding without a call for proposals.	those entities which should be eligible for funding without a call for proposals.	those entities which should be eligible for funding without a call for proposals.	entities eligible for funding as well as those entities which should be eligible for funding without a call for proposals.
75.	interconnectivity of the world economy, the Programme should continue to provide the possibility of involving external experts, such as officials of third countries, representatives of international organisations or economic operators in certain activities.	interconnectivity of the world economy, including the digital economy, the Programme should continue to provide the possibility of involving external experts, such as officials of third countries, representatives of international organisations or economic operators in certain activities. [Am. 54]	(60) Considering the increasing interconnectivity of the world economy, the Programme should continue to provide the possibility of involving external experts, such as officials of third countries, representatives of international organisations or economic operators in certain activities.	Green (60) Considering the increasing interconnectivity and digitalisation of the global economy, the Programme should continue to provide the possibility of involving external experts, such as officials of third countries, representatives of international organisations or economic operators in certain activities.
76.	(61) It is necessary to indicate special criteria concerning co-financing rules and eligible costs.	(61) It is necessary to indicate special criteria concerning co-financing rules and eligible costs.	(61) It is necessary to indicate special <u>fic</u> criteria concerning co-financing rules and eligible costs.	Green (61) It is necessary to indicate speci <u>fic</u> criteria concerning cofinancing rules and eligible costs.
77.	(62) In line with the Commission's commitment, set out in its Communication of 19	(62) In line with the Commission's commitment, set out in its Communication of 19	(62) In line with the Commission's commitment, set out in its Communication of 19	Green (62) In line with the Commission's commitment,

	October 2010 entitled 'The EU	October 2010 entitled 'The EU	October 2010 entitled 'The EU	set out in its Communication
	Budget Review'65, and in order to	Budget Review ⁶⁵ , and in order to	Budget Review ¹⁹ , and in order	of 19 October 2010 entitled
	provide for coherence and	provide for coherence and	to provide for coherence and	'The EU Budget Review'65,
	simplification of funding	simplification of funding	simplification of funding	and in order to provide for
	programmes, resources should be	programmes, resources should be	programmes, resources should	coherence and simplification
	shared with other Union funding	shared with other Union funding	be shared with other Union	of funding programmes,
	instruments if the envisaged	instruments if the envisaged	funding instruments if the	resources should be shared
	actions under the Programme	actions under the Programme	envisaged actions under the	with other Union funding
	pursue objectives which are	pursue objectives which are	Programme pursue objectives	instruments if the envisaged
	common to various funding	common to various funding	which are common to various	actions under the Programme
	instruments, excluding however	instruments, excluding however	funding instruments, excluding	pursue objectives which are
	double financing.	double financing.	however double financing.	common to various funding
				instruments, excluding
	⁶⁵ COM(2010) 700 final of 19	⁶⁵ COM(2010) 700 final of 19		however double financing.
	October 2010.	October 2010.	¹⁹ COM(2010) 700 final of 19	
			October 2010.	⁶⁵ COM(2010) 700 final of 19
				October 2010.
78.	(63) This Programme should	(63) This Programme should	(63) This Programme should	Green
	contribute to the overall support	contribute to the overall support	contribute to the overall support	(63) This Programme
	addressing specific needs of	addressing specific needs of	addressing specific needs of	should contribute to the
	outermost regions and their	outermost regions and their	outermost regions and their	overall support addressing
	integration in the internal market,	integration in the internal market,	integration in the internal	specific needs of outermost
	as recently reconfirmed in the	as recently reconfirmed in the	market, as recently reconfirmed	regions and their integration in
	Commission's Communication "A	Commission's Communication	in the Commission's	the internal market, as recently
	stronger and renewed strategic	"A stronger and renewed	Communication "A stronger	reconfirmed in the
	partnership with the EU's	strategic partnership with the	and renewed strategic	Commission's Communication
	outermost regions ⁶⁶ .	EU's outermost regions ⁶⁶ .	partnership with the EU's	"A stronger and renewed

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			outermost regions ²⁰ .	strategic partnership with the
				EU's outermost regions ⁶⁶ .
	⁶⁶ COM(2017) 623 final	⁶⁶ COM(2017) 623 final		
			²⁰ COM(2017) 623 final	
				⁶⁶ COM(2017) 623 final
79.	(64) The Programme should	(64) The Programme should	(64) The Programme should	Green
	promote synergies, while avoiding	promote synergies, while	promote synergies, while	(64) The Programme should
	duplication with related Union	avoiding duplication with related	avoiding duplication with	promote synergies, while
	programmes and actions. The	Union programmes and actions.	related Union programmes and	avoiding duplication with
	actions under this Programme	The actions under this Programme	actions. The actions under this	related Union programmes
	should be complementary to those	should be complementary to those	Programme should be	and actions. The actions under
	of the Customs and Fiscalis	of the Customs and Fiscalis	complementary to those of the	this Programme should be
	Programmes established by	Programmes established by	Customs and Fiscalis	complementary to those of the
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Programmes established by	Customs and Fiscalis
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Programmes established by
	Council ⁶⁷ and Regulation (EU)	Council ⁶⁷ and Regulation (EU)	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the
	[] of the European Parliament	[] of the European Parliament	_	European Parliament and of the
	and of the Council ⁶⁸ which also	and of the Council ⁶⁸ which also	[] of the European Parliament	Council ⁶⁷ and Regulation (EU)
	aim at supporting and improving	aim at supporting and improving	and of the Council ²² which also	[] of the European
	the functioning of the internal	the functioning of the internal	aim at supporting and	Parliament and of the Council ⁶⁸
	market.	market. [Am. 55]	improving the functioning of	which also aim at supporting
			the internal market.	and improving the functioning
	⁶⁷ COM(2018) 442 final	⁶⁷ COM(2018) 442 final		of the internal market.
	⁶⁸ COM(2018) 443 final	⁶⁸ COM(2018) 443 final		
			²¹ COM(2018) 442 final	⁶⁷ COM(2018) 442 final
			²² COM(2018) 443 final	⁶⁸ COM(2018) 443 final

80. The Programme should promote synergies and complementarities with respect to the SMEs and entrepreneurship support under the European Regional Development Fund established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶⁹. Moreover. the SME window of InvestEU Fund established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁷⁰ will guarantee debt and equity support to enhance access and availability of finance for SMEs. The Programme should also seek synergies with the Space Programme established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁷¹ in respect of encouragement of SMEs to benefit from breakthrough innovation and other solutions developed under those programmes.

(65) The Programme should promote synergies and complementarities and additionality with respect to the and entrepreneurship **SMEs** support under the European Regional Development Fund established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶⁹. Moreover, the SME window of InvestEU Fund established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁷⁰ will guarantee debt and equity support to enhance access and availability of finance for SMEs and micro enterprises. Programme should also seek synergies with Space the established Programme bv Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁷¹ in respect encouragement of SMEs to benefit from breakthrough innovation and other solutions

(65) The Programme should promote synergies and complementarities with respect to the SMEs and entrepreneurship support under the European Regional Development Fund established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council²³. Moreover, the SME window of InvestEU Fund established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴ will guarantee debt and equity support to enhance access and availability of finance for SMEs. The Programme should also seek synergies with the Space Programme established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁵ in respect of encouragement of SMEs to benefit from breakthrough innovation and other solutions developed under those

Green (65)The Programme should synergies, promote complementarities and additionality with respect to **SMEs** the and entrepreneurship support under the European Regional Development Fund established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶⁹. Moreover, the SME window of InvestEU established Fund bv Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁷⁰ will guarantee debt and equity support to enhance access and availability of finance for SMEs. The Programme should also seek synergies with the Space Programme established by Regulation (EU) [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁷¹ in respect of encouragement of SMEs to

	⁶⁹ COM(2018) 372 final	developed under those	programmes.	benefit from breakthrough
	⁷⁰ COM(2018) 439 final	programmes. [Am. 56]		innovation and other solutions
	⁷¹ COM(2018) 447 final			developed under those
			²³ COM(2018) 372 final	programmes.
		⁶⁹ COM(2018) 372 final	²⁴ COM(2018) 439 final	
		⁷⁰ COM(2018) 439 final	²⁵ COM(2018) 447 final	
		⁷¹ COM(2018) 447 final		⁶⁹ COM(2018) 372 final
				⁷⁰ COM(2018) 439 final
				⁷¹ COM(2018) 447 final
81.	(66) This Programme should	(66) This Programme should	(66) This Programme should	Green
	promote synergies with Horizon	promote synergies with Horizon	promote synergies with Horizon	(66) This Programme should
	Europe established by Regulation	Europe established by Regulation	Europe established by	promote synergies with
	(EU) No [] of the European	(EU) No [] of the European	Regulation (EU) No [] of the	Horizon Europe established by
	Parliament and of the Council ⁷²	Parliament and of the Council ⁷²	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) No [] of
	which aims to promote research	which aims to promote research	Council ²⁶ which aims to	the European Parliament and
	and innovation. This should	and innovation. This should	promote research and	of the Council ²⁶ which aims to
	concern in particular	concern in particular	innovation. This should concern	promote research and
	complementarity with the actions	complementarity with the actions	in particular complementarity	innovation. This should
	of the future European Innovation	of the future European Innovation	with the actions of the future	concern in particular
	Council for innovative companies,	Council for innovative	European Innovation Council	complementarity with the
	as well as the support of services	companies, as well as the support	for innovative companies, as	actions of the future European
	for SMEs.	of services for SMEs.	well as the support of services	Innovation Council for
			for SMEs via the EEN.	innovative companies, as well
				as the support of services for
	⁷² COM(2018) 435 final	⁷² COM(2018) 435 final		SMEs, notably via the
			²⁶ COM(2018) 435 final	Enterprise Europe Network.

82.	(67) The Programme should	(67) The Programme should	(67) The Programme should	Green
	promote synergies and	promote synergies and	promote synergies and	(67) The Programme should
	complementarities with respect to	complementarities with respect to	complementarities with respect	promote synergies and
	the Digital Europe Programme	the Digital Europe Programme	to the Digital Europe	complementarities with
	established by Regulation (EU)	established by Regulation (EU)	Programme established by	respect to the Digital Europe
	[] of the European Parliament	[] of the European Parliament	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Programme established by
	and of the Council ⁷³ which aims to	and of the Council ⁷³ which aims	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the
	promote the digitalisation of the	to promote the digitalisation of	Council ²⁷ which aims to	European Parliament and of
	Union economy and the public	the Union economy and the	promote the digitalisation of the	the Council ⁷³ which aims to
	sector.	public sector and increased	Union economy and the public	promote the digitalisation of
		cybersecurity. [Am. 57]	sector.	the Union economy and the
	⁷³ COM(2018) 434 final			public sector while increasing
		⁷³ COM(2018) 434 final		cybersecurity.
			²⁷ COM(2018) 434 final	
				⁷³ COM(2018) 434 final
83.	(68) In addition, the	(68) In addition, the	(68) In addition, the	Green
	Programme, should also seek	Programme, should also seek	Programme, should also seek	(68) In addition, the
	synergies with the Justice, Rights	synergies with the Justice, Rights	synergies with the Justice,	Programme, should also seek
	and Values Fund established by	and Values Fund established by	Rights and Values Fund	synergies with the Justice,
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	established by Regulation (EU)	Rights and Values Fund
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	[] of the European Parliament	established by Regulation
	Council ⁷⁴ which aims to support	Council ⁷⁴ which aims to support	and of the Council ²⁸ which	(EU) [] of the European
	the further development of a	the further development of a	aims to support the further	Parliament and of the
	European area of justice for the	European area of justice for the	development of a European area	Council ⁷⁴ which aims to
	effectiveness of national justice	effectiveness of national justice	of justice for the effectiveness	support the further
	systems, a key enabler of a fair and	systems, a key enabler of a fair	of national justice systems, a	development of a European
	cost effective European economy.	and cost effective European	key enabler of a fair and cost	area of justice for the

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		economy.	effective European economy.	effectiveness of national
				justice systems, a key enabler
	⁷⁴ COM(2018) 375 final			of a fair and cost effective
		⁷⁴ COM(2018) 375 final	²⁸ COM(2018) 375 final	European economy.
				⁷⁴ COM(2018) 375 final
84.	(69) This Programme should	(69) This Programme should	(69) This Programme should	Green
	promote synergies with Erasmus	promote synergies with Erasmus	promote synergies with	(69) This Programme
	programme established by	programme established by	Erasmus programme established	should promote synergies with
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	by Regulation (EU) [] of the	Erasmus+ programme
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	established by Regulation
	Council ⁷⁵ , the European Union	Council ⁷⁵ , the European Union	Council ²⁹ , the European Union	(EU) [] of the European
	Solidarity Fund established by	Solidarity Fund established by	Solidarity Fund established by	Parliament and of the
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Council ⁷⁵ , the European Union
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	Solidarity Fund established by
	Council ⁷⁶ and the European Social	Council ⁷⁶ and the European	Council ³⁰ and the European	Regulation (EU) [] of the
	Fund Plus established by	Social Fund Plus established by	Social Fund Plus established by	European Parliament and of
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	the Council ⁷⁶ and the
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	European Social Fund Plus
	Council ⁷⁷ in the area of labour and	Council ⁷⁷ in the area of labour	Council ³¹ in the area of labour	established by Regulation
	youth mobility which is essential	and youth mobility which is	and youth mobility which is	(EU) [] of the European
	for the well-functioning internal	essential for the well-functioning	essential for the well-	Parliament and of the
	market.	internal market.	functioning internal market.	Council ⁷⁷ in the area of labour
				and youth mobility which is
				essential for the well-
	⁷⁵ COM(2018) 367 final	⁷⁵ COM(2018) 367 final	²⁹ COM(2018) 367 final	functioning internal market.

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	⁷⁶ COM(2018) 322 final, Article 10	⁷⁶ COM(2018) 322 final, Article	³⁰ COM(2018) 322 final, Article	
	⁷⁷ COM(2018) 382 final	10	10	
		⁷⁷ COM(2018) 382 final	³¹ COM(2018) 382 final	⁷⁵ COM(2018) 367 final
				⁷⁶ COM(2018) 322 final,
				Article 10
				⁷⁷ COM(2018) 382 final
85.	(70) Finally, food chain actions	(70) Finally, food chain	(70) Finally, food chain actions	Green
	such as veterinary and	actions such as veterinary and	such as veterinary and	(70) Finally, actions such as
	phytosanitary measures in case of	phytosanitary measures in case of	phytosanitary measures in case	veterinary and phytosanitary
	animal and plant health crises	animal and plant health crises	of animal and plant health crises	measures in case of animal
	could be complemented by market	could be complemented by	could be complemented by	and plant health crises could
	based interventions from the	market based interventions from	market based interventions from	be complemented by market
	Union's Common Agriculture	the Union's Common Agriculture	the Union's Common	based interventions from the
	Policy programming established by	Policy programming established	Agriculture Policy	Union's Common Agriculture
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	by Regulation (EU) [] of the	programming established by	Policy programming
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	established by Regulation
	Council ⁷⁸ .	Council ⁷⁸ .	European Parliament and of the	(EU) [] of the European
			Council ³² .	Parliament and of the
				Council ³² .
	⁷⁸ COM(2018) 393 final	⁷⁸ COM(2018) 393 final		
			³² COM(2018) 393 final	
				³² COM(2018) 393 final
86.	(71) Where relevant the	(71) Where relevant The	(71) Where relevant the	Green
	Programme's actions should be	Programme's actions should be	Programme's actions should be	(71) The actions
	used to address market failures or	used have a clear European	used to address market failures	implemented within the
	sub-optimal investment situations,	added value and to address	or sub-optimal investment	Programme should have a
	in a proportionate manner, without	market failures or sub-optimal	situations, in a proportionate	clear European added value

	duplicating or crowding out private financing and have a clear European added value.	investment situations, in a proportionate manner, without duplicating or crowding out private financing and have a clear European added value. [Am. 58]	manner, without duplicating or crowding out private financing and have a clear European added value.	and be used to-address market failures or sub-optimal investment situations, in a proportionate manner, without duplicating or crowding out private financing.
87.	(72) The implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in respect of the adoption of work programmes	(72) The implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in respect of the adoption of work programmes	(72) The implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in respect of the adoption of work programmes	Yellow EP suggestion: deletion
	implementing the actions contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁷⁹ .	implementing the actions contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ³³ . [Am. 59]	implementing the actions contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chainas well as food and feed safety. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council ³³ .	Council suggestion: (72) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation, the implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in respect of the adoption of work programmes implementing the actions contributing to the
	79 Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms	79 Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and	³³ Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council	competitiveness of SMEs, the adoption of work programmes implementing actions constributing to the empowerment of consumers

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for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

and the adoption of work programmes implementing the actions contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chainas well as food and feed safety. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council³³. The advisory procedure should be used for the adoption of work programmes implementing the actions contributing to the empowerment of consumers, given that the Programme does not set out criteria for the safety of products but aims at providing financial support to tools for the implementation of prduct safety policy and given the relavely small amount concerned. The examination procedure should be used respectively

		for the adoption of
		implementing acts related to
		the actions contributiong to
		the competitiveness of SMEs
		and for the adoption of
		implementing acs related to
		the work programmes
		implementing the actions
		contributing to a high level of
		health for humans, animals,
		and plants as well as food and
		feed safety, given that the
		actons involve the co-
		ordination of actions at
		national level.
		³³ Regulation (EU) No
		182/2011 of the European
		Parliament and of the Council
		of 16 February 2011 laying
		down the rules and general
		principles concerning
		mechanisms for control by the
		Member States of the
		Commission's exercise of
		implementing powers (OJ L

				55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).
				Note: linked to decision on IA/DA
88.	(73) The types of financing and	(73) The types of financing	(73) The types of financing and	
	the methods of implementation	and the methods of	the methods of implementation	Green
	under this Regulation should be	implementation under this	under this Regulation should be	(73) The types of financing
	chosen on the basis of their ability	Regulation should be chosen on	chosen on the basis of their	and the methods of
	to achieve the specific objectives	the basis of their ability to	ability to achieve the specific	implementation under this
	of the actions and to deliver	achieve the specific objectives of	objectives of the actions and to	Regulation should be chosen
	results, taking into account, in	the actions and to deliver results,	deliver results, taking into	on the basis of their ability to
	particular, the costs of controls, the	taking into account, in particular,	account, in particular, the costs	achieve the specific objectives
	administrative burden, and the	the Union added value, the costs	of controls, the administrative	of the actions and to deliver
	expected risk of non-compliance.	of controls, the administrative	burden, and the expected risk of	results, taking into account, in
	This should include consideration	burden, and the expected risk of	non-compliance. This should	particular, the Union added
	of the use of lump sums, flat rates	non-compliance. This should	include consideration of the use	value, the costs of controls,
	and unit costs, as well as financing	include consideration of the use	of lump sums, flat rates and unit	the administrative burden, and
	not linked to costs as referred to in	of lump sums, flat rates and unit	costs, as well as financing not	the expected risk of non-
	Article 125(1) of the Financial	costs, as well as financing not	linked to costs as referred to in	compliance. This should
	Regulation.	linked to costs as referred to in	Article 125(1) of the Financial	include considering the use of
		Article 125(1) of the Financial	Regulation.	lump sums, flat rates and unit
		Regulation. [Am. 60]		costs, as well as financing not
				linked to costs as referred to in
				Article 125(1) of the Financial
				Regulation.
89.	(74) To ensure regular	(74) To ensure regular	(74) To ensure regular	Green
	monitoring and reporting, a proper	monitoring and reporting on the	monitoring and reporting, a	(74) To ensure regular

framework for monitoring the progress achieved and on the proper framework for monitoring and reporting on actions and results of the effectiveness and efficiency of monitoring the actions and the progress achieved and on Programme should be put in place results of the Programme should the Programme, a proper the effectiveness and framework for monitoring the from the very beginning. Such be put in place from the very efficiency of the Programme, monitoring and reporting should be beginning. Such monitoring and a proper framework for actions and results of the based on indicators, measuring the Programme should be put in reporting should be based on monitoring the actions and effects of the actions under the place from the very beginning. indicators, measuring the effects results of the Programme Such monitoring and reporting of the actions under the Programme against pre-defined should be put in place from should be based on indicators. Programme against pre-defined baselines. the very beginning. Such monitoring and reporting measuring the effects of the baselines. actions under the Programme should be based on indicators. measuring the effects of the against pre-defined baselines. [Am. 61] actions under the Programme against pre-defined baselines. 90. Pursuant to paragraph 22 Pursuant to paragraph 22 (75) Pursuant to paragraph 22 (75)Green and 23 of the Inter-institutional and 23 of the Inter-institutional and 23 of the Inter-institutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Agreement of 13 April 2016 on (75)Pursuant to Better Law-Making³⁴, there is a Better Law-Making⁸⁰, there is a Better Law-Making⁸⁰, there is a paragraph 22 and 23 of the need to evaluate this Programme need to evaluate this Programme need to evaluate this Inter-institutional Agreement on the basis of information on the basis of information Programme on the basis of of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making⁸⁰, this information collected through collected through specific collected through specific monitoring requirements, while specific monitoring Programme should be monitoring requirements, while avoiding overregulation and avoiding overregulation and requirements, while avoiding evaluated on the basis of administrative burdens. in administrative burdens, in overregulation and information collected in particular on Member States. particular on Member States. administrative burdens, in accordance with specific These requirements, where These requirements, where particular on Member States. monitoring requirements, appropriate, should include appropriate, should include These requirements, where while avoiding an

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measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground.

⁸⁰ OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground. *The* Commission should draw up an interim evaluation report on the achievement of the objectives of the actions supported under the Programme, on the results and impacts, on the efficiency of the use of resources and on its Union added value, as well as a final evaluation report on the longer impact, the results and the sustainability of the actions, and the synergies with other Programmes. [Am. 62]

⁸⁰ OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

appropriate, should include measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground.

³⁴ OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

administrative burden, in particular on Member States, and overregulation. Those requirements, where appropriate, should include measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground. The Commission should draw up an interim evaluation report on the achievement of the objectives of the actions supported under the Programme, on the results and impacts, on the efficiency of the use of resources and on its Union added value, as well as a final evaluation report on the longer impact, the results and the sustainability of the actions, and the synergies with other Programmes.

Yellow
Council suggestion to add
after 75 a new recital:

		(75a new) To monitor the
		support to SMEs, the
		Programme will use
		measurable performance
		indicators. Subject to
		availability of information
		and where relevant, those
		indicators should measure
		results and impact on
		specific objectives of the
		programme and specific
		target groups (for example
		women, youth and seniors).
		In particular, it would be
		important to measure the
		support to the green and
		digital transition,
		internationalisation, and
		innovation. In addition,
		contextual indicators are
		presented that do not
		measure the performance of
		the Programme, but give an
		overview of the environment
		in which SMEs operate.

1.	(75a) In order to supplement	Yellow
	certain non-essential elements of	EP suggestion:
	this Regulation, the power to	(75b) In order to supplement
	adopt acts in accordance with	certain non-essential
	Article 290 of the Treaty on the	elements of this Regulation,
	Functioning of the European	the power to adopt acts in
	Union should be delegated to the	accordance with Article 290
	Commission in respect of the	of the Treaty on the
	adoption of work programme(s).	Functioning of the European
	[Am. 63]	Union should be delegated to
		the Commission in respect of
		the adoption of work
		programme(s).
		Council suggestion: deletion
		Note: Article on
		delegated/implementing acts is
		red: the recital has to be
		adapted in accordance with
		the outcome of the decision at
		political level on articles.
		To be aligned with standard
		recital on DA if agreed

The list of animal diseases 92. and zoonosis which qualify for funding under emergency measures and for funding under the eradication, control and surveillance programmes should be established on the basis of animal diseases referred to in Chapter 2 of Part I of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸¹, Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸² and Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸³.

(76)The An open list of animal and zoonosis which diseases qualify for funding under emergency measures and for funding under the eradication, control and surveillance should programmes be established on the basis of animal diseases referred to in Chapter 2 of Part I of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸¹. Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸² and Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸³. [Am. 64]

⁸¹ Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law') (OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

(76) The list of animal diseases and zoonosis which qualify for funding under emergency measures and for funding under the eradication, control and surveillance programmes should be established on the basis of animal diseases referred to in Chapter 2 of Part I of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council³⁵, **Directive** 2003/99/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council^{35a}, Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³⁶ and Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council³⁷.

Yellow

(76) An open list of animal diseases and zoonoses which qualify for funding under emergency measures and for funding under the eradication, control and surveillance programmes should established on the basis of animal diseases referred to in Chapter 2 of Part I of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of Council⁸¹, **Directive** 2003/99/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council^{35a}, Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸² and Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and ofthe Council⁸³.

⁸¹ Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law') (OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

⁸² Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003

³⁵ Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing

⁸¹ Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March

of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 1).

⁸³ Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (OJ L 147, 31.05.2001, p. 1). ⁸² Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 1).

83 Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (OJ L 147, 31.05.2001, p. 1).

certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law')
(OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

35a Directive 2003/99/EC of
the European Parliament and
of the Council of
17 November 2003 on the
monitoring of zoonoses and
zoonotic agents, amending
Council Decision 90/424/EEC
and repealing Council
Directive 92/117/EEC (OJ
L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 31).

36 Regulation (EC) No

³⁶ Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 1).

³⁷ Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law') (OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

35a Directive 2003/99/EC of

the European Parliament
and of the Council of
17 November 2003 on the
monitoring of zoonoses and
zoonotic agents, amending
Council

Decision 90/424/EEC and repealing Council
Directive 92/117/EEC (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 31).

⁸² Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 1). ⁸³ Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European

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			transmissible spongiform	Parliament and of the Council	
			encephalopathies (OJ L 147,	of 22 May 2001 laying down	
			31.05.2001, p. 1).	rules for the prevention,	
				control and eradication of	
				certain transmissible	
				spongiform encephalopathies	
				(OJ L 147, 31.05.2001, p. 1).	
93.	(77) In order to take account of	(77) In order to take account of	(77) In order to take account of	Yellow	
	situations that are provoked by	situations that are provoked by	situations that are provoked by	(77) In order to take	
	animal diseases that have a	animal diseases that have a	animal diseases that have a	account of situations that are	
	significant impact on livestock	significant impact on livestock	significant impact on livestock	provoked by animal diseases	
	production or trade, the	production or trade, the	production or trade, the	that have a significant impact	
	development of zoonoses which	development of zoonoses which	development of zoonoses which	on livestock production or	
	pose a threat to humans, or new	pose a threat to humans, or new	pose a threat to humans, or new	trade, the development of	
	scientific or epidemiological	scientific or epidemiological	scientific or epidemiological	zoonoses which pose a threat	
	developments, as well as animal	developments, as well as animal	developments, as well as animal	to humans, or new scientific or	
	diseases, which are likely to	diseases, which are likely to	diseases, which are likely to	epidemiological	
	constitute a new threat for the	constitute a new threat for the	constitute a new threat for the	developments, as well as	
	Union, the power to adopt acts in	Union, the power to adopt acts in	Union, the power to adopt acts	animal diseases, which are	
	accordance with Article 290 of the	accordance with Article 290 of the	in accordance with Article 290	likely to constitute a new	
	Treaty on the Functioning of the	Treaty on the Functioning of the	of the Treaty on the Functioning	threat for the Union, the power	
	European Union should be	European Union should be	of the European Union should	to adopt acts in accordance	
	delegated to the Commission, in	delegated to the Commission, in	be delegated to the	with Article 290 of the Treaty	
	respect of amending the list of	respect of amending the list of	Commission, in respect of	on the Functioning of the	
	animal diseases and zoonoses. In	animal diseases and zoonoses. In	amending the list of animal	European Union should be	
	order to ensure effective	order to ensure effective	diseases and zoonoses. In order	delegated to the Commission,	
	assessment of progress of the	assessment of progress of the	to ensure effective assessment	in respect of amending the list	

Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of reviewing or complementing the indicators to measure the achievement of the specific objectives where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the

Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of reviewing or complementing the indicators to measure achievement of the specific objectives where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. In particular, Stakeholders and consumer associations should be consulted

of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of reviewing or complementing the indicators to measure the achievement of the specific objectives where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Lawof animal diseases and zoonoses. In order to ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of reviewing or complementing the indicators to measure the achievement of the specific objectives where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with

	European Parliament and the	as well. To ensure equal	Making. In particular, to ensure	the principles laid down in the
	Council receive all documents at	participation in the preparation of	equal participation in the	Interinstitutional Agreement
	the same time as Member States'	delegated acts, the European	preparation of delegated acts,	of 13 April 2016 on Better
	experts, and their experts	Parliament and the Council	the European Parliament and	Law-Making. Stakeholders
	systematically have access to	receive all documents at the same	the Council receive all	and consumer associations
	meetings of Commission expert	time as Member States' experts,	documents at the same time as	should be consulted as well.
	groups dealing with the preparation	and their experts systematically	Member States' experts, and	To ensure equal participation
	of delegated acts.	have access to meetings of	their experts systematically	in the preparation of delegated
		Commission expert groups	have access to meetings of	acts, the European Parliament
		dealing with the preparation of	Commission expert groups	and the Council receive all
		delegated acts. [Am. 65]	dealing with the preparation of	documents at the same time as
			delegated acts.	Member States' experts, and
				their experts systematically
				have access to meetings of
				Commission expert groups
				dealing with the preparation of
				delegated acts.
				Council drafting suggestion:
				Stakeholders and consumer
				associations should also be
				consulted.
94.	(78) Pursuant to [reference to be	(78) Pursuant to [reference to	(78) Pursuant to [reference to	Yellow
	updated as appropriate according	be updated as appropriate	be updated as appropriate	(78) Pursuant to [reference
	to a new decision on OCTs: Article	according to a new decision on	according to a new decision on	to be updated as appropriate
	94 of Council Decision	OCTs: Article 94 of Council	OCTs: Article 94 of Council	according to a new decision on
	2013/755/EU ⁸⁴], persons and	Decision 2013/755/EU ⁸⁴],	Decision 2013/755/EU ³⁸],	OCTs: Article 94 of Council

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				2010/27/27/2
	entities established in overseas	persons and entities established in	persons and entities established	Decision 2013/755/EU ⁸⁴],
	countries and territories are eligible	overseas countries and territories	in overseas countries and	persons and entities established
	for funding subject to the rules and	are eligible for funding subject to	territories are eligible for	in overseas countries and
	objectives of the Programme and	the rules and objectives of the	funding subject to the rules and	territories are eligible for
	possible arrangements applicable	Programme and possible	objectives of the Programme	funding subject to the rules and
	to the Member State to which the	arrangements applicable to the	and possible arrangements	objectives of the Programme
	relevant overseas country or	Member State to which the	applicable to the Member State	and possible arrangements
	territory is linked.	relevant overseas country or	to which the relevant overseas	applicable to the Member State
		territory is linked.	country or territory is linked.	to which the relevant overseas
				country or territory is linked.
	⁸⁴ Council Decision 2013/755/EU			
	of 25 November 2013 on the	⁸⁴ Council Decision 2013/755/EU	³⁸ Council Decision	
	association of the overseas	of 25 November 2013 on the	2013/755/EU of 25 November	⁸⁴ Council Decision
	countries and territories with the	association of the overseas	2013 on the association of the	2013/755/EU of 25 November
	European Union (Overseas	countries and territories with the	overseas countries and	2013 on the association of the
	Association Decision) (OJ L 344,	European Union (Overseas	territories with the European	overseas countries and
	19.12.2013, p. 1).	Association Decision) (OJ L 344,	Union (Overseas Association	territories with the European
		19.12.2013, p. 1).	Decision) (OJ L 344,	Union (Overseas Association
			19.12.2013, p. 1).	Decision) (OJ L 344,
				19.12.2013, p. 1).
95.	(79) In accordance with the	(79) In accordance with the	(79) In accordance with the	Yellow
	Financial Regulation, Regulation	Financial Regulation, Regulation	Financial Regulation,	(79) In accordance with the
	(EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the	(EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of	Regulation (EU, Euratom) No	Financial Regulation,
	European Parliament and of the	the European Parliament and of	883/2013 of the European	Regulation (EU, Euratom) No
	Council ⁸⁵ , Council Regulation	the Council ⁸⁵ , Council	Parliament and of the Council ³⁸ ,	883/2013 of the European
	(Euratom, EC) No	Regulation (Euratom, EC) No	Council Regulation (Euratom,	Parliament and of the
	2988/95 ⁸⁶ ,Council Regulation	2988/95 ⁸⁶ ,Council Regulation	EC) No 2988/95 ³⁹ , Council	Council ³⁸ , Council Regulation
			L	

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(Euratom, EC) No 2185/96⁸⁷ and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939⁸⁸, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public

(Euratom, EC) No 2185/96⁸⁷ and Council Regulation (EU) $2017/1939^{88}$, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European

Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96⁴⁰ and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/193941, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-thespot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud. corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In

(Euratom, EC) No 2988/95³⁹, Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/9640 and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939⁴¹, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any

Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸⁹. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the EPPO and the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights.

Regulation (EU, Euratom) No
883/2013 of the European
Parliament and of the Council of
11 September 2013 concerning
investigations conducted by the
European Anti-Fraud Office

Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸⁹. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission. OLAF, the EPPO and the **European Court of Auditors** (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights.

accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴². In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the **EPPO** in respect of those **Member States participating** in enhanced cooperation pursuant to Regulation (EU) **2017/1939**, and the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent

other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴². In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests. to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission. OLAF, the EPPO and the **European Court of Auditors** (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights.

<sup>Regulation (EU, Euratom) No
883/2013 of the European
Parliament and of the Council of
September 2013 concerning</sup>

(OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1.

⁸⁶ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95, p.1).

87 Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292,15.11.96, p.2).

⁸⁸ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1.

⁸⁶ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95, p.1).

87 Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292,15.11.96, p.2).

⁸⁸ Council Regulation (EU)2017/1939 of 12 October 2017implementing enhanced

rights.

³⁸ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1. ³⁹ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95, p.1). ⁴⁰ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning onthe-spot checks and inspections

Council suggestion: In accordance with the Financial Regulation, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council³⁸, Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2988/95³⁹, Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96⁴⁰ and Council Regulation (EU) $2017/1939^{41}$, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected by means of proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, to the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative penalties. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation

Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017, p.1).

89 Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).

cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017, p.1).

89 Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).

carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292,15.11.96, p.2).

41 Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017, p.1).

42 Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of

the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on

the fight against fraud to the

Union's financial interests by

means of criminal law (OJ L

198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).

European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) has the power to carry out administrative investigations, including onthe-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. The European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴². In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights

(Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the

		and access to the Commission,
		OLAF, the EPPO and the
		European Court of Auditors
		(ECA) and to ensure that any
		third parties involved in the
		implementation in the
		implementation of Union
		funds grant equivalent rights.
		³⁸ Regulation (EU, Euratom)
		No 883/2013 of the European
		Parliament and of the Council
		of 11 September 2013
		concerning investigations
		conducted by the European
		Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF)
		and repealing Regulation (EC)
		No 1073/1999 of the European
		Parliament and of the Council
		and Council Regulation
		(Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ
		L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1.
		³⁹ Council Regulation (EC,
		Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18
		December 1995 on the
		protection of the European

				Communities financial
				interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95,
				p.1).
				⁴⁰ Council Regulation
				(Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of
				11 November 1996 concerning
				on-the-spot checks and
				inspections carried out by the
				Commission in order to
				protect the European
				Communities' financial
				interests against fraud and
				other irregularities (OJ
				L292,15.11.96, p.2).
				⁴¹ Council Regulation (EU)
				2017/1939 of 12 October 2017
				implementing enhanced
				cooperation on the
				establishment of the European
				Public Prosecutor's Office
				('the EPPO') (OJ L283,
				31.10.2017, p.1).
				Note: LL EP: ok
96.	(80) Horizontal financial rules	(80) Horizontal financial rules	(80) Horizontal financial rules	Yellow
	adopted by the European	adopted by the European	adopted by the European	(80) Horizontal financial
	Parliament and the Council on the	Parliament and the Council on the	Parliament and the Council on	rules adopted by the European
	basis of Article 322 of the Treaty	basis of Article 322 of the Treaty	the basis of Article 322 of the	Parliament and the Council on

on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors. Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for sound financial management and effective Union funding.

on the Functioning of European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down and in particular in the Financial Regulation determine in particular which lays procedure the down establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide provides for checks on the responsibility of financial actors should apply to the actions under this Programme, subject to specific derogations, provided for in this Regulation. Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for sound financial management and effective Union funding. [**Am. 66**]

Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors. [Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for sound financial management and effective Union funding.]

the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and in *particular* in the Financial Regulation which lays down the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and *provides* for checks on the responsibility of financial actors should apply to the actions under this Programme, subject to specific derogations, provided for in this Regulation. Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States. as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for sound financial management and

		effective Union funding.
		Council suggestion
		(provisional):
		Horizontal financial rules
		adopted by the European
		Parliament and the Council on
		the basis of Article 322 of the
		Treaty on the Functioning of
		the European Union. These
		rules are laid down in the
		Financial Regulation and
		determine in particular the
		procedure for establishing and
		implementing the budget
		through grants, procurement,
		prizes, indirect
		implementation, and <i>provide</i>
		for checks on the
		responsibility of financial
		actors. Rules adopted on the
		basis of Article 322 TFEU
		also concern other
		conditionalities to protect the
		budget.
		Note: To be finalised in line

Regulation (EU) 2016/679 97. of the European Parliament and of the Council⁹⁰ governs the processing of personal data carried out in the Member States in the context of this Regulation and under the supervision of the Member States competent authorities. Regulation (EC) 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁹¹ governs the processing of personal data carried out by the Commission within the framework of this Regulation and under the supervision of the European Data Protection Supervisor. Any exchange or transmission of information by competent authorities is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and any exchange or transmission of information by the Commission is to comply with

Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (81)of the European Parliament and of the Council⁹⁰ governs processing of personal data carried out in the Member States in the context of this Regulation and under the supervision of the Member States competent Regulation authorities. (EC) 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁹¹ governs the processing of personal data carried out by the Commission within framework of this Regulation and under the supervision of the European Data Protection Supervisor. Any exchange or transmission of information by competent authorities is comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid in Regulation down (EU) 2016/679 in Regulation XXX [Regulation on privacy

(81) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴³ governs the processing of personal data carried out in the Member States in the context of this Regulation and under the supervision of the Member States competent authorities. Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴⁴ governs the processing of personal data carried out by the Commission within the framework of this Regulation and under the supervision of the European Data Protection Supervisor. Any exchange or transmission of information by competent authorities is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and any exchange or transmission of

with horizontal guidelines of both co-legislators

Yellow (81) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴³ governs the processing of personal data carried out in the Member States in the context of this Regulation and under the supervision of the Member States competent authorities. Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴⁴ governs the processing of personal data carried out by the Commission within the framework of this Regulation and under the supervision of the European Data Protection Supervisor. Any exchange or transmission of information by competent authorities is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in

the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001.

electronic communications] and and any exchange or transmission of information by the Commission is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001. [Am. 67]

90 Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

⁹¹ Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data (OJ information by the Commission is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001.

43 Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

⁴⁴ Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free

Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in Regulation XXX [Regulation on privacy and electronic communications] and any exchange or transmission of information by the Commission is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001.

⁴³ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

Council suggests deletion of: in Regulation XXX [Regulation on privacy and electronic communications]

⁹⁰ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

⁹¹ Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data (OJ L 8, 12.1.2001, p. 1).

		L 8, 12.1.2001, p. 1).	movement of such data (OJ L 8, 12.1.2001, p. 1).	and.
			12.1.2001, p. 1).	LL EP: ok
98.			(81a) Regulation (EC) No	Yellow
			223/2009 establishes the rules	
			of producing statistics in	Council suggestion:
			accordance with the principle	(81a) Regulation (EC) No
			of statistical confidentiality	223/2009 establishes the
			and stipulates that the	rules of producing statistics
			National Statistical Institutes,	in accordance with the
			other national authorities and	principle of statistical
			the Commission (Eurostat)	confidentiality and stipulates
			shall take all necessary	that the National Statistical
			measures to ensure	<u>Institutes</u> , other national
			the alignment of principles	authorities and the
			and guidelines with regard to	Commission (Eurostat) shall
			the physical and logical	take all necessary measures
			protection of confidential	to ensure the alignment of
			data.	<u>principles and guidelines</u>
				with regard to the physical
				and logical protection of
				confidential data.
99.	(82) Since the objectives of this	(82) Since the objectives of	(82) Since the objectives of this	Green
	Regulation cannot be sufficiently	this Regulation cannot be	Regulation cannot be	(82) Since the objectives of
	achieved by the Member States	sufficiently achieved by the	sufficiently achieved by the	this Regulation cannot be
	due to the cross-border nature of	Member States due to the cross-	Member States due to the cross-	sufficiently achieved by the
	the issues involved, but can rather,	border nature of the issues	border nature of the issues	Member States due to the

involved, but can rather, by cross-border nature of the by reason of the greater potential involved, but can rather, by of Union action, be better achieved reason of the greater potential of reason of the greater potential issues involved, but can rather. Union action, be better achieved of Union action, be better at Union level, the Union may by reason of the greater at Union level, the Union may potential of Union action, be adopt measures in accordance with achieved at Union level, the better achieved at Union level. the principle of subsidiarity as set adopt measures in accordance Union may adopt measures in out in Article 5 of the Treaty on with the principle of subsidiarity accordance with the principle of the Union may adopt measures European Union. In accordance as set out in Article 5 of the subsidiarity as set out in Article in accordance with the with the principle of Treaty on European Union. In 5 of the Treaty on European principle of subsidiarity as set accordance with the principle of Union. In accordance with the proportionality, as set out in that out in Article 5 of the Treaty Article, this Regulation does not go proportionality, as set out in that principle of proportionality, as on European Union. In beyond what is necessary in order Article, this Regulation does not set out in that Article, this accordance with the principle to achieve those objectives. go beyond what is necessary in Regulation does not go beyond of proportionality, as set out in order to achieve those objectives. what is necessary in order to that Article, this Regulation achieve those objectives. does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives. The Programme should The Programme should (83) The Programme should Yellow (83)100. (83)also be to ensure greater visibility The Programme should also be to ensure greater visibility also be to ensure greater and coherence of the Union's and coherence of the Union's visibility and coherence of the also ensure greater visibility and coherence of the Union's internal market, competitiveness of internal market, competitiveness Union's internal market. enterprises including SMEs and and sustainability of enterprises competitiveness of enterprises internal market. European statistics actions towards including SMEs and European including SMEs especially micro, competitiveness and European citizens, businesses and small statistics actions towards sustainability of enterprises and medium-sized enterprises and European citizens, businesses especially micro, small and administrations. European actions and administrations. medium-sized enterprises and statistics towards European citizens, businesses and European statistics actions administrations. [Am. 68] towards European citizens,

				businesses and
				administrations.
				Council suggestion: replacing
				"micro, small and medium-
				sized enterprises" by SMEs.
				LL EP: ok
101.	(84) Regulation (EU) No	(84) Regulation (EU) No	(84) Regulation (EU) No	Yellow
	99/2013, Regulation (EU) No	99/2013, Regulation (EU) No	99/2013, Regulation (EU) No	(84) Regulation (EU) No
	1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No	1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No	1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No	99/2013, Regulation (EU) No
	254/2014 of the European	254/2014 of the European	254/2014 of the European	1287/2013, Regulation (EU)
	Parliament and of the Council ⁹² ,	Parliament and of the Council ⁹² ,	Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁵ ,	No 254/2014 of the European
	Regulation (EU) No 258/2014 of	Regulation (EU) No 258/2014 of	Regulation (EU) No 258/2014	Parliament and of the
	the European Parliament and of the	the European Parliament and of	of the European Parliament and	Council ⁴⁵ , Regulation (EU)
	Council ⁹³ , Regulation (EU) No	the Council ⁹³ , Regulation (EU)	of the Council ⁴⁶ , Regulation	No 258/2014 of the European
	652/2014 of the European	No 652/2014 of the European	(EU) No 652/2014 of the	Parliament and of the
	Parliament and of the Council ⁹⁴ ,	Parliament and of the Council ⁹⁴ ,	European Parliament and of the	Council ⁴⁶ , Regulation (EU)
	Regulation (EU) 2017/826, should	Regulation (EU) 2017/826,	Council ⁴⁷ , and Regulation (EU)	No 652/2014 of the European
	be repealed with effect from 1	should be repealed with effect	2017/826, should be repealed	Parliament and of the
	January 2021.	from 1 January 2021.	with effect from 1 January	Council ⁴⁷ and Regulation
			2021.	(EU) 2017/826 should be
				repealed with effect from 1
	⁹² Regulation (EU) No 254/2014 of	⁹² Regulation (EU) No 254/2014		January 2021.
	the European Parliament and of the	of the European Parliament and		
	Council of 26 February 2014 on a	of the Council of 26 February	⁴⁵ Regulation (EU) No	
	multiannual consumer programme	2014 on a multiannual consumer	254/2014 of the European	

of the years 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 1926/2006/EC (OJ L 84, 20.3.2014, p. 42).

⁹³ Regulation (EU) No 258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 April 2014 establishing a Union programme to support specific activities in the field of financial reporting and auditing for the period of 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 716/2009/EC (OJ L 105, 8.4.2014, p. 1).

94 Regulation (EU) No 652/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 laying down provisions for the management of expenditure relating to the food chain, animal health and animal welfare, and relating to plant health and plant reproductive material, amending Council Directives 98/56/EC, 2000/29/EC and 2008/90/EC, Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 882/2004 and (EC) No 396/2005 of the European

programme of the years 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 1926/2006/EC (OJ L 84, 20.3.2014, p. 42).

93 Regulation (EU) No 258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 April 2014 establishing a Union programme to support specific activities in the field of financial reporting and auditing for the period of 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 716/2009/EC (OJ L 105, 8.4.2014, p. 1).

94 Regulation (EU) No 652/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 laying down provisions for the management of expenditure relating to the food chain, animal health and animal welfare, and relating to plant health and plant reproductive material, amending Council Directives 98/56/EC, 2000/29/EC and 2008/90/EC, Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 882/2004 and (EC) No

Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on a multiannual consumer programme of the years 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 1926/2006/EC (OJ L 84, 20.3.2014, p. 42).

46 Regulation (EU) No

258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 April 2014 establishing a Union programme to support specific activities in the field of financial reporting and auditing for the period of 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 716/2009/EC (OJ L 105, 8.4.2014, p. 1).

⁴⁷ Regulation (EU) No 652/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 laying down provisions for the management of expenditure relating to the food chain, animal health and animal welfare, and relating to plant health and plant ⁴⁵ Regulation (EU) No 254/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on a multiannual consumer programme of the years 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 1926/2006/EC (OJ L 84, 20.3.2014, p. 42). ⁴⁶ Regulation (EU) No

258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 April 2014 establishing a Union programme to support specific activities in the field of financial reporting and auditing for the period of 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 716/2009/EC (OJ L 105, 8.4.2014, p. 1).

47 Regulation (EU) No

⁴⁷ Regulation (EU) No 652/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 laying down provisions for the management of expenditure relating to the food chain, animal health and

Parliament and of the Council, Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decisions 66/399/EEC, 76/894/EEC and 2009/470/EC (OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 1). 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decisions 66/399/EEC, 76/894/EEC and 2009/470/EC (OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 1).

reproductive material, amending Council Directives 98/56/EC, 2000/29/EC and 2008/90/EC, Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 882/2004 and (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decisions 66/399/EEC. 76/894/EEC and 2009/470/EC (OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 1).

animal welfare, and relating to plant health and plant reproductive material, amending Council Directives 98/56/EC, 2000/29/EC and 2008/90/EC, Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 882/2004 and (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decisions 66/399/EEC, 76/894/EEC and 2009/470/EC (OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 1).

Council suggestion for recital 84 identical

Yellow

Council suggestion for recital

				(84a new) Since amending
				provisions of legal acts have
				exhausted their effects at the
				moment of their entry into
				force and the amendments
				they introduced in other legal
				acts have thus become part of
				those legal acts at the same
				moment, the repeal of
				Regulation (EU) 652/2014 has
				no effect on the amendments
				already introduced by its
				Articles 46, 48 and 50-53 in
				other legal acts, in particular
				with regard to the setting up of
				the Standing Committee on
				Plants, Animals, Food and
				Feed ('the PAFF Committee'),
				which remains in force
				notwithstanding the repeal of
				Regulation (EU) 652/2004.
102.	(85) It is appropriate to ensure a	(85) It is appropriate to ensure	(85) It is appropriate to ensure a	Yellow
	smooth transition without	a smooth transition without	smooth transition without	(85) It is appropriate to
	interruption between the	interruption between the	interruption between the	ensure a smooth transition
	programmes in the fields of	programmes in the fields of	programmes in the fields of	without interruption between
	competitiveness of enterprises and	competitiveness and	competitiveness of enterprises	the programmes in the fields

SMEs, consumer protection, customers and end-users in financial services, policy making in financial services, food chain and European statistics, established by Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014, Regulation (EU) 2017/826, Regulation (EU) No 258/2014, Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 and this Programme, in particular regarding the continuation of multiannual measures and the evaluation of the previous programmes successes,

sustainability of enterprises and SMEs, especially micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, consumer protection, customers and end-users in financial services, policy making in financial services, food chain and European statistics, established Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014, Regulation (EU) 2017/826, Regulation (EU) No 258/2014, Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 and this Programme, in regarding particular the of multiannual continuation measures, and the evaluation of previous the programmes successes, [Am. 69]

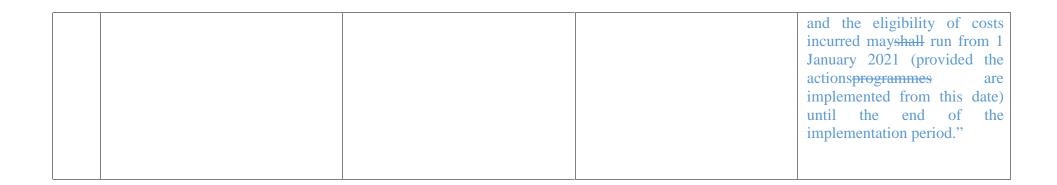
and SMEs, consumer protection, customers and endusers in financial services. policy making in financial services, food chainin the area of plants, animals, food and **feed,** and European statistics, established by Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014, Regulation (EU) 2017/826, Regulation (EU) No 258/2014, Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 and this Programme, in particular regarding the continuation of multiannual measures and the evaluation of the previous programmes successes,

of competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises, especially SMEs, consumer protection, customers and endusers in financial services, policy making in financial services, in the area of plants, animals, food and feed, and European statistics, established by Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014, Regulation (EU) 2017/826, Regulation (EU) No 258/2014, Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 and this Programme, in particular regarding the continuation of multiannual measures, and the evaluation of the previous programmes successes.

Yellow

Recital 85a

"Due to the late adoption of this Regulation, it is not possible to respect deadlines for veterinary and phyto-sanitary programmes specified in Article 16(2) of this Regulation and in point 2.1 of Annex I to this Regulation, in respect of programmes to be implemented in 2021. In addition, it is not possible to submit grant applications for actions implementing specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation and starting on 1 January 2021 before that date. These circumstances amount to an exceptional case justifying the application of the exception laid down in point (a) of the second subparagraph of Article 193(2) of the Financial Regulation. In order to ensure the correct implementation of these actionsprogrammes, the period covered by the approval, the associated funding in relation to the measures implemented,



Proposal for a

REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

establishing the Programme for single market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics and repealing Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 25 4/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 2018/0231 (COD)

(text with EEA relevance)

PART 2: ARTICLES 1-25

Cell in green: The text can be deemed as already agreed

Cell in yellow: The issue needs further discussion at technical level

Cell in red: The issue needs further discussion in depth at the trilogue meetings

Note:

Differences between the EP's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Differences between the Council's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Modifications by lawyer-linguists are in Italics.

Deletions are not marked. Compromise wording is in Bold/Italics/Underline.

Row	Location	COMMISSION COM(2018)441 final	EP	COUNCIL -PARTIAL GENERAL APPROACH 14257/1/18 REV 1	POSSIBLE COMPROMISE SOLUTION		
			CHAPTER I				
			GENERAL PROVISI	IONS			
	Article 1						
25.	Title	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter		
26.	Art. 1 – par. 1	This Regulation establishes the programme for improving the functioning of the internal market and the competitiveness of enterprises, including micro,	This Regulation establishes the <i>Single Market</i> programme for improving the functioning of <i>strengthening</i> the internal market and the <i>improving its</i>	This Regulation establishes the programme for both improving the functioning of the internal market and the competitiveness of enterprises, including in	Green This Regulation establishes the programme for improving the functioning of the internal		

		small and medium-sized enterprises and the framework for financing of development, production and dissemination of European statistics within the meaning of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 (the 'Programme').	functioning in the fields of competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises, including especially micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, standardisation, consumer protection, market surveillance, food supply chain and the framework for financing of development, production and dissemination of European statistics within the meaning of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 (the 'Programme'). [Am. 70]	particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, for the area of plants, animals, food and feed, and the programming and financing framework for financing of the development, production and dissemination of European statistics within the meaning of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 (the 'Programme').	market and the competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises including especially micro, smal and medium-sized enterprises, for consumer protection, for the area of plants, animals, food and feed, and the programming and financing framework for financing of the development, production and dissemination of European statistics within the meaning of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 (the 'Programme'). Note: text is green, Council suggests to add, as per horizontal guidance, at the end "for the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2027" - linked to decision on retroactivity and end clauses. To be dealt with at finalisation stage
27.	Art. 1 – par. 2	It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for	It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for the	It lays down the main fields and objectives of the actions	Green

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		the period 2021 to 2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.	period 2021 to 2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.	envisaged in the Programme, the budget for the period 2021 to 2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding as well as the system of governance.	It lays down the objectives of the Programme and the eligible actions for implementing those objectives, the budget for the period 2021 to 2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding <u>as</u> well as the system of governance.
28.			Article 2		
29.	Title	Definitions	Definitions	Definitions	Definitions
30.	Art. 2, par. 1 introducto ry part	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	Green For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:
31.	Art. 2, par. 1, point 1.	(1) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the Union budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to	(1) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the Union budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to	(1) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the Union budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to Article 2(6)	Green (1) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the

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		Article 2(6) of the Financial Regulation, combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the Union budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;	Article 2(6) of the Financial Regulation, combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the Union budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;	of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 of the European Parliament and of the Council (the 'Financial Regulation'), combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the Union budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;	Union budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to Article 2(6) of the Financial Regulation, combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the Union budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;
32.	Art. 2, par. 1 point 2	(2) 'European statistics' means statistics developed, produced and disseminated in accordance with in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	(2) 'European statistics' means statistics developed, produced and disseminated at the Union level and in the Member States in accordance with Article 3 of the Treaty on European Union and Regulation (EC) No 223/2009; [Am. 71]	(2) 'European statistics' means statistics developed, produced and disseminated in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	Green (2) 'European statistics' means statistics developed, produced and disseminated in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;
33.	Art. 2, par 1, point 3	(3) 'legal entity' means any natural or legal person created	(3) 'legal entity' means any natural or legal person created	(3) 'legal entity' means any natural or legal person created	Green

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	and recognised as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations, or an entity without a legal personality in accordance with Article 197(2)(c) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council (the 'Financial Regulation');	and recognised as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations, or an entity without a legal personality in accordance with point (c) of the Article 197(2) of Regulation <i>No</i> 2018/1046 (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council (the 'Financial Regulation'); [Am. 72]	and recognised as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations, or an entity without a legal personality in accordance with Article 197(2)(c) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council (the 'Financial Regulation');	3) 'legal entity' means any natur or legal person created and recognised as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations, or an entity without a legal personality in accordance with Article 197(2)(c) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council (the 'Financial Regulation');
34. Art. 2, par. 1, point 4	(4) 'micro, small and medium-sized enterprises' means micro, small and medium-sized enterprises as defined in Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC ⁹⁵ in the version of 6 May 2003;	(4) 'micro, small and medium-sized enterprises' means micro, small and medium-sized enterprises as defined in Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC ⁹⁵ in the version of 6 May 2003;	(4) 'micro, small and medium-sized enterprises SMEs' means micro, small and medium-sized enterprises as defined in Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC ¹⁰⁷ in the version of 6 May 2003;	Yellow (4) 'micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (<u>SMEs</u>)' mean micro, small and medium-sized enterprises as defined in Commission Recommendation

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		95 Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36).	2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36).	Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36).	Legal Service, lawyer-linguists to double-check 107 Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36). Note: Council prefers a dynamic definition, while EP prefers a static one
35.	Art. 2, par. 1, point 4a (new)		(4a) 'Social economy enterprise' means an enterprise whose main objective is to have a social impact rather than make a profit for their owners or shareholders, which operates by providing goods and services for the market and which is		Red

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		managed in an open and responsible manner involving employees, consumers and stakeholders; [Am. 73]	
36.	Art. 2, par. 1, point 4b (new)	(4b) 'Local Public Enterprise' means a small local public service enterprise that meets the SME criteria and fulfils important tasks for local communities; [Am. 74]	Red
37.	Art. 2, par. 1, point 4c (new)	(4c) 'Enterprise networks' means the coming together of entrepreneurs in order to carry out a shared project and in which two or more SMEs jointly exercise one or more economic activities in order to increase their competitiveness in the market; [Am. 75]	Red

38.	Art. 2, par. 1 point 5	(5) 'third country' means a country that is not a member of the Union.	(5) 'third country' means a country that is not a member of the Union.	(5) 'third country' means a country that is not a member of the Union.	Green (5) 'third country' means a country that is not a member of the Union
39.			Article 3		
40.	Title	Programme objectives	Programme objectives	Programme objectives	Green Programme objectives
41.	Art. 3, par. 1	1. The Programme has the following general objectives:	1. The Programme has the following general objectives:	1. The Programme has the following general objectives:	Green 1. The Programme has the following general objectives:
42.	Art. 3, par. 1, point (a)	(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium- sized enterprises	(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises	(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by	Green (a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especial to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and

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(SMEs), by enforcement of
Union law, facilitation of
market access, standard setting,
and by promoting human,
animal and plant health and
animal welfare; as well as to
enhance cooperation between
the competent authorities of
Member States and between the
competent authorities of
Member States and the
Commission and the
decentralised Union agencies;

(SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of legal, social and environmental framework; to facilitate market access and access to finance, to promote fair competition between companies, and standard setting, and by promoting to ensure a uniform and high level of consumer protection, to strengthen the market surveillance across the Union, to improve mutual recognition and to promote human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies; [Am. 76]

enforcement of Union law,
facilitation of market access,
standard setting, and by
promoting human, animal and
plant health and animal welfare,
whilst respecting the principles
of sustainable development; as
well as to enhance cooperation
between the competent
authorities of Member States and
between the competent
authorities of Member States and
the Commission and the
decentralised Union agencies;

medium-sized enterprises (SME by *enforcing* Union law, facilitating market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare, whilst respecting the principle of sustainable development and ensuring a high level of consumer protection; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Membe States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies

		policies and help policy makers, businesses, academia, citizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.	monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies, including trade and migration, and help citizens, policy makers and regulators, supervisory authorities, businesses, academia, eitizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process. [Am. 77]	monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies and help policy makers, businesses, academia, citizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.	European statistics on Europe which underpin the design, monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies, and help citizens, policy makers and authorities, businesses, academi citizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.
44.	Art. 3, par. 2	2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:	2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:	2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:	Green 2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:
45.	Art. 3, par. 2,	(a) making the internal market more effective,	(a) making the internal market more effective, by:	(a) making the internal market more effective, also in the light	Yellow EP suggestion

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	point (a)	facilitating the prevention and removal of obstacles, supporting the development, implementation and enforcement of the Union law in the areas of the internal market for goods and services, public procurement, market surveillance as well as in the areas of company law and contract and extra-contractual law, anti-money laundering, free movement of capital, financial services and competition, including the development of governance tools;		of the digital transformation, facilitating the prevention and removal of unjustified or disproportionate obstacles, prevention of unjustified unequal treatment of market participants, supporting the development, implementation and enforcement of the Union law in the areas of the internal market for goods and services, public procurement, market surveillance as well as in the areas of company law and contract and extra-contractual law, anti-money laundering, free movement of capital, financial services and competition, including the development of user-centric governance tools;	(a) making the intermarket more effective, intermarket more effective, intermation the light of the digitansformation, by: Note: linked to split of objective
46.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (a) point (i) (new)		(i) facilitating the prevention and removal of obstacles; and supporting the development, implementation and enforcement of the Union		Yellow (i) facilitating the prevention and removal of discriminator unjustified disproportionate obstacles; a

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		law, in the areas of the internal	supporting the developme
		market for goods and services,	implementation and enforcement
		and public procurement, market	of Union law in the areas of t
		surveillance as well as in the	internal market for goods a
		areas of company law and	services, including by improvi
		contract and extra-contractual	the application of the mutu
		law, anti-money laundering, free	recognition principle, of pub
		movement of capital, financial	procurement, market surveillan
		services and competition,	of company law and contract a
		including the development of	extra-contractual law, of an
		governance tools;	money laundering, of fr
			movement of capital, of finance
			services and of competition
			including by the development
			<u>user-centric</u> governance tools;
			Note: The wording is green
			mutual recognition, but linked
			row 47, so row 46 remains yello
47.	Art. 3,	(ii) supporting effective	Red
	par. 2,	market surveillance and product	
	point (a)	safety throughout the Union,	EP suggestion

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point (ii)	and contributing to the fight	(ii) supporting effective
new)	against the counterfeiting of	market surveillance and produc
	products, with a view to ensuring	safety throughout the Union, a
	that only safe and compliant	contributing to the fight agains
	products that offer a high level	the counterfeiting of products,
	of consumer protection are	with a view to ensuring that on
	made available on the Union	safe and compliant products th
	market, including those sold	offer a high level of consumer
	online, as well as to greater	protection are made available o
	homogeneity and capacity of the	the Union market, including
	market surveillance authorities	products sold online, as well as
	across the Union. [Am. 78]	greater homogeneity and
		capacity of the market
		surveillance authorities across
		the Union.
		Note: "Counterfeiting" remains
		red. Council insists to move
		products safety to row 59. The
		rest of the text is yellow.

48.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b)	(b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs, favourable business environment for SMEs, the competitiveness of sectors, the modernisation of industry and the promotion of entrepreneurship;	(b) improving strengthening both the competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide (objectives for SMEs), paying particular attention to their specific needs, by:	(b) improving strengthening the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality at Union level through the provision of measures that:	(b) improving strengthening both the competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality at Union level through the provision of measures that provide:
49.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (i) (new)		(i) providing various forms of support to SMEs, fostering the growth, promotion and creation of SMEs, including enterprise networks, development of managerial skills and fostering measures to scale-up that will allow them to better access to markets including the and internationalisation of SMEs,	(i) provide various forms of support to SMEs, including in the tourism sector,	Yellow EP Proposal (i) provide various forms of support to SMEs and networks of enterprises, including in the tourism sector, thereby fostering the growth, scale-up and creation of SMEs;

			-	
		processes, as well as marketing of their products and services;		Note: the Council stressed the la of clarity (including possible competition issues) of the conce "enterprise networks" and the possible confusion with the Enterprise Europe Network.
				Council suggestion (i) provide various forms support to SMEs as well as clust and other business netwo organisations, including in the tourism sector, thereby fosterist the growth, scale-up and creation of SMEs
50.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (ii) (new)	(ii) fostering a favourable business environment and framework for SMEs, reducing administrative burden, enhancing the competitiveness of sectors, ensuring the modernisation of industry	including the internationalisation	Green (ii) <u>facilitate</u> access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs,

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		including their digital transformation contributing to a resilient, energy and resource efficient economy;		
51.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (iii) (new)	(iii) promoting entrepreneurial culture and contributing to the high-quality training of SMEs' staff;	(iii) promote a favourable business environment for SMEs,	Green (iii) promote entrepreneurshi and entrepreneurial skills; Green
				(iv) promote a favourable business environment for SMEs and support digital transformation;
52.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (iv) (new)	(iv) promoting new business opportunities for SMEs overcoming structural changes through targeted measures, and other innovative forms of actions such as workers buy-outs facilitating job creation and the	(iv) support the competitiveness of sectors,	Red EP suggestion (v) promote new business opportunities for SMEs, including social economy enterprises, overcoming

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		promotion of entrepreneurship continuity of businesses, in territories affected by these changes; [Am. 79]		structural changes through targeted measures, and other innovative forms of actions such as workers buy-outs, for examply establishing of social economenterprises and by facilitating journation and the promotion of entrepreneurship continuity of businesses, in territories affected by these changes; Note: social economy enterprises and workers buy-outs remain reduction.
				(v) support the competitiveness of sectors and promote new business opportunities for SME
53.	Art. 3, par. 2,		(v) promote the modernisation of industry,	Green
	point (b), point (v) (new)		Note: Covered by point (ii)	(vi) promote the modernisation of industry, contributing to a green, digital and resilient economy;

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54.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (vi) (new)			(vi) support the development of industrial value chains and	Green (vii) support the development of industrial value chains;
55.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (vii) (new)			(vii) the promotione of entrepreneurship in a proportional manner; Note: covered by point iii)	Green Deletion
56.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (c)	(c) ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market through standardisation processes that:	(c) ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market through standardisation processes that:	(c) ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market through standardisation processes that:	Green (c) ensuring the effective functioning of the internal markethrough standardisation processe that:
57.	Art. 3, par. 2,	(i) enable the financing of European standardisation and	(i) enable the financing of European standardisation and	(i) enable the financing of European standardisation and	Green (i) enable the financing of

	point (c), point (i)	stakeholder participation in setting up European standards;	stakeholder bodies and the participation of all relevant stakeholders in setting up European standards; [Am. 80]	stakeholder participation in setting up European standards;	European standardisation and stakeholder and the participation of all relevant stakeholders in setting up European standards;
58.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (c), point (ii)	(ii) support the development of high-quality international financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their integration into the Union law and promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting;	(ii) support the development of high-quality international financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their integration into the Union law and and/or promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting for both small and big companies; [Am. 81]	(ii) support the development of high-quality international financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their integration into the Union law and promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting;	Light Green (ii) support the development of high-quality international financial and non-financial reporting and auditing standards facilitate their integration into th Union law and promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting;
59.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (d)	(d) promoting the interests of consumers and ensuring a high level of consumer protection and product safety by:	(d) promoting the interests of consumers and ensuring a <i>uniform and</i> high level of consumer protection and product safety by: [Am. 82]	(d) promoting the interests of consumers and ensuring a high level of consumer protection and product safety by:	Yellow (d) promoting the interests of consumers and ensuring a high level of consumer protection and product safety by:

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				Linked to row 47
60. Art. 3, par. 2, point (d point (i)	•	(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable eonsumption and product safety notably by in particular for the most vulnerable consumers in order to enhance fairness, transparency and trust in the single market; supporting competent enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations and cooperation actions, by addressing, among others, issues raised by existing and emerging technologies, including actions aiming at improving product traceability along the supply chain; quality standards across the Union, and addressing the issue of the dual	(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by supporting competent enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations—and, cooperation actions and activities enhancing the cooperation between competent authorities with particular attention to vulnerable consumers; ensuring that the interests of consumers in the digital world are duly taken into consideration; ensuring that all consumers have access to redress and; provision of adequate information on markets and consumers;	(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society in particular concerning consumer's rights under Union law; ensuring a highevel of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by in particular for the most vulnerable consumers in order enhance fairness, transparency and trust in the single market; ensuring that the interests of consumers in the digital world are duly taken into consideration; supporting competent enforcement authoriticand consumer representative organisations and actions enhancing the cooperation between competent authorities with particular emphasis on issues raised by existing and emerging technologies;

			quality of products; raising awareness about consumer's rights under Union law and ensuring that all consumers have access to efficient redress mechanisms and provision of adequate information on markets and consumers, as well as promoting sustainable consumption through enhanced information to consumers on specific characteristics and environmental impact of goods and services; [Am. 83]		contributing to improving the quality and availability of standards across the Union; efficiently addressing unfair commercial practices; ensuring that all consumers have access to efficient redress mechanisms an provision of are provided with adequate information on markets and consumers rights, a well as, and promoting sustainable consumption, name through raising awareness about specific characteristics and environmental impact of goods and services;
61.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (d), point (ii)	(ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services endusers and civil society in financial services policymaking; promoting a better understanding of the financial sector;	(ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services end-users and civil society in financial services policy-making; promoting a better understanding of the financial sector and of the different categories of commercialised financial	(ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services end-users and civil society in financial services policy-making; promoting a better understanding of the financial sector;	Green (ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services end-users and civil society in financial services policy-making; promoting a bett understanding of the financial sector and of the different categories of commercialised

			products and ensuring the interests of consumers in the area of retail financial services; [Am. 84]		financial products and ensuring the interests of consumers in th area of retail financial services;
62.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (e)	(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related areas,	(e) contributing to a high level of health <i>and safety</i> for humans, animals and plants along the food <i>and feed supply</i> chain	(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related the plant, animal, food	Red
		including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable food production and consumption;	and in related areas, including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals including, by means of emergency measures in the	and feed areas, including by preventing, detecting and eradicating animal diseases and plant pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, the fight against	(e) contributing to a high level of health <i>and safety</i> for humans, animals and plants along the footehain and in related plant,
		production and consumption,	event of large-scale crisis situations and unforeseeable events affecting animal or plant health, as well as supporting	antimicrobial resistance as well as a sustainable food production and consumption;	animal, food and feed areas, including by preventing, detecting and eradicating animal diseases and plant pests,
			improvements in animal welfare and developing the a-sustainable food production and consumption at affordable prices, as well as by stimulating research, innovation and the		including by means of emergency measures in the eve of large-scale crisis situations and unforeseeable events affecting animal or plant health and to support the improvement

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exchange of best practices between stakeholders in those fields; [Am. 85]		of the welfare of animal supporting the improvement of the welfare of animals, the fight against antimicrobial resistant and the development of sustainable food production and consumption at affordable price as well as by stimulating research, innovation and the exchange of best practices between stakeholders in those fields.
		EP Suggestion for a recital in recital soft the recitals document (recitals) on affordable prices Council suggestion: deletion of the part on "research and innovation" Note: outcome of the second
		trilogue: emergency measur remain red. Technical level

preparing a compromise text the rest for the next trilogu

					Affordable prices in a recital proposed by EP.
63.	Art. 3,	(f) producing and	(f) developing, producing,	(f) producing and communicating	Green
	par. 2,	communicating high quality	disseminating and	high- <u>-</u> quality statistics on	
	point (f)	statistics on Europe in a timely,	communicating high quality	European statistics	(f) developing,
		impartial and cost-efficient	European statistics on Europe in	in line with the quality criteria	producing, disseminating and
		manner, through enhanced	a timely, impartial and cost-	laid down in Article 12(1) of	communicating high quality
		partnerships within the	efficient manner, through	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 in	European statistics on Europe
		European Statistical System	enhanced partnerships within the	a timely, impartial and cost-	in line with the quality criteria
		referred to in Article 4 of	European Statistical System	efficient manner, through <u>a</u>	laid down in Article 12(1) of
		Regulation (EC) No 223/2009	referred to in Article 4 of	strengthened European	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009
		and with all relevant external	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009	Statistical System referred to in	a timely, impartial and cost-
		parties, using multiple data	and with all relevant external	Article 4 of Regulation (EC)	efficient manner, through <u>a</u>
		sources, advanced data analytics	parties, using multiple data	223/2009 and enhanced	strengthened European
		methods, smart systems and	sources, advanced data analytics	partnerships within the European	Statistical System referred to
		digital technologies.	methods, smart systems and	Statistical System referred to in	Article 4 of Regulation (EC)
			digital technologies, and	Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No	223/2009 and enhanced
			providing a national and, where	223/2009 and with all relevant	partnerships within the Europea
			possible, regional breakdown.	external parties, using multiple	Statistical System referred to in
			[Am. 86]	data sources, advanced data	Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No
				analytics methods, smart systems	223/2009 and with all relevant
				and digital technologies.	external parties, using multiple
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					data sources, advanced data analytics methods, smart system and digital technologies, and providing a national and, where possible, regional breakdown.
64.		1	Article 4	,	1
65.	Title	Budget	Budget	Budget	Red
66.	Art. 4, Par.1	1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021 to 2027 shall be EUR 4 088 580	1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021 to 2027 shall be EUR 4 088 580 000	1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021 to 2027 shall be [EUR 4 088 580	Red
		000 in current prices.	6 563 000 000 in current prices. [Am. 87]	000 in current prices].	Note: Council suggests to add a the end as per horizontal guidance "from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2027" Note: to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with decision on retroactivity/end clauses, entry into force

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67.	Art. 4, Par. 2	2. Within the amount referred to in paragraph 1 the following indicative amounts shall be allocated to the following objectives:	2. Within the amount referred to in paragraph 1 the following indicative amounts shall be allocated to the following objectives:	2. Within the amount referred to in paragraph 1 the following indicative amounts shall be allocated to the following objectives:	Red
68.	Art. 4, Par.2 point (-a) (new)		(-a) EUR 394 590 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(i); [Am. 88]		Red
69.	Art. 4, Par.2 point (-aa) (new)		(-aa) EUR 396 200 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii); [Am. 89]		Red
70.	Art. 4, Par.2 point (a)	(a) EUR 1 000 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	(a) EUR 1 000 000 000 3 122 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b); [Am. 90]	(a) [EUR 1 000 000 000] to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	Red
71.	Art. 4, Par.2 point (aa)		(aa) EUR 220 510 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c); [Am. 91]		Red

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	(new)				
72.	Art. 4, par.1 point (b)	(b) EUR 188 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i);	(b) EUR 188 000 000 198 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) 3(2)(d); [Am. 92]	(b) [EUR 188 000 000] to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i);	Red
73.	Art. 4, par.1 point (c)	(c) EUR 1 680 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e);	(c) EUR 1 680 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e);	(c) [EUR 1 680 000 000] to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e);	Red
74.	Art. 4, par.1, point (d)	(d) EUR 552 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f).	(d) EUR 552 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f).	(d) [EUR 552 000 000] to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f).	Red
75.	Art. 4, par. 3	3. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, concerning in particular preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and	3. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, concerning in particular preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities as well as	3. <u>Up to 5 % of t</u> The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, concerning in particular preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and	Red

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		evaluation activities as well as use of information technology networks focusing on information processing and exchange, and use and development of corporate information technology tools.	use of information technology networks focusing on information processing and exchange, and use and development of corporate information technology tools. In order to ensure maximum availability of the Programme to finance actions covered by the objectives of the Programme, the total costs of administrative and technical support shall not exceed 5 % of the value of the financial envelope referred to in paragraph 1. [Am. 93]	use of information technology networks focusing on information processing and exchange, and use and development of corporate information technology tools.	
76.	Art. 4, par. 4	4. For the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), budgetary commitments extending over more than one financial year, may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.	4. For the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), budgetary commitments extending over more than one financial year, may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.	4. For the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), budgetary commitments extending over more than one financial year, may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.	Red Note: COM correction: 4. Budgetary commitments extending over more than one financial year, may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.

77.	Art. 4, par. 5	5. By derogation from Article 111(2) of the Financial Regulation, the Commission shall make the budgetary commitment for the grant awarded for veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures under the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation after assessment of the payment applications submitted by Member States.	5. By derogation from Article 111(2) of the Financial Regulation, the Commission shall make the budgetary commitment for the grant awarded for veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures under the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation after assessment of the payment applications submitted by Member States.	5. By derogation from Article 111(2) of the Financial Regulation, the Commission shall make the budgetary commitment for the grant awarded for veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures under the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation after assessment of the payment applications submitted by Member States.	Red
78.	Art. 4, par. 5a (new)		5a. A specific mechanism should be introduced for direct food chain access to the Commission's crisis reserve in case of large-scale emergencies, in order to guarantee financing for the measures set out in Article 3(2)(e). [Am. 94]		Red

79. Art. 4. 6. Resources allocated to par. 6 Member States under shared management may, at their request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with point (a) of Article 62(1) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. Where possible those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.

6. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with point (a) of Article 62(1) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. Where possible those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.

6. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with point (a) of Article 62(1) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. Where To the maximum extent possible those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.

Note: New Council wording:
Resources allocated to Member
States under shared management
may, at their request, be
transferred to the Programme.
The Commission shall implement
those resources directly in
accordance with point (a) of
Article 62(1) of the Financial
Regulation or indirectly in
accordance with point (c) of that

Red

Note: Council removes previously added text and insert adjustments as per horizontal guidance"

Note: COM correction:

6. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with poin (a) of Article 62(1) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. Where [or according to PGA: To the maximum extent] Those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.

6a new Where the Commission has not entered into a legal

				Article. These resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned. In case it is not possible to use the transferred funds, the Member States shall be able to request a transfer back to the shared management funds subject to the conditions set out in Article 21 of the Common Provisions Regulation [reference to the Regulation to be inserted].	commitment under direct or indirect management for resources transferred in accordance with paragraph 6, the corresponding uncommitted resources may be transferred back to the source Fund, at the request of the Member State, in accordance with the conditions set out in Article 21 of Regulation (EU) XX [Common Provisions Regulation]. Note: to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with horizontal guidance of both colegislators
80.			Article 5		
81.	Title	Third countries associated to the Programme	Third countries associated to the Programme	[Article 5 Third countries associated to the Programme	Yellow Art. 5 tbd as part of horizontal issues
					[Article 5 Third countries associated to the

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					Programme
82.	Art. 5, par. 1 subpar. 1	The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:	The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:	The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:	Yellow The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:
83.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (a)	(a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA), in accordance with the conditions laid down in the EEA agreement;	(a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA), in accordance with the conditions laid down in the EEA agreement;	(a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA), in accordance with the conditions laid down in the EEA agreement;	Yellow (a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA in accordance with the condition laid down in the EEA agreement
84.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (b)	(b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar	(b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance	(b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the	Yellow (b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance

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		agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;	with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;	specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;	with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;
85.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (c)	(c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood Policy, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation of those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;	(c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood Policy, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation of those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;	(c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood Policy, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation of those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;	Yellow (c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood Policy in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation of those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;
86.	Art. 5, par. 1 point (d)	(d) third countries, in accordance with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the	(d) third countries, in accordance with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the	(d) third countries, in accordance with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the participation of the third country	Yellow (d) third countries, in accordanc with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the

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a specific agreement covering th

		participation of the third country to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:	participation of the third country to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:	to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:	participation of the third country to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:
87.	Art. 5, par. 1 Point (d) Point (i)	(i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country participating in the Union programmes;	(i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country participating in the Union programmes;	(i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country participating in the Union programmes;	Yellow (i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country participating in the Union programmes;
88.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (d) point (ii)	(ii) lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes, including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs;	(ii) lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes, including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs;	(ii) lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes, including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs;	Yellow (ii) lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs; Council new wording as per horizontal guidance: : (ii) lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their

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					administrative costs. These contributions shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article 21(5) of the Financial Regulation. Note: to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with horizontal guidance of both colegislators
89.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (d) point (iii)	(iii) does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the programme;	(iii) does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the programme;	(iii) does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the programme;	Yellow (iii) does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the, in respect of the programme
					Note: to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with horizontal guidance of both colegislators
90.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (d) point (iv)	(iv) guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial management and to protect its financial interests.	(iv) guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial management and to protect its financial interests.	(iv) guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial management and to protect its financial interests.	Yellow (iv) guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial management and to protect its financial interests.

91.	Art. 5 par. 1 subpar. 2	The contributions referred to in point (ii) shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article [21(5)] of the Financial Regulation.	The contributions referred to in point (ii) shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article [21(5)] of the Financial Regulation.	The contributions referred to in point (ii) shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article [21(5)] of the Financial Regulation.]	Yellow The contributions referred to in point (ii) shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article [21(5)] of the Financial Regulation.] Council suggestion - deletion - as per horizontal guidance and as covered by the text addition to row 88. Note: To be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with horizontal guidance of both colegislators
92.			Article 6		
93.	Title	Implementation and forms of EU funding	Implementation and forms of EU funding	Implementation and forms of EU funding	Green Implementation and forms of EU funding
94.	Art. 6,	1. The Programme shall be	1. The Programme shall be	1. The Programme shall be	Green

	par.1	implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article 62(1)(c) of the Financial Regulation.	implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article 62(1)(c) of the Financial Regulation.	implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article 62(1)(c) of the Financial Regulation.	1. The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article 62(1)(c) of the Financial Regulation.
95.	Art. 6, par.2	2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations.	2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations.	2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations.	Green 2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations.
96.	Art. 6, par.3	3. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be considered as sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid	3. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be considered as sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid	3. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be considered as sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid down in [Article	Green 3. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be

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		down in [Article X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply ⁹⁶ . 96 [to add]	down in [Article X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply ⁹⁶ . 96 [to add]	X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply ¹⁰⁹ .	considered as sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid down in [Article X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply ¹⁰⁹ .
97.	CHAPTER II GRANTS				
98.			Article 7		
99.	Title	Grants	Grants	Grants	Green
					Grants
100.	Art. 7, par. 1	Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.	Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.	Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.	Green Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.

101.			Article 8		
102.	Title	Eligible actions	Eligible actions	Eligible actions	Red
103.	Art. 8, par. 1	1. Only actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible for funding.	1. Only actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible for funding.	1. Only actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible for funding.	Red
104.	Art. 8, par. 2	2. In particular the following actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible:	2. In particular the following actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible:	2. In particular the following actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible:	Red
105.	Art. 8, par. 2 point (a)	(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens and consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information and awareness raising campaigns, best practice exchange, promotion of good practices,	(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens—and, consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information exchange and awareness raising campaigns, particularly as regards to applicable Union	(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens and consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information and awareness raising campaigns, best practice exchange, promotion of good practices,	Red

		exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings;	rules and the rights of consumers and businesses, best practice exchange, promotion of good practices and innovative solutions, exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings for the promotion of digital literacy of citizens and businesses; [Am. 95]	exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings; such actions, implemented through existing networks such as SOLVIT and the European Consumer Centres Network, shall involve, where relevant, third countries, with the purpose to promote EU values, rules and standards;	
106.	Art. 8, par. 2 point (b)	(b) provision of mechanisms for citizens, consumers, end-users, civil society and businesses representatives from the Union to contribute to political discussions, policies and decision making process, notably by supporting the functioning of representative organisations at national and the Union level;	(b) provision of mechanisms for citizens, consumers, end-users, civil society, trade unions and businesses representatives from the Union, in particular those representing SMEs, to contribute to political discussions, policies and decision making process, notably by supporting the functioning of representative organisations at national and the Union level; [Am. 96]	(b) provision of mechanisms for citizens, consumers, end-users, civil society and businesses representatives from the Union to contribute to political discussions, policies and decision making process, notably by supporting the functioning of representative organisations at national and the Union level;	Red

107.	Art. 8, par. 2 point (c)	(c) capacity building, facilitation and coordination of joint actions between Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission, the decentralised Union agencies and third country authorities;	(c) capacity building, facilitation and coordination of joint actions between Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission, the decentralised Union agencies and third country authorities, and more particularly joint actions aimed at strengthening product safety, enforcement of consumer protection rules in the Union and product traceability; [Am. 97]	(c) capacity building, facilitation and coordination of joint actions between Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission, the decentralised Union agencies and third country authorities;	Red
108.	Art. 8, par. 2 point (d)	(d) support for the effective enforcement and modernisation of the Union legal framework and its rapid adaptation to the ever-changing environment, including through data gathering and analyses; studies, evaluations and policy	(d) support for the effective enforcement and by Member States and the modernisation of the Union legal framework and its rapid adaptation to the everchanging environment as well as support for dealing with issues raised by digitalisation,	(d) support for the effective enforcement and modernisation of the Union legal framework and its rapid adaptation to the everchanging environment and third countries' practices, including through data gathering and analyses; research on the	Red

	recommendations; organization of demonstration activities and pilot projects; communication activities; development of dedicated IT tools ensuring transparent and efficient functioning of the internal market.	including through data gathering and analyses; studies, evaluations and policy recommendations; organization of demonstration activities and pilot projects; communication activities; development of dedicated IT tools ensuring transparent, <i>fair</i> and efficient functioning of the internal market. [Am. 98]	functioning of the internal market, studies, evaluations and policy recommendations; organization of demonstration activities and pilot projects; communication activities; development of dedicated IT tools ensuring transparent and efficient functioning of the internal market as well as combating and preventing fraudulent practices in the internet.	
109.	Art. 8, par. 2a (new)	2a. The following actions implementing the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) shall be eligible for funding:		Red
110.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (a) (new)	(a) coordination and cooperation between market surveillance authorities and other relevant authorities of Member States, in particular		Red

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		through the Union Product Compliance Network	
111.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (b) (new)	(b) development and maintenance of IT tools to exchange information on market surveillance and controls at the external borders;	Red
112.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (c) (new)	(c) support for the development of joint actions and testing in the field of product safety and compliance, including in relation to connected products and products sold online;	Red
113.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (d) (new)	(d) cooperation, exchange of best practices and joint projects between market surveillance authorities and relevant bodies from third countries;	Red

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114.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (e) (new)		(e) support for market surveillance strategies, knowledge and intelligence gathering, testing capabilities and facilities, peer reviews, training programmes, technical assistance and capacity building for market surveillance authorities;		Red
115.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (f) (new)		(f) assessment of type approval procedures and compliance verification of motor vehicles by the Commission. [Am. 99]		Red
116.	Art. 8 par. 3	3. The following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) shall be eligible for funding:	3. The following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) shall be eligible for funding:	3. The following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) shall be eligible for funding:	Red
117.	Art. 8 par. 3	(a) to provide various forms of support to SMEs;	(a) to provide various forms of support to SMEs; [Am. 100]	(a) to provide various forms of support to SMEs, including	Red

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	point (a)		information, mentoring, training, education, mobility, cross-border cooperation or advisory services;	
118.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (b) facilitating SMEs' access to markets, supporting them in addressing global and societal challenges and business internationalisation, and strengthening Union industrial leadership in global value chains, including the Enterprise Europe Network;	(b) facilitating SMEs' micro- enterprises, SMEs and enterprise networks' access to markets, including markets outside the Union, supporting them in addressing global, environmental, economic and societal challenges and business internationalisation, facilitating support for them during their life-cycle and strengthening Union entrepreneurial and industrial leadership in global value chains, including the Enterprise Europe Network; [Am. 101]	(b) facilitating SMEs' access to markets within and outside the Union, supporting them in addressing global and societal challenges and business internationalisation, and strengthening Union industrial leadership in global value chains; including	Red
119.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (ba)		(ba) supporting the Enterprise Europe Network (EEN) to provide integrated business	Red

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	1			1	
	(new)			support services to Union SMEs that seek to explore opportunities in the internal market and in third countries; the EEN may also be used to deliver services on behalf of other Union programmes, such as Horizon Europe, including advisory or capacity-building services; services provided by the EEN on behalf of other programmes shall be funded by these programmes; the implementation of the EEN shall be closely coordinated with Member States to avoid duplication of activities in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity;	
120.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (c)	(c) addressing market barriers, administrative burden and creating a favourable business environment to	(c) addressing market barriers, <i>reducing</i> administrative burden, <i>including reducing obstacles for setting -up</i>	(c) addressing market barriers, administrative burden and creating a favourable business environment to empower SMEs	Red
		empower SMEs to benefit from the internal market;	enterprises and the starting of businesses and creating a	to benefit from the internal market;	

			favourable business environment to empower allow micro- enterprises and SMEs to benefit from the internal market, including access to finance, and by providing appropriate guidance, mentoring and coaching schemes delivery of knowledge -based business services; [Am. 102]	
121.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (d)	(d) facilitating the growth of businesses, including skills development, and industrial transformation across manufacturing and service sectors;	(d) facilitating the development and growth of sustainable businesses, raising micro enterprises and SME's awareness of Unions' legislation, including environmental and energy Union law, upgrading their skills and qualifications development, and facilitating new business models and resource- efficient value- chains fostering sustainable industrial, technological and	Red

		<pre>organisational transformation across manufacturing and service sectors; [Am. 103]</pre>		
122.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (e) supporting the competiveness of enterprises and whole sectors of economy, and supporting SMEs' uptake o innovation and value chain collaboration through strategically connecting ecosystems and clusters, including the joint cluster initiative;	(e) supporting strengthening the competiveness and sustainability of enterprises and whole sectors of economy, and supporting micro-enterprises and SMEs' uptake of technological, organisational and social innovation, enhancing corporate social responsibility and value chain collaboration through strategically connecting ecosystems and clusters, including the joint cluster initiative; [Am. 104]		Red
123.	Art. 8 (f) fostering an entrepreneurial business environment and entrepreneurial culture,	(f) fostering an entrepreneurial business environment and entrepreneurial culture, including enlarging the	(f) fostering an entrepreneurial business environment and entrepreneurial culture, including the mentoring scheme for new	Red

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			,	
	including the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs and supporting start-ups, business sustainability and scale-ups.	mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs and supporting start-ups, business sustainability and scale-ups, paying particular attention to new potential entrepreneurs (i.e. youth, women, as well as other specific target groups, such as socially disadvantaged or vulnerable groups. [Am. 105].	entrepreneurs and supporting start-ups, business sustainability and scale-ups.	
124.	Art. 8 par. 3a (new)	3a. When implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b), the Commission may, in addition to the actions referred to in points (a) to (f) of paragraph 3 of this Article, support the following specific actions:		Red
125.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (a) (new)	(a) accelerating, supporting and expanding advisory services through the Enterprise Europe Network in order to provide integrated business with a one-		Red

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		stop-shop support service to Union SMEs that seek to explore opportunities in the internal market and in the third countries, and to monitor in order to ensure that a comparable level of quality of service is provided by the latter throughout all the Member States;	
126.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (b) (new)	(b) supporting the creation of enterprise networks;	Red
127.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (c) (new)	(c) supporting and expanding mobility programmes for new entrepreneurs ("Erasmus for Young Entrepreneurs") to improve their ability to develop their entrepreneurial know-how, skill and attitude and to improve their	Red

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		technological capacity and enterprise management;	
128.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (d) (new)	(d) supporting the scale-up of SMEs through significant business extension projects based on market-driven opportunities (SME Scale-up instrument);	Red
129.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (e) (new)	(e) supporting sector- specific actions in areas characterised by a high proportion of micro-enterprises and SMEs and a high contribution to the Union's GDP, such as the tourism sector.	Red
130.	Art. 8 par. 3b (new)	3b. Actions undertaken through the Enterprise Europe Network referred to in point (a) of paragraph (3a) of this Article may include, inter alia:	Red

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		T	Ţ.	
131.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (a) (new)	(a) facilitating internationalisation of SMEs and identification of business partners in the internal market, cross border business cooperation on R&D, technology, knowledge and innovation transfer partnership;		Red
132.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (b) (new)	(b) providing information, guidance and personalised advice on Union law, Union's financing and funding opportunities as well as on Union's initiatives that have an impact on business, including taxation, property rights, environment and energy-related obligations, labour and social security aspects;		Red
133.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (c)	(c) facilitating SMEs' access to environmental,		Red

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	(new)	climate, energy efficiency and performance expertise;		
134.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 1 (new)	(d) enhancing the network with other information and advisory networks of the Union and Member States, in particular, EURES the Union innovation Hubs and the InvestEu advisory Hub.	Re	ed
135.		Services delivered by the Network on behalf of other Union programmes shall be funded by those programmes.	Re	ed
136.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 2 (new)	The Commission shall prioritise actions in the Network to improve parts or elements of it that do not comply with minimum standard in order to provide homogenous support to micro enterprises and SMEs throughout the Union.	Re	ed

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137.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 2 (new)	The Commission shall adopt implementing acts establishing indicators and minimum standards for the purpose of measuring the impact of the Network vis-à-vis the specific objectives and the effectiveness of the actions for SMEs.	Red
138.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 3 (new)	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 21(2).	Red
139.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 4 (new)	The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to establish additional forms of support to the SMEs not	Red

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			provided for in this paragraph. [Am. 107]		
140.	Art. 8 par. 4	4. The actions set out in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation shall be eligible for funding.	4. The actions set out in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation shall be eligible for funding.	4. The actions set out in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation shall be eligible for funding.	Green
141.	Art. 8 par. 5	5. The actions providing support for activities aimed at developing, applying, assessing and monitoring international standards in the fields of financial reporting and auditing and overseeing their standard-setting processes and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii) shall be eligible for funding.	5. The actions providing support for activities aimed at developing, applying, assessing and monitoring international standards in the fields of financial reporting and auditing and overseeing their standard-setting processes and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii) shall be eligible for funding.	5. The actions providing support for activities aimed at developing, applying, assessing and monitoring international standards in the fields of financial reporting and auditing and overseeing their standard-setting processes and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii) shall be eligible for funding.	Light Green Note: Commission Correction: The actions providing support for activities aimed at developing, applying, assessing and monitoring international standards in the fields of financial <i>and non-financial</i> reporting and auditing and overseeing their standard-setting processes and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii) shall be eligible for funding.

			Note: COM to provide a written explanation
142.	Art. 8 par. 5a (new)	5a. The following actions implementing the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) shall be eligible for funding:	Red
143.	Art. 8 par. 5a point (a) (new)	(a) improving consumer awareness and education on consumer rights through lifelong education on EU consumer rules, and empowering consumers to face new issues raised by technological development and digitalisation, including the specific needs of vulnerable consumers;	Red
144.	Art. 8 par. 5a point (b)	(b) ensuring and facilitating access for all consumers and traders to quality out of court	Red

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	(new)	dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and information on redress possibilities;	
145.	Art. 8 par. 5a point (c) (new)	(c) supporting stronger enforcement of consumer laws, with a particular attention for cross-border cases or cases involving third parties, effective coordination and cooperation between national enforcement bodies and enforcement cooperation with third countries.	Red
146.	Art. 8 par. 5a point (d) (new)	(d) fostering sustainable consumption by raising consumer awareness on product's durability and environmental impact, eco- design features, promotion of consumers rights in this respect and possibility for redress in case of early-failing products. [Am. 108]	Red

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147.	Art. 8 par. 6	6. The actions set out in Annex I implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding.	6. The actions set out in Annex I implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding.	6. The actions set out in Annex I implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding.	Red
148.	Art. 8 par. 7	7. The actions set out in Annex II implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) shall be eligible for funding.	7. The actions set out in Annex II implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) shall be eligible for funding.	7. The actions set out in Annex II implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) shall be eligible for funding.	Red
149.			Article 9)	
150.	Title	Eligible entities	Eligible entities	Eligible entities	Green Eligible entities
151.	Art. 9 par. 1	1. The eligibility criteria set out in paragraphs 2 to 7 of this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article 197 of the Financial Regulation.	1. The eligibility criteria set out in paragraphs 2 to 7 of this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article 197 of the Financial Regulation.	1. The eligibility criteria set out in paragraphs 2 to 7 of this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article 197 of the Financial Regulation.	Green 1. The eligibility criteria set out in paragraphs 2 to 7 of this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article 197 of the Financial Regulation.

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152.	Art. 9 par. 2	2. In addition to eligibility conditions laid down in paragraphs 3 to 7, the following entities shall be eligible under the Programme:	2. In addition to eligibility conditions laid down in paragraphs 3 to 7, the following entities shall be eligible under the Programme:	2. In addition to eligibility conditions laid down in paragraphs 3 to 7, the following entities shall be eligible under the Programme:	Green 2. In addition to eligibility conditions laid down in paragraphs 3 to 7, the following entities shall be eligible under the Programme:
153.	Art. 9 par. 2 point (a)	(a) legal entities established in any of the following countries:	(a) legal entities established in any of the following countries:	(a) legal entities established in any of the following countries:	Green (a) legal entities established in any of the following countries:
154.	Art. 9 par. 2 point (a) point (i)	(i) a Member State or an overseas country or territory linked to it;	(i) a Member State or an overseas country or territory linked to it;	(i) a Member State or an overseas country or territory linked to it;	Green (i) a Member State or an overseas country or territory linked to it;
155.	Art. 9 par. 2 point (a) point (ii)	(ii) a third country associated to the Programme in accordance with Article 5;	(ii) a third country associated to the Programme in accordance with Article 5;	(ii) a third country associated to the Programme in accordance with Article 5;	Green (ii) a third country associated to the Programme in accordance with Article 5;
156.	Art. 9 par. 2 point (b)	(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;	(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;	(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;	Green (b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;
157.	Art. 9	(c) legal entities established	(c) legal entities established	(c) legal entities established in a	Green

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	par. 2 point (c)	in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Union objectives and the activities outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.	in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Union objectives and the activities outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.	third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Unionthe objectives of the Programme and the activities outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.	(c) legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Unionthe objectives of the Programme and the activities outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.
158.	Art. 9 par. 3 - subpar. 1 - introducto ry part	3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme may participate in the following actions:	3. The Commission may allow legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme may to participate in the following actions: [Am. 109]	3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme may participate in the following actions:	Green 3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme may participate in the following actions:
159.	Art. 9 par. 3 point (a)	(a) actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	(a) actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	(a) actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	Green (a) actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);

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160.	Art. 9 par. 3 point (b)	(b) actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective in referred to Article 3(2)(d)(i).	(b) actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective in referred to Article 3(2)(d)(i).	(b) actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective in referred to Article 3(2)(d)(i).	Green (b) actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i).
161.	Art. 9 par. 3 subpar. 2	The entities participating in the actions referred to in points a) and b) shall not be entitled to receive Union financial contributions, except where it is essential for the Programme, in particular in terms of competitiveness and access to markets for Union enterprises or in terms of protection of the consumers residing in the Union. That exception shall not apply to profit-making entities.	The entities participating in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b) shall not be entitled to receive Union financial contributions, especially when there is a risk of transfer of innovative technology, except where it is essential for the Programme, in particular in terms of competitiveness and access to markets for Union enterprises or in terms of protection of the consumers residing in the Union. That exception shall not apply to profit-making entities. [Am. 110]	actions referred to in points a) and b) shall not be entitled to receive Union financial contributions, except where it is essential for the Programme, in particular in terms of competitiveness and access to markets for Union enterprises or in terms of protection of the consumers residing in the Union. That exception shall not apply to profit-making entities.	Green The entities participating in the actions referred to in points a) and b) shall not be entitled to receive Union financial contributions, except where it is essential for the Programme, in particular in terms of competitiveness and access to markets for Union enterprises or in terms of protection of the consumers residing in the Union That exception shall not apply to profit-making entities.
162.	Art. 9 par. 4	4. For actions implementing the specific	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in	Green

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		objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities specified in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 shall be eligible.	in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities specified in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 shall be eligible.	Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities specified in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 shall be eligible.	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities specified in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 shall be eligible.
163.	Art. 9 par. 5	5. For actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) and related to the European Consumer Centres Network, the following bodies shall be eligible:	5. For actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) and related to the European Consumer Centres Network, the following bodies shall be eligible:	5. For actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) and related to the European Consumer Centres Network, the following bodies shall be eligible:	Green 5. For actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) and related to the European Consumer Centres Network, the following bodies shall be eligible:
164.	Art. 9 par. 5 point (a)	(a) a body designated by a Member State or a third country referred to in Article 5 which is a non-profit-making body selected through a transparent procedure;	(a) a body designated by a Member State or a third country referred to in Article 5 which is a non-profit-making body selected through a transparent procedure;	(a) a body designated by a Member State or a third country referred to in Article 5 which is a non-profit-making body selected through a transparent procedure;	Green (a) a body designated by a Member State or a third country referred to in Article 5 which is a non-profit-making body selected through a transparent procedure;
165.	Art. 9 par. 5	(b) a public body.	(b) a public body.	(b) a public body.	Green (b) a public body.

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	point (b)				
166.	Art. 9 par. 6 subpar. 1	6. Third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme shall be eligible for the following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e):	6. Third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme shall be eligible for the following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e):	6. Third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme shall be eligible for the following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e):	Green 6. Third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme shall be eligible for the followin actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e):
167.	Art. 9 par. 6 subpar. 1 point (a)	(a) protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country or a Member State, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III or plant pests listed in the work programme referred to in Article 16;	(a) protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country or a Member State, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III or plant pests listed in the work programme referred to in Article 16;	(a) protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country or a Member State, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III or plant pests listed in the work programme referred to in Article 16;	Green (a) protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country or a Member State of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III or plant pests listed in the work programme referred to in Article 16;
168.	Art. 9 par. 6	(b) protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken	(b) protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in	(b) protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in	Green (b) protection measures, or other

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	subpar. 1 point (b)	in support of the health status of plants in the Union.	support of the health status of plants in the Union.	support of the health status of plants in the Union.	relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.
169.	Art. 9 par. 6 subpar. 2	The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Union.	The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Union.	The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Unionoccurrence of animal diseases and zoonoses which are not covered by Union legal acts referred to in this Annex.	Green The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Unionoccurrence of new animal diseases and zoonoses which are not covered by Union legal acts referred to in this Annex.

170.	Art. 9 par. 6 subpar. 3	Except in case of animal diseases and plant pests having a substantial impact on the Union, in principle, non-associated countries should finance themselves their participation in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b).	Except in case of animal diseases and plant pests having a substantial impact on the Union, in principle, non-associated countries should finance themselves their participation in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b).	Except in case of animal diseases and plant pests having a substantial impact on the Union, in principle, non-associated countries should finance themselves their participation in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b).	Green Except in case of animal disease and plant pests having a substantial impact on the Union, in principle, non-associated countries should finance themselves their participation in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b).
171.	Art. 9 par. 7	7. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the following legal entities shall be eligible:	7. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the following legal entities shall be eligible:	7. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the following legal entities shall be eligible:	Green 7. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation the following legal entities shall be eligible:
172.	Art. 9 par. 7 point (a)	(a) national statistical institutes and other national authorities as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	(a) national statistical institutes and other national authorities as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	(a) national statistical institutes and other national authorities as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	Green (a) national statistical institutes and other national authorities as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;

173.	Art. 9 par. 7 point (b)	(b) for actions supporting collaborative networks, other bodies operating in the field of statistics that are not the authorities referred to in point (a) of this paragraph;	(b) for actions supporting collaborative networks, other bodies operating in the field of statistics that are not the authorities referred to in point (a) of this paragraph;	(b) for actions supporting collaborative networks, as referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, other bodies operating in the field of statistics that are not the authorities referred to in point (a) of this paragraph;	Green (b) for actions supporting collaborative networks, as referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, other bodies operating in the field of statistics that are not the authorities referred to in point (a of this paragraph;
174.	Art. 9 par. 7 point (c)	(c) non-profit making entities, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality improvements	(c) non-profit making entities, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality improvements at Union level.	(c) non-profit making entities, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 andor the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality improvements at Union level.	Green (c) non-profit making entities, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and or the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality

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		at Union level.			improvements at Union level			
	Article 10							
175.	Title	Designated beneficiaries	Designated beneficiaries	Designated beneficiaries	Green Designated beneficiaries			
176.	Art. 10, par. 1	The following entities may be awarded a grant under the Programme without a call for proposals:	The following entities may be awarded a grant under the Programme without a call for proposals:	The following entities may be awarded a grant under the Programme without a call for proposals:	Green The following entities may be awarded a grant under the Programme without a call for proposals:			
177.	Art. 10, par. 1, point (a)	(a) for actions in the area of market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation, the market surveillance authorities of the Member States as referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Article 11 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council	(a) for actions in the area of market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) of this Regulation, the market surveillance authorities of the Member States as referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Article 11 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and	(a) for actions in the area of market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation, the market surveillance authorities of the Member States as referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Article 11 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and	Yellow EP suggestion, Council to check (a) for actions in the area of market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) of this Regulation, the market surveillance authorities of the Member States as referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2019/102			

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		laying down rules and procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products] ⁹⁷ ; 97 COM(2017) 795 final	procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products] ⁹⁷ ; [Am. 111] 97 COM(2017) 795 final	procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products] ¹¹¹ ; The state of the sta	[Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation of products] Products and compliance of products and amending Directive 2004/42/EC and Regulations (EC) No Products and (EU) No 305/2013 (OJ L 169, 25.6.2019, p. 1)
178.	Art.10, par. 1, point (b)	(b) for actions in the area accreditation and market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in	(b) for actions in the area accreditation and market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in	(b) for actions in the area accreditation and market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in	Yellow EP suggestion, Council to check
		Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation, the body recognised under Article 14 of Regulation	Article 3(2)(a)(i) of this Regulation, the body recognised under Article 14 of Regulation	Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation, the body recognised under Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No	(b) for actions in the area of accreditation and marks

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		(EC) No 765/2008 to carry out the activities referred to in Article 32 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008;	(EC) No 765/2008 to carry out the activities referred to in Article 32 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008; [Am. 112]	765/2008 to carry out the activities referred to in Article 32 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008;	surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to it Article 3(2)(a)(i) of this Regulation, the body recognise under Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 to carry out the activities referred to in Article 32 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008;
179.	Art.10, par. 1, point (c)	(c) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012;	(c) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012;	(c) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities referred to in Articles 1715 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012;	Green c) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities referred to in Articles 1715 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012;
180.	Art.10, par. 1, point (d)	(d) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), the International Financial	(d) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), the International Financial	(d) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation and the	Green (d) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), the International Financial Reporting

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		Reporting Standards Foundation and the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB);	Reporting Standards Foundation and the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB);	Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB);	Standards Foundation and the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB);
181.	Art.10, par. 1, point (e)	(e) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) in relation to the representation of consumers interest at the Union level, Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) and European Association for the Coordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) provided they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers in at least two thirds of the Member States;	(e) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) in relation to the representation of consumers interest at the Union level, Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) and European Association for the Coordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) provided they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers in at least two thirds of the Member States;	(e) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) in relation to the representation of consumers interest at the Union level, Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) and European Association for the Coordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) provided they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers in at least two thirds of the Member States;	Green (e) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) in relation to the representation of consumers interest at the Union level, Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) and European Association for the Coordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) provided they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers in at least two thirds of the Member States;

182.	Art.10, par. 1, point (f)	(f) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(ii), Finance Watch and Better Finance subject to the following conditions, to be assessed annually:	(f) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(ii), Finance Watch and Better Finance subject to the following conditions, to be assessed annually:	(f) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(ii), Finance Watch and Better Finance subject to the following conditions, to be assessed annually:	Green (f) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(ii), Finance Watch and Better Finance subject to the following conditions, to be assessed annually:
183.	Art.10, par. 1, point (f) point (i)	(i) the entities remain non- governmental, non-profit and independent of industry, commerce or business;	(i) the entities remain non- governmental, non-profit and independent of industry, commerce or business;	(i) the entities remain non- governmental, non-profit and independent of industry, commerce or business;	Green (i) the entities remain non- governmental, non-profit and independent of industry, commerce or business;
184.	Art.10, par. 1, point (f) point (ii)	(ii) they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers and other end-users in the area of financial services;	(ii) they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers and other endusers in the area of financial services;	(ii) they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers and other end-users in the area of financial services;	Green (ii) they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers and other endusers in the area of financial services;
185.	Art.10, par. 1, point (g)	(g) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	(g) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	(g) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	Green (g) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:

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186. Art.10. the competent (i) authorities of the Member par. 1, States and their affiliated point (g) entities, the European Union point (i) Reference Laboratories and the European Union Reference Centres referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁹⁸ and international organisations;

98 Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014,

(i) the competent authorities of the Member States and their affiliated entities, the European Union Reference Laboratories and the European Union Reference Centres referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁹⁸ and international organisations;

98 Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU)

(i) the competent authorities of the Member States and their affiliated entities, the European Union Rreference Llaboratories and the European Union Reference Centres referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹¹³, the European Union reference centres referred to in **Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012** of the European Parliament and of the Council¹¹⁴, national plant health reference laboratories, national animal health reference laboratories and international organisations;

113 Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the

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(i) the competent authorities of the Member States and their affiliated entities, the European Union Rreference Llaboratories and the European Union Reference Centres referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹¹³, the European Union reference centres referred to in **Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012** of the European Parliament and of the Council¹¹⁴, national plant health reference laboratories, national animal health reference laboratories and

international organisations;

(EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Directives 89/608/EEC, 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).

2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Council Directives 89/608/EEC. 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).

application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Directives 89/608/EEC, 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95,

¹¹³ Regulation (EU) 2017/625 o the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 or official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 o the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulation (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council,

		,	
		7.4.2017, p. 1).	Council Directives 89/608/EEC
		D 1 1 777 201 (1012 0)	89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC,
		114 Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the	91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC,
		European Parliament and of the Council of	96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and
		8 June 2016 on zootechnical and genealogical	Council Decision 92/438/EEC
		conditions for the breeding, trade in and entry	(Official Controls Regulation)
		into the Union of purebred breeding animals,	(OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).
		hybrid breeding pigs and the germinal products	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		thereof and amending Regulation (EU) No	114 Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the
		652/2014, Council Directives 89/608/EEC and	European Parliament and of the Council of
		90/425/EEC and repealing certain acts in the	8 June 2016 on zootechnical and genealogical
		area of animal breeding ('Animal Breeding	conditions for the breeding, trade in and entr
		Regulation') (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 66).	into the Union of purebred breeding animals,
			hybrid breeding pigs and the germinal
			products thereof and amending Regulation
			(EU) No 652/2014, Council Directives
			89/608/EEC and 90/425/EEC and repealing
			certain acts in the area of animal breeding
			('Animal Breeding Regulation') (OJ L 171,
			29.6.2016, p. 66).
			EP does not agree in view of the available budget for the
			programme

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187.	Art.10, par. 1, point (g) point (ii)	(ii) only in the case of actions described under Article 9(6)(a) and (b) of this Regulation, third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme;	(ii) only in the case of actions described under Article 9(6)(a) and (b) of this Regulation, third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme;	(ii) only in the case of actions described under Article 9(6)(a) and (b) of this Regulation, third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme;	Green (ii) only in the case of actions described under Article 9(6)(a) and (b) of this Regulation, third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme;
188.	Art.10, par. 1, point (h)	(h) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	(h) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	(h) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	Green (h) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.
189.	Art. 10, par. 1a (new)		With regard to point (e) of the first paragraph of this Article, the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to adapt the list of entities which may be awarded a grant under the Programme, for actions implementing the specific		Red New EP suggestion introducing a link to requirements and explicitly listing also 'removing entities, to ensure that the conditions in row 181 related to conflicting interests and representation would be enforced. Council to check, see

			objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i). [Am. 113]		The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend this Regulation by adding entities that fulfil the conditions laid down in Article 10(1), point (e) to that point and removing entities when they no longer fulfil the conditions.
190.			Article 11		
191.	Title	Evaluation and award criteria	Evaluation and award criteria	Evaluation and award criteria committees	Green Evaluation and award criteria committees
192.	Art. 11 par. 1	The evaluation committee(s) for actions implementing the specific objective(s) referred to in Article 3(2) may be composed fully or partially of external experts.	The evaluation committee(s) for actions implementing the specific objective(s) referred to in Article 3(2) may be composed fully or partially of external experts. The work of the evaluation committee(s) shall be based on the principles of	The evaluation committee(s) for actions implementing the specific objective(s) referred to in Article 3(2) may be composed fully or partially of external experts.	Green The work of the evaluation committee(s) shall be based on the general principles applicable to grants laid down in Article 188 of the Financial Regulation and in particular, on the

			transparency, equal treatment and non-discrimination. [Am. 114]		principles of equal treatment and transparency, as well as on the principle of non-discrimination.
193.			Article 12	J.	<u>I</u>
194.	Title	Co-financing rules	Co-financing rules	Co-financing rules	Green Co-financing rules
195.	Art.12, par.1	1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation with reference to market surveillance authorities of the Member States and of the third countries associated to the Programme and with reference to Union testing facilities as referred to in Article 20 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and procedures for compliance with	1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) of this Regulation with reference to market surveillance authorities of the Member States and of the third countries associated to the Programme and with reference to Union testing facilities as referred to in Article 20 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and procedures for compliance with	1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation with reference to market surveillance authorities of the Member States and of the third countries associated to the Programme and with reference to Union testing facilities as referred to in Article 20 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union	Yellow EP suggestion, related to agreement on 3(2)(a)(ii) 1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) of this Regulation with reference to market surveillance authorities of the Member States and of the third countries associated to the Programme and with reference to Union testing facilities as referred to in Article 21 of Regulation (EU) 2019/1020

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and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products], the Programme may finance up to 100% of eligible costs of an action, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in the Financial Regulation is not infringed.

and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products], the Programme may finance up to 100% of eligible costs of an action, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in the Financial Regulation is not infringed.

[Am. 115]

harmonisation legislation on products], the Programme may finance up to 100 % of eligible costs of an action, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in **Article 190 of** the Financial Regulation is not infringed.

[Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products], the Programme may finance up to 100 % of eligible costs of an action, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.

Yellow

Note: Commission correction

12.1a (new)

12.1a new For grants for financial support actions in the context of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) of this Regulation, the co-financing rate shall be up to 100% of the eligible costs for financial support to third parties and up to 90% of the eligible costs for the

					other cost categories. For European Enterprise Network actions in the context of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) of this Regulation, the co-financing rates shall be up to 100% of the eligible costs for additional coordination and networking costs and up to 60% of the eligible costs for the other cost categories. Moreover, eligible indirect costs shall be determined by applying a flat rate of 25 % of the total direct eligible costs, excluding direct eligible costs for subcontracting, financial support to third parties and any unit costs or lump sums which include indirect costs. Note: Com to provide a written explanation
196.	Art.12, par. 2	2. For grants awarded to the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) implementing the	2. For grants awarded to the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) implementing the	2. For grants awarded to the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) implementing the specific	Green 2. For grants awarded to the

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		specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), if funding by	specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), if funding by	objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), if funding by the	Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) implementing the
		the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) in a given	the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) in a given	International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) in a given	specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), if funding by
		year reaches more than two-	year reaches more than two-	year reaches more than two-thirds	the International Federation of
		thirds of the total annual funding, the annual contribution	thirds of the total annual funding, the annual contribution	of the total annual funding, the annual contribution for that year	Accountants (IFAC) in a given year reaches more than two-
		for that year shall be limited to a maximum amount specified in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	for that year shall be limited to a maximum amount specified in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	shall be limited to a maximum amount specified in the work programme referred to in Article 16(1).	thirds of the total annual funding the annual contribution for that year shall be limited to a maximum amount specified in
				10,27	the work programme referred to in Article 16(1).
197.	Art.12, par. 2a (new)			2a. For grants awarded to ANEC as referred to in Article 10(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 95 % of the eligible costs.	Green 2a. For grants awarded to ANEC as referred to in Article 10(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 95 % of the eligible costs.
198.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1	3. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation, the	3. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may	3. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to	Green 3. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this

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		100 % of the eligible costs, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.	eligible costs, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.	provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.	finance up to 100 % of the eligible costs, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.
199.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 2			For the actions referred to in Annex I, points 1. and 2., the co-financing rate applied shall be, as a general principle, at least 50 % of the eligible costs. The following exceptions apply:	Red Council suggestion For the actions referred to in Annex I, [par. 1] points 1. and 2., the co-financing rate applied shall be 50 % of the eligible costs, with the following exceptions apply:
200.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (a)			(a) The rate shall be increased to 75 % of the eligible costs in respect of:	Yellow Council suggestion (see an explanation in row 199) (a) The rate shall be 75% of the eligible costs, in respect of:

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	1	T.	7	T
201.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (a) point (i)		(i) cross-border activities implemented together by two or more Member States in order to control, prevent or eradicate plant pests or animal diseases;	Yellow
202.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (a) point (ii)		(ii) Member States whose gross national income per inhabitant based on the latest Eurostat data is less than 90 % of the Union average.	Yellow
203.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (b)		(b) The maximum rate may be increased to 100 % of the eligible costs where the activities benefitting from the Union contribution concern the prevention and control of serious human, plant and animal health risks for the Union, and:	Council suggestion (see an explanation in row 199) (b) Without prejudice to Article 190 of the Financial Regulation, the rate shall be 100% of the eligible costs, where the activities benefitting from the Union contribution concern the prevention and control of serious human, plan and animal health risks for the Union, and

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204.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (b) point (i)		(i) are designed to avoid human casualties or major economic disruptions for the Union as a whole;	Yellow
205.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (b) point (ii)		(ii) are specific tasks which are indispensable for the Union as a whole as laid down by the Commission in the work programme adopted in accordance with Article 16; or	Yellow
206.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (b) point (iii)		(iii) are implemented in third countries.	Yellow
207.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (c)		(c) With the assistance of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed, the co-financing rate may be reviewed due to budgetary availability, insufficient implementation of the	Red Council suggestion (see an explanation in row 199) (c) On the grounds of budgetary availability, insufficient implementation

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				programme or the emergency measure, or the phasing-out of the co-financing of actions against animal diseases or plant pests.	of the programme or the emergency measure, or the phasing-out of the cofinancing of actions against animal diseases or plant pests, the co-financing rates referred to in this subparagraph may be lower than respectively 50%, 75% or 100%. Such lower cofinancing rates shall be fixed and applied to the programmes adopted in accordance with Article 16.
208.	Art.12, par. 4	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 95 % of the eligible costs of actions supporting collaborative networks as referred to in	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 95 % of the eligible costs of actions supporting collaborative networks as referred to in Article	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 95 % of the eligible costs of actions supporting collaborative networks as referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EC) No	Green 4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation the Programme may finance up to 95 % of the eligible costs of actions supporting collaborative

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		Article 15 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	15 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	223/2009.	networks as referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.
209.			Article 13	3	
210.	Title	Eligible costs	Eligible costs	Eligible costs related to programmes and emergency measures	Green Eligible costs related to programmes and emergency measures
211.	Art. 13 par. 1			1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), costs incurred for measures referred to in Annex I, points 2.1a.1. and 2.1a.2. as regards the execution of the programmes may qualify for grants, if they fulfil the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial Regulation.	Green 1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), costs incurred for measures referred to in Annex I, points 2.1a.1. and 2.1a.2. as regards the execution of the programmes may qualiff for grants, if they fulfil the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial Regulation.
212.	Art. 13 par. 2	In addition to the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial	In addition to the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial	2. In addition to the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial	Green 2. In addition to the cost-

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	subpar. 1	Regulation, the following costeligibility criteria shall apply for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	Regulation, the following costeligibility criteria shall apply for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	Regulation, the following costeligibility criteria shall apply for actionsemergency measures referred to in Annex I, points 1.4.1. and 1.4.2. implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	eligibility criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial Regulation, the costs incurred by the Member States for implementing the emergency measures referred to in Annex I, points 1.4.1. and 1.4.2 implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:
213.	Art.13, par. 2, subpar. 1, point (a)	(a) as referred to in Article 193(2)(b) of the Financial Regulation costs shall be eligible prior to the start date of the action;	(a) as referred to in Article 193(2)(b) of the Financial Regulation costs shall be eligible prior to the start date of the action;	(a) as referred to in Article 193(2)(b) of the Financial Regulation costs shall be eligible prior to the start date of the action;	(a) shall be eligible prior to the date of submission of the grant application, as referred to in point (b) of the second subparagraph of Article 193 of the Financial Regulation. LL EP: to be dealt with at finalisation stage: in Article 193, second subparagraph, point (b)

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				1	
214.	Art.13, par. 2, subpar. 1, point (b)	(b) such costs may also be eligible as a result of taking measures in relation to suspected occurrence of a disease or presence of a pest, provided that that occurrence or presence is subsequently confirmed.	(b) such costs may also be eligible as a result of taking measures in relation to suspected occurrence of a disease or presence of a pest, provided that that occurrence or presence is subsequently confirmed.	(b) such costs may also be eligible as a result of taking measures in relation to suspected occurrence of a disease or presence of a pest, provided that that occurrence or presence is subsequently confirmed.	b) may be eligible from the date of the suspected occurrence of an animal disease or the presence of a plant pest, provided that that occurrence or presence is subsequently confirmed.
215.	Art.13, par. 2, subpar. 2	Costs referred to in point (a) of the first paragraph shall be eligible from the date of notification of the occurrence of the disease or presence of the pest to the Commission.	Costs referred to in point (a) of the first paragraph shall be eligible from the date of notification of the occurrence of the disease or presence of the pest to the Commission.	Costs referred to in point (a) of the first this paragraph, to be laid down in the specific work programme as adopted in accordance with Article 16, shall be eligible from the date of notification of the occurrence of the disease or presence of the pest to the Commission.	Green The submission of the grant application shall be preceded by the notification to the Commission of the occurrence of the animal disease in accordance with the provisions of Articles 19 or 20 [and rules adopted on the basis of Article 23] of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 ('Animal Health Law'), or the presence of the plant pest in accordance with the provisions of Articles 9, 10 or 11 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 ("Plant Health Law").

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216.			Article 14		
217.	Title	Cumulative, complementary and combined funding	Cumulative, complementary and combined funding	Cumulative, complementary and combined funding	Green Cumulative, complementary and combined funding Council proposal to change as per horizontal guidance: Cumulative and Alternative funding LL to check - Council to explain Note: to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with horizontal guidance of both colegislators
218.	Art. 14, par. 1	1. An action that has received a contribution from another Union programme may also receive a contribution	1. An action that has received a contribution from another Union programme may also receive a contribution under	1. An action that has received a contribution from another Union programme may also receive a contribution under the	Green 1. An action that has received a contribution from another Union programme may also receive a contribution under the

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	under the Programme, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.	the Programme, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.	Programme, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.	Programme, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.
219. Art. 14, par. 2 subpar. 1	2. Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification, or which comply with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions:	2. Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification, or which comply with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions:	2. (Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification under Horizon 2020 or Horizon Europe, or which comply with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions:	Light green 2.Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification, or which comply with the followin cumulative, comparative, conditions: See row 223
				Council suggests as per

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					horizontal guidance: 2. Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification under this Programme by complying, with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions:
					LL EP/Council to coordinate and agree - to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with horizontal guidance of both co- legislators.
220.	Art. 14, par. 2 subpar. 1 point (a)	(a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;	(a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;	(a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;	Green (a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;
221.	Art. 14,	(b) they comply with the	(b) they comply with the	(b) they comply with the	Green (b) they comply with the

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par. 2 subpar. 1 point (b)	minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;	minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;	minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;	minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;
222. Art. 14, par. 2 subpar. 1 point (c)	(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints.	(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints.	(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints.	Green (c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints,
223. Art. 14, par. 2, subpar. 2	may receive support from the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social Fund Plus or the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, in accordance with paragraph 5 of Article [67] of Regulation (EU) XX [Common Provisions Regulation] and Article [8] or Regulation (EU) XX [Financing, management and monitoring of the Common Agricultural Policy], provided that such actions are consistent with the objectives of the	may receive support from the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social Fund Plus or the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, in accordance with paragraph 5 of Article [67] of Regulation (EU) XX [Common Provisions Regulation] and Article [8] or Regulation (EU) XX [Financing, management and monitoring of the Common Agricultural Policy], or Regulation (EU) XX [establishing the Digital Europe Programme] in particular the objective on Advanced Digital	1 '	(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints. may receive support from [the European Regional Developmen Fund, the Cohesion Fund, or the European Social Fund Plus or the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development], in accordance with paragraph 5 of Article [67] of Regulation (EU) XX [Common Provisions Regulation] and Article [8] or Regulation (EU) XX [Financing, management and monitoring of the Common Agricultural Policy], provided

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		programme concerned. The rules of the Fund providing support shall apply.	Skills, provided that such actions are consistent with the objectives of the programme concerned. The rules of the Fund providing support shall apply. [Am. 116]	support shall apply. <u>)</u> ¹	that such actions are consisten with the objectives of the programme concerned. The rules of the Fund providing support shall apply.
224.	Art. 14, par. 3	3. An operation may receive support from one or more Union programmes. In such cases expenditure declared in a payment application shall not be declared in a payment application for another programme.	3. An operation may receive support from one or more Union programmes. In such cases expenditure declared in a payment application shall not be declared in a payment application for another programme.	3. An operation may receive support from one or more Union programmes. In such cases expenditure declared in a payment application shall not be declared in a payment application for another programme.	Green 3. An operation may receive support from one or more Union programmes. In such cases expenditure declared in a payment application shall not be declared in a payment application for another programme.
225.	Art. 14, par. 4	4. The amount of expenditure to be entered into a payment application may be calculated for each programme concerned on a pro rata basis, in accordance with the document setting out the conditions for support.	4. The amount of expenditure to be entered into a payment application may be calculated for each programme concerned on a pro rata basis, in accordance with the document setting out the conditions for support.	4. The amount of expenditure to be entered into a payment application may be calculated for each programme concerned on a pro rata basis, in accordance with the document setting out the conditions for support.	Green 4. The amount of expenditure to be entered into a payment application may be calculated fo each programme concerned on a pro rata basis, in accordance with the document setting out the conditions for support.

Discussions on this clause are still ongoing in other Council preparatory bodies. A conclusion on paragraph 2 is therefore not possible at this stage.

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226.	226. CHAPTER III						
			BLENDING OPER	RATIONS			
227.			Article 15	5			
228.	Title	Blending operations	Blending operations	Blending operations	Green Blending operations		
229.	Art. 15, par. 1	Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the [InvestEU regulation] and Title X of the Financial Regulation.	Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the [InvestEU regulation] and Title X of the Financial Regulation.	Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the [InvestEU regulation] and Title X of the Financial Regulation.	Green Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the [InvestEU regulation] and Title X of the Financial Regulation.		
230.		PROGRA	CHAPTER	IV LEMENTATION AND CONTROL			
231.		Article 16					
232.	Title	Implementation of the Programme	Implementation of the Programme	Implementation of the Programme	Red		

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233.	Art. 16	1. The Programme shall be	1. The Programme	1. The Programme shall be	Red
	par. 1	implemented by work	shall be implemented by	implemented by work	
		programme(s) referred to in	Commission is empowered to	programme(s) referred to in	
		Article 110 of the Financial	adopt delegated acts pursuant to	Article 110 of the Financial	
		Regulation. Work programmes	Article 20, supplementing this	Regulation. Work programmes	
		shall set out, where applicable,	Regulation, in order to adopt	shall set out, where applicable, the	
		the overall amount reserved for	work programme(s) referred to in	overall amount reserved for	
		blending operations.	accordance with Article 110 of	blending operations. Each of the	
			the Financial Regulation. The	specific objectives set out in this	
			work programmes shall be	Regulation shall be	
			annual or multiannual and shall	implemented by an annual or	
			in particular set out the	multiannual work programme.	
			objectives to be pursued, the	However, where synergies	
			expected results, the method of	between specific objectives can	
			implementation and the total	be achieved, the necessary	
			amount of the financing plan.	provisions may be implemented	
			They shall also set out in detail a	in a joint work programme.	
			description of the actions to be		
			financed, an indication of the		
			amount allocated to each action		
			and an indicative		
			implementation timetable. Work		
			programmes shall set out, where		
			applicable, the overall amount		
			reserved for blending operations.		
			[Am. 117]		

234.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 1		In order to ensure the implementation of the Programme, implementing powers are conferred on the Commission to adopt work programmes. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 21.	Red
235.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 2		The work programme shall set out in detail:	Red
236.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 2 point (a) (new)		(a) the objectives pursued for each action, which shall be in accordance with the general and specific objectives referred to in Article 3, an indication of the budgetary envelope per each of the forms of funding set out in Article 6, a total amount for all actions and an indicative	Red

		implementation timetable;
237.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 2 point (b) (new)	(b) for grants, the essential evaluation criteria, which shall be set so as best to achieve the objectives pursued by the programme, and the maximum rate of co-financing.
238.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 3	Work programmes shall set out, where applicable, the overall amount reserved for blending operations. Red
239.	Art. 16 par. 1a (new)	1a. Work programmes implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 21(1).

240.	Art. 16 par. 1b (new)			1b. Work programmes implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 21(2).	Red
241.	Art. 16 par. 2	2. Work programmes implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) as set out in Annex I shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 21(2).	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts pursuant to Article 20, supplementing this Regulation by adopting work programmes implementing in accordance with the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) as set out in Annex I shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure	2. Work programmes implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) as set out in Article 8(2) and Annex I shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts by 30 April of the year preceding their execution, provided that the draft budget is adopted. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 21(23).	Red

			referred to in Article 21(2). [Am. 118]		
242.	Art. 16 par. 3	3. By derogation from paragraph 1 of this Article, actions set out in Annex II to this Regulation implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation shall be implemented in accordance with Articles 14 and 17 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	3. By derogation from paragraph 1 of this Article, actions set out in Annex II to this Regulation implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation shall be implemented in accordance with Articles 14 and 17 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	3. By derogation from paragraph 1 of this Article, actions set out in Annex II to this Regulation implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation shall be implemented in accordance with Articles 13, 14 and 17 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 including initiatives regarding the review of priorities, and through close and coordinated cooperation in the European Statistical System.	Red
243.			Article 17	,	
244.	Title	Monitoring and reporting	Monitoring and reporting	Monitoring and reporting	Green Monitoring and reporting

245.	Art. 17 par. 1	1. Indicators to report on progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the specific objectives set out in Article 3(2) are set in Annex IV.	1. Indicators to report on progress of the effectiveness and efficiency of the Programme towards the achievement of the specific objectives set out in Article 3(2) are set in Annex IV. [Am. 119]	1. Indicators to report on progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the specific objectives set out in Article 3(2) are set in Annex IV.	Green 1. Indicators to report on the progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the specific objectives laid down in Article 3(2) are set out in the Annex IV.
246.	Art. 17 par. 2	2. To ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to review or complement the indicators in Annex IV where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.	2. To ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to review or complement the indicators in Annex IV where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.	2. To ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to review or complement the indicators in Annex IV where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.	Green 2. To ensure the effective assessment of the Programme's progress towards the achievement of its objectives, the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20, to amend Annex IV to review or complement the indicators where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.

247.	Art. 17 par. 3	3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States.	3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States.	3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States.	Green 3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed or recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States. Council suggestion as per horizontal guidance 3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring the implementation and the results of the programme are collected efficiently, effectively and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed or

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					recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, on Member States.
					Note: To be dealt with at finalisation stage: LL EP: The Council text does not correspond entirely to the standard wording: "To that end proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and where appropriate, on Member States.", in particular we should have "where appropriate" instead of "where relevant" -
248.			Article 18	}	
249.	Title	Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation	Green Evaluation
250.	Art. 18 par. 1	Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner	1. Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner to	1. Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner to feed into the	Green 1. Evaluations shall be carried
	*			-	-

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		to feed into the decision-making process.	feed into the decision-making process.	decision-making process.	out in a timely manner to feed into the decision-making process
251.	Art. 18 par. 2	2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available about the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the start of the Programme implementation.	2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available By [four years after the start of about the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the start] at the latest, the Commission shall draw up an interim evaluation report of the Programme implementation on the achievement of the objectives of the actions supported under it, on the results and impacts, on the efficiency of the use of resources and on its Union added value. [Am. 120]	2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available about the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the start of the Programme implementation and at least six months before the submission of a new programme proposal for the next multiannual financial framework period.	The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed be four years after the start of the implementation of the Programme. The Commissions shall draw up an interimevaluation report to assess the performance of the Programme including aspects such a effectiveness, efficiency coherence, relevance, synergie within the Programme and Elevanded value.
252.	Art. 18 par. 3	3. In relation to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article	3. In relation to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article	3. In relation to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article	Green 3. In relation to actions

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		shall prepare an annual report on the activity of the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation as regards the development of International Financial Reporting Standards, of the PIOB and of the	prepare an annual report on the activity of the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation as regards the development of International Financial Reporting Standards, of the PIOB and of the EFRAG. The Commission shall transmit	prepare an annual report on the activity of the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation as regards the development of International Financial Reporting Standards, of the PIOB and of the EFRAG. The Commission shall transmit the	objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the Commission shall prepare an annual report on the activity of the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation as regards the development of International Financial Reporting Standards,
		EFRAG. The Commission shall transmit the report to the European Parliament and to the Council.	the report to the European Parliament and to the Council.	report to the European Parliament and to the Council.	of the PIOB and of the EFRAG. The Commission shall transmit the report to the European Parliament and to the Council.
253.	Art. 18 par. 4 subpar. 1	4. In accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, the Commission shall consult the European Statistical System Committee for the part of the evaluations that pertain to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European	4. In accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, the Commission shall consult the European Statistical System Committee for the part of the evaluations that pertain to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the	4. In accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, the Commission shall consult the European Statistical System Committee (ESSC) for the part of the interim and final evaluations that pertain to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the	Green 4. In accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 the Commission shall consult the European Statistical System Committee (ESSC) for the part of the interim and final evaluations that pertain to action implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission

3(2)(c)(ii), the Commission shall 3(2)(c)(ii), the Commission shall

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3(2)(c)(ii), the Commission

implementing the specific

		Parliament and the Council.	Council.	Council.	to the European Parliament and the Council.
254.	Art. 18 par. 4 subpar. 2			The Commission shall consult the European Statistical Advisory Committee for the part of the final evaluation that pertains to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the Council.	The Commission shall consult the European Statistical Advisory Committee for the part of the final evaluation that pertains to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the Council.
255.	Art. 18 par. 5	5. At the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, a final evaluation of the Programme shall be carried out by the Commission.	5. At By [three years after the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1,] at the latest, the Commission shall draw up a final evaluation report	5. At the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, a final evaluation of the Programme shall be carried out by the Commission.	Green 5. At the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, the <i>Commission shall draw up</i> a final evaluation <i>report</i> to assess

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		on the longer term impact of the Programme shall be carried out by the Commission—, on the results and sustainability of the actions and on the synergies between the different work programmes. [Am. 121]		the performance of the Programme, including aspects such as effectiveness, efficiency coherence, relevance, synergies within the Programme and EU added value.
256. Art. 18 par. 6	6. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations accompanied by its observations, to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.	6. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations submit the evaluation reports referred to in paragraphs 2 and 5, accompanied by its observations, conclusions to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions and make them publicly available. Where appropriate, the reports shall be accompanied by proposals for modifications of the Programme. [Am. 122]	6. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations, accompanied by its observations and recommendations, to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.	Green 6. The Commission shall submathe evaluation reports referred to in paragraphs 2 and accompanied by its conclusion and recommendations to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economicand Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions and make them publicly available. Where appropriate, the report shall be accompanied by proposals for follow-up actions.

257.			Article 19	•	
258.	Title	Protection of the financial interests of the Union	Protection of the financial interests of the Union	[Protection of the financial interests of the Union	Light Green [Protection of the financial interests of the Union
259.	Art. 19, par. 1	Where a third country participates in the Programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including onthe-spot checks and inspections, provided for in	Where a third country participates in the Programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013	Where a third country participates in the Programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), and the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, as provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013-concerning investigations conducted by OLAF.]	Light Green Lawyer-linguists to check Where a third country participates in the Programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), and the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, as provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No

Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 concerning investigations conducted by	concerning investigations conducted by (OLAF).	883/2013-concerning investigations conducted by OLAF.]
(OLAF).		Note: Council suggestion as per horizontal guidance
		Where a third country participates in the Programme b means of a decision adopted pursuant to an international agreement or on the basis of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for th authorising officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), and the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, as provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013-concerning investigations conducted by OLAF.]

					Note: to be dealt with at finalisation stage LL EP: text does not correspond entirely to the standard wording the parts in yellow from the standard text are different in the Council proposal: "and the Court of Auditors to comprehensively exercise";	
260.	Article 20					
261.	Title	Exercise of the delegation	Exercise of the delegation	Exercise of the delegation	Red	
262.	Art. 20 par. 1	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	Red	
263.	Art. 20 par. 2	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 9 and 17 shall be	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 8(3b), 9, 10, 16 and 17,		Red	

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	ferred on the Commission at 31 December 2028.	shall be conferred on the Commission until 31 December 2028. [Am. 123] Note: No end clauses in the programme, consider addition of: "The power to adopt delegated acts shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of 7 years from [date of entry into force of the basic legislative act]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end	Commission until 31 December 2028.	
1	The delegation of power erred to in Articles 9 and 17	delegated acts shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of 7 years from [date of entry into force of the basic legislative act]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the 7-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period." 3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 8(3b), 9,	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 9 and 17	Red
•	y be revoked at any time by European Parliament or by	10, 16 and 17 may be revoked at any time by the European	may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the	

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				,	
		the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force. [Am. 124]	Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the <i>Official Journal</i> of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	
265.	Art. 20 par. 4	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	Red
266.	Art. 20 par. 5	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European	Red

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		the European Parliament and to the Council.	the European Parliament and to the Council.	Parliament and to the Council.	
267.	Art. 20 par. 6	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 9 and 17 shall enter into force if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 8(3b), 9, and 17 shall enter into force if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council. [Am. 125]	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 9 and 17 shall enter into force if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	Red
268.			Article 21		

269.	Title	Committee procedure	Committee procedure	Committee procedure	Committee procedure
270.	Art. 21, par. 1 subpar. 1			1. With regard to the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(b) and (d)(i), the Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	Red Note: Council correction: deletion of (d)(i) covered in row 272
271.	Art. 21, par. 1 subpar. 2			Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	Red
272.	Art. 21, par. 2 subpar. 1			2. With regard to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i), the Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	Red

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273.	Art. 21, par. 2 subpar. 2			Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 4 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	Red
274.	Art. 21 par. 1	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health established by Article 58 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁹⁹ . That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011. 99 Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health established by Article 58 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁹⁹ . That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011. [Am. 126] 99 Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in	43. TWith regard to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), the Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal HealthPlants, Animals, Food and Feed established by Article 58 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council 117. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011. 117 Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law,	Red
		Safety Authority and laying	matters of food safety (OJ L	establishing the European Food	

		down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 031, 01.02.2002, p. 1).	031, 01.02.2002, p. 1).	Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 031, 01.02.2002, p. 1).	
275.	Art. 21 par. 2 subpar. 1	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	Red
276.	Art. 21 par. 2 subpar. 2	Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the committee so decides or a simple majority of committee members so requests.	Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the committee so decides or a simple majority of committee members so requests.	Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the committee so decides or a simple majority of committee members so requests. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	Red

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277.			CHAPTER	2 V				
		TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS						
278.		Article 22						
279.	Title	Information, communication and publicity	Information, communication and publicity	Information, communication and publicity	Green Information, communication ar publicity			
280.	Art. 22 par. 1	1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in particular when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public.	1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure <i>transparency</i> and visibility of the Union funding (in particular when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public. [Am. 127]	funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in particular when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted pertinent information to multiple audiences,	1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin of those funds and ensure <i>the</i> visibility of the Union funding, in particular when promoting the actions and their results, by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public. LL to check at finalisation stage if "transparency" can be added.			

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281.	Art. 22 par. 2	2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.	2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and in a user-friendly manner, in order to raise awareness among consumers, citizens, businesses, especially SMEs and public administrations about the resources provided through the financial instruments of this Regulation, as well as about its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3. [Am. 128]	2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.	Green 2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and in a user friendly manner, in order to raise awareness among consumers, citizens, businesses, especially SMEs and public administrations about the financial resources provided through this Programme, and about the actions and results thereunder. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3. Note: Council suggestion as perhorizontal guidance::

282.	Art. 22 par. 3	3. The Commission (EUROSTAT) shall implement information and communication activities relating to implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f), its actions and results when they pertain to the development, production and dissemination of European statistics, in compliance with the statistical principles laid down in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	3. The Commission (EUROSTAT) shall implement information and communication activities relating to implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f), its actions and results when they pertain to the collection of data, development, production and dissemination of European statistics, in compliance with the statistical principles laid down in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. [Am. 129]	3. The Commission (EUROSTATEurostat) shall implementcarry out information and communication activities relating to the implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f), itsincluding actions and results when theythat pertain to the development, production and dissemination of European statistics, in compliance with the statistical principles laid down in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	Green 3. The Commission (EUROSTATEurostat) shall implement carry out information and communication activities relating to the implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f), itsincluding actions and results when theythat pertain to the development, production and dissemination of European statistics, in compliance with the statistical principles laid down it Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.
283.			Article 23	}	
284.	Title	Repeal	Repeal	Repeal	Green Repeal
285.	Art. 23, par. 1	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,	Green

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		(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.	(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.	(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2021. Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, with the exception of Articles 46, 48, 50, 51, 52 and 53, is repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 are repealed with effection 1 January 2021. Recital from Council: to explain
286.			Article 24	1	
287.	Title	Transitional provisions	Transitional provisions	Transitional provisions	Green Transitional provisions
288.	Art. 24 par. 1	1. This Regulation shall not affect the continuation or modification of the actions concerned, until their closure, under Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 which shall continue to apply to the actions concerned until their closure.	1. This Regulation shall not affect the continuation or modification of the actions concerned, until their closure, under Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 which shall continue to apply to the actions concerned until their closure.	1. This Regulation shall not affect the continuation or modification of the actions concerned, until their closure, under Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 which shall continue to apply to the actions concerned until their closure.	Green 1. This Regulation shall not affect the continuation of or modification of actions initiated pursuant to Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826, which shall continue to apply to those action

					until their closure.
289.	Art. 24 par. 2	2. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover technical and administrative assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under predecessor programmes established by acts listed in paragraph 1.	2. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover technical and administrative assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under predecessor programmes established by acts listed in paragraph 1.	2. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover technical and administrative assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under predecessor programmes established by acts listed in paragraph 1.	Green 2. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover the technical and administrative assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under predecessor programmes pursuant to acts listed in paragraph 1.
290.	Art. 24 par. 3	3. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(3), to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.	3. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(3), to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.	3. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(3), to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.	Green 3. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(3), to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.

		Green 4. "In line with point (a) of the second subparagraph of Article 193(2) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 2018/1046, the Commission may consider the costs directly linked to the actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and incurred in 2021 as eligible for financing from 1 January 2021, even if they were incurred by the beneficiary before the grant application was submitted. The deadlines set in Article 16(2) and in point 2 of Annex I shall not apply in relation to annual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes covering the year 2021." Addition - recital 85 [row 102]
291.	Article 25	5

292.	Title	Entry into force	Entry into force	Entry into force	Green Entry into force
293.	Art. 25, par. 1 subpar. 1	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	Green This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union. Note: Council suggestion: This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.
					Note: to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line decision on retroactivity and with horizontal guidance of both colegislators
294.	Art. 25, par. 1 subpar. 2	It shall apply from 1 January 2021. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	It shall apply from 1 January 2021. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	It shall apply from 1 January 2021. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	Green It shall apply from 1 January 2021. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Membe States.

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				(retroactivity)
295.	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Green Done at Brussels,
296.	For the European Parliament The President	For the European Parliament The President	For the European Parliament The President	Green For the European Parliament The President
297.	For the Council The President	For the Council The President	For the Council The President	Green For the Council The President

Proposal for a

REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

establishing the Programme for single market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics and repealing Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 2018/0231 (COD)

(text with EEA relevance)

PART 3: ANNEXES I-IV

Cell in green: The text can be deemed as already agreed

Cell in yellow: The issue needs further discussion at technical level

Cell in red: The issue needs further discussion in depth at the trilogue meetings

Note:

Differences between the EP's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Differences between the Council's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Modifications by lawyer-linguists are in Italics.

Deletions are not marked. Compromise wording is in Bold/Italics/Underline.

	1					
298.		ANNEX I				
299.	Title	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e)	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e)	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e)	Green Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) related to the plant, animal, food and feed areas	

300.	Annex I par. 1 subpar. 1	The following actions – mainly implemented through grants and procurement – implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding:	The following actions – mainly implemented through grants and procurement – implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding:	The following actions — mainly implemented through grants and procurement — implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding:	Green The following actions — mainly implemented through grants and procurement — implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding:
301.	Annex I par. 1 subpar. 1 point 1	Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures	Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures	Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures	Green 1. Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures
302.	Annex I par. 1 subpar. 1 point 1 point 1.1	1.1. Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures to be taken as a result of the confirmation of the occurrence of one of the animal diseases or zoonosis listed in Annex III or of the confirmation of the presence of one or more pests or if there is a direct threat to the human, animal or plant health status of the Union.	1.1. Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures to be taken as a result of the confirmation of the occurrence of one of the animal diseases or zoonosis listed in Annex III or of the confirmation of the presence of one or more pests or if there is a direct threat to the human, animal or plant health status of the Union.	1.1. Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures to be taken as a result of the <u>official</u> confirmation of the occurrence of one of the animal diseases or zoonosis listed in Annex III or of the <u>official</u> confirmation of the presence of one or more <u>plant</u> pests or if there is a direct threat to the human, animal or plant health status of the Union.	Green 1.1. Veterinary and phytosanitar emergency measures to be taken as a result of the <u>official</u> confirmation of the occurrence of one of the animal diseases or zoonosis listed in Annex III or of the <u>official</u> confirmation of the presence of one or more plant pests or if there is a direct threat to the human, animal or plant health status of the Union.

303.	Annex I par. 1 subpar. 2	The measures referred to in the first paragraph shall be implemented immediately and their application shall comply with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	The measures referred to in the first paragraph shall be implemented immediately and their application shall comply with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	The measures referred to in the first paragraph shall be implemented immediately and their application shall comply with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	Green The measures referred to in the first paragraph shall be implemented immediately and their application shall comply with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.
304.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.2	1.2. As regards phytosanitary emergencies, the following measures taken by Member States against the first outbreak of pests in a particular area:	1.2. As regards phytosanitary emergencies, the following measures taken by Member States against the first outbreak of pests in a particular area:	1.2. As regards phytosanitary emergencies, the following measures taken by Member States against the firstan outbreak of pests in a particular area:	Green 1.2. As regards phytosanitary emergencies, the following measures taken by Member States against the firstan outbreak of pests in a particular area:
305.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.2. point (a)	(a) measures to eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 16 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1)	(a) measures to <i>prevent</i> , <i>contain and/or</i> eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 16 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance	(a) measures to eradicate ion and prevention measures against a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 1617 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with	Green (a) measures to eradicate ion and prevention measures against a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 1617 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁵ of pursuant to the Union measures

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		of that Regulation; Regulation (EU) 2016/2031	with Article 28(1) of that Regulation; [Am. 130]	Article 28(1) or (3) of that Regulation;	adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) or (3) of that Regulation;
		of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 October 2016 on protective measures against pests of plants, amending Regulations (EU) No 228/2013, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 69/464/EEC, 74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/EC, 2000/29/EC, 2006/91/EC and 2007/33/EC (OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4).	Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 October 2016 on protective measures against pests of plants, amending Regulations (EU) No 228/2013, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 69/464/EEC, 74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/EC, 2000/29/EC, 2006/91/EC and 2007/33/EC (OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4).	Fegulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 October 2016 on protective measures against pests of plants, amending Regulations (EU) No 228/2013, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 69/464/EEC, 74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/EC, 2000/29/EC, 2006/91/EC and 2007/33/EC (OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4).	Fegulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 October 2016 on protective measures against pests of plants, amending Regulations (EU) No 228/2013, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directive 69/464/EEC, 74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/EC, 2000/29/EC, 2006/91/EC and 2007/33/EC (OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4).
1	Annex I par. 1 point 1	(b) measures to eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the	(b) measures to <i>prevent</i> , <i>contain and/or</i> eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine	(b) measures to eradicate ion and prevention measures against a pest, not listed as Union	Green (b) measures to eradicateion and prevention measures against a

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		point 1.2.	competent authority of a	pests, taken by the competent	quarantine pests, taken by the	pest, not listed as Union
		point (b)	Member State pursuant to	authority of a Member State	competent authority of a Member	quarantine pests, taken by the
			Article 29 of Regulation (EU)	pursuant to Article 29 of	State pursuant to Article 29(1),	competent authority of a Member
			2016/2031 and which may	Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and	<u>30(1) or 30(4)</u> of Regulation (EU)	State pursuant to Article 29(1),
			qualify as Union quarantine	which may qualify as Union	2016/2031 and which may qualify	30(1) or 30(4) of Regulation
			pests in accordance with the	quarantine pests in accordance	as Union quarantine pests in	(EU) 2016/2031 and which may
			criteria referred to in that	with the criteria referred to in	accordance with the criteria	qualify as Union quarantine pest
			Article or Article 30(1) of that	that Article or Article 30(1) of	referred to in thatose Articles or	in accordance with the criteria
			Regulation;	that Regulation; [Am. 131]	Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	referred to in thatose Articles or
						Article 30(1) of that Regulation;
						Lawyer-linguists to check
Ī	307.	Annex I	(c) additional protective	(c) additional protective	(c) additional protective measures	Green
		par. 1	measures taken against the	measures taken against the	taken against the spread of a pest,	(c) additional protective
		point 1	spread of a pest, against which	spread of a pest, against which	against which Union measures	measures taken against the
		point 1.2.	Union measures have been	Union measures have been	have been adopted pursuant to	spread of a pest, against which
		point (c)	adopted pursuant to Article	adopted pursuant to Article	Article 28(1) and Article 30(1) of	Union measures have been
			28(1) and Article 30(1) of	28(1) and Article 30(1) of	Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other	adopted pursuant to Article 28(1
			Regulation (EU) 2016/2031,	Regulation (EU) 2016/2031,	than the eradication and	and Article 30(1) of Regulation
			` '			` '
			other than the eradication	other than the eradication	prevention measures referred to	(EU) 2016/2031, other than the

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measures referred to in point (a)

containment measures referred

to in point points (a) and (b) of

of this point and the

measures referred to in point

containment measures referred

to in point (b) of this point,

(a) of this point and the

eradication and prevention

measures referred to in points (a

of this point and the containmen

measures referred to in pointand

in points (a) of this point and the

containment measures referred to

in pointand (b) of this point,

where those measures are

		where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest, restricting where necessary the free movement of carriers in the surrounding Member States. [Am. 132]	essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	(b) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.
308.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.2. point (ca)		(ca) measures to eradicate a pest that has suddenly appeared, even if it is not considered a Union quarantine pest but the result of extreme climatic events or climate change in a Member State; [Am. 133]		Green Deletion Note: recital on climatic events to be added
309.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3	1.3. Union funding may also be provided for the following measures:	1.3. Union funding may also be provided for the following measures:	1.3. Union funding may also be provided for the following measures:	Green 1.3. Union funding may also be provided for the following measures:

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310.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.1	1.3.1. Protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the health status of the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or an OCT, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III as well as protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the plant health status of the Union;	1.3.1. Protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the health status of the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or an OCT, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III as well as protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the plant health status of the Union;	1.3.1. Protection or prevention measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the health status of the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or an OCT, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III as well as protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the plant health status of the Union;	Green 1.3.1. Protection or prevention measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the health status of the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or an OCT, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III as well as protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the plant health status of the Union;
311.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.2	1.3.2. Measures referred to in this Annex carried out by two or more Member States which collaborate closely to control the epidemic;	1.3.2. Measures referred to in this Annex carried out by two or more Member States which collaborate closely to control the epidemic;	1.3.2. Measures referred to in this Annex carried out by two or more Member States which collaborate closely to control the epidemican animal disease or plant pest outbreak;	Green 1.3.2. Measures referred to in this Annex carried out by two or more Member States which collaborate closely to control the epidemican animal disease or plant pest outbreak;
312.	Annex I par. 1	1.3.3. The establishment of stocks of biological products	1.3.3. The establishment of stocks of biological products	1.3.3. The establishment of stocks of biological products intended	Green 1.3.3. The establishment of

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	point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.3	intended for the control of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III, where the Commission, at the request of a Member State, considers establishment of such stocks necessary in that Member State;	intended for the control of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III, where the Commission, at the request of a Member State, considers establishment of such stocks necessary in that Member State;	for the control of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III, where the Commission, at the request of a Member State, considers establishment of such stocks necessary in that Member State;	stocks of biological products intended for the control of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III, where the Commission, at the request of a Member State, considers establishment of such stocks necessary in that Member State;
313.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.4	1.3.4. The establishment of stocks of biological products or the acquisition of vaccine doses if the occurrence or the development in a third country or Member State of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III might constitute a threat to the Union.	1.3.4. The establishment of stocks of biological products or the acquisition of vaccine doses if the occurrence or the development in a third country or Member State of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III might constitute a threat to the Union.	1.3.4. The establishment of stocks of biological products or the acquisition of vaccine doses if the occurrence or the development in a third country or Member State of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III might constitute a threat to the Union.	Green 1.3.4. The establishment of stocks of biological products or the acquisition of vaccine doses if the occurrence or the development in a third country of Member State of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III might constitute a threat to the Union.
314.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.4a		1.3.4a. In the event of a suspected outbreak of an animal disease and/or the appearance of harmful organisms, checks and monitoring will need to be		Green 1.3.4a. In the event of a suspected outbreak of an anima disease and/or the appearance of harmful organisms, intensified checks and

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	(new)	greatly intensified throughout the EU within the Union and at its external borders; [Am. 134]		monitoring may be needed within the Union and at its external borders. LL to check
315.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.4b (new)	1.3.4b. Measures to monitor the appearance of known as well as currently unknown pests and diseases. [Am. 135]		Green 1.3.4b. Measures to monitor the appearance of known as well as currently emerging, previously not known plant pests and animal diseases LL to check
316.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 (new)		1.4. Eligible costs	Green 1.4. Eligible costs
317.	Annex I par. 1 point 1		1.4.1. Veterinary emergency measures	Green 1.4.1. Veterinary emergency measures

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	point 1.4 point 1.4.1. (new)		
318.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1 introducto ry part (new)	The following costs incurred by the Member States in carrying out the measures referred to in Article 3(2)(e) may qualify for funding under that paragraph:	The following costs incurred by the Member States in carrying out the measures referred to in Article 3(2)(e) may qualify for funding under that paragraph:
319.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (a) (new)	(a) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their animals slaughtered or culled, limited to the market value of such animals if they had not been affected by the disease;	Green (a) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their animals slaughtered or culled, limited to the market value of such animals if they had not been affected by the disease;

320.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (b) (new)	(b) costs of slaughtering or culling the animals and related transport costs;	Green (b) costs of slaughtering or culling the animals and related transport costs;
321.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (c) (new)	(c) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their destroyed products of animal origin, limited to the market value of those products immediately before any suspicion of the disease arose or was confirmed;	Green (c) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their destroyed products of animal origin, limited to the market value of those products immediately before any suspicion of the disease arose or was confirmed;
322.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4	(d) costs of cleaning, desinsectisation and disinfection of holdings and equipment, based on the epidemiology and	Green (d) costs of cleaning, desinsectisation and disinfection of holdings and

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	point 1.4.1. point (d) (new)		characteristics of the pathogen;	equipment, based on the epidemiology and characteristics of the pathogen
323.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (e) (new)		(e) costs for the transport and the destruction of the contaminated feeding stuffs and, where it can not be disinfected, contaminated equipment;	(e) costs for the transport and the destruction of the contaminated feeding stuffs and, where it can not be disinfected, contaminated equipment;
324.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (f) (new)		(f) costs of purchase, storage, administration or distribution of vaccines and baits as well as the costs of inoculation itself, if the Commission decides or authorises such actions;	Green (f) costs of purchase, storage, administration or distribution of vaccines and baits as well as the costs of inoculation itself, if the Commission decides or authorises such actions;

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325.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (g) (new)	(g) costs of transport and disposal of carcasses;	Green (g) costs of transport and disposal of carcasses;
326.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (h) (new)	(h) in exceptional and duly justified cases, costs of serological and virological tests for surveillance and premoving tests in restricted zones and any other costs essential for the eradication of the disease.	Green (h) in exceptional and duly justified cases, costs of serological and virological tests for surveillance and premoving tests in restricted zone and any other costs essential for the eradication of the disease.
327.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2	1.4.2. Phytosanitary emergency measures	Green 1.4.2. Phytosanitary emergency measures

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	(new)			
328.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 introducto ry part (new)		The following costs incurred by Member States in carrying out the measures referred to in Article 3(2)(e) may qualify for grants under that Article:	Green The following costs incurred by Member States in carrying out the measures referred to in Article 3(2)(e) may qualify for grants under that Article:
329.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 point (a) (new)		(a) costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in the measures, as well as costs of renting equipment, of consumables and of any other necessary materials, of treatment products, of sampling and of laboratory tests;	Green (a) costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in the measures, as well as costs of renting equipment, of consumables and of any other necessary materials, of treatment products, of sampling and of laboratory tests;

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330.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 point (b) (new)	(b) costs of service contracts with third parties to execute part of the measures;	Green (b) costs of service contracts with third parties to execute part of the measures;
331.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 point (c) (new)	(c) costs of compensating the operators or owners concerned for the treatment, the destruction and subsequent removal of plants, of plant products and of other objects, and for the cleaning and disinfection of premises, land, water, soil, growing media, facilities, machinery and equipment;	Green (c) costs of compensating the operators or owners concerned for the treatment, the destruction and subsequent removal of plants, of plant products and of other objects, and for the cleaning and disinfection of premises, land, water, soil, growing media, facilities, machinery and equipment;
332.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4	(d) costs of compensating the owners concerned for the value of the destroyed plants, plant products or other objects	Green (d) costs of compensating the owners concerned for the value of the destroyed plants, plant

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	point 1.4.2 point (d) (new)	subject to the measures referred to in Articles 17, 28(1), 29(1) and 30(1) of Regulation 2016/2031, limited to the market value of such plants, plant products and other objects as if they had not been affected by those measures; the salvage value, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation; and	products or other objects subject to the measures referred to in Articles 17, 28(1), 29(1) and 30(1) of Regulation 2016/2031, limited to the market value of such plants, plant products and other objects as if they had not been affected by those measures; the salvage value, if any, shall be deducted from th compensation; and
333.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 point (e) (new)	(e) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (d).	(e) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (d).
334.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4	The compensation to owners referred to in point (d) shall only be eligible if the measures have been carried out under the	Green The compensation to owners referred to in point (d) shall

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	point 1.4.2 subparar. 2 (new)			supervision of the competent authority.	only be eligible if the measures have been carried out under the supervision of the competent authority.
335.	Annex I par. 1 point 2	2. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes	2. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes	2. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes	Green 2. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes
336.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 1	2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III and of plant pests have to be implemented in compliance with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III and of plant pests have to be implemented in compliance with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III and of plant pests have to be implemented in compliance with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	Green 2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III and of plant pests have to be implemented in compliance with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.

337.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 2	The conditions for the actions to qualify for funding shall be set out in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	The conditions for the actions to qualify for funding shall be set out in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	The conditions for the actions to qualify for funding shall be set out in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	Green The conditions for the actions to qualify for funding shall be set out in the work programme referred to in Article 16.
338.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3	Programmes shall be submitted to the Commission by 31 May of the year preceding the planned implementation period.	Programmes shall be submitted to the Commission by 31 May of the year preceding the planned implementation period.	Programmes shall be submitted to the Commission by 31 May of the year preceding the planned implementation period.	Green Programmes shall be submitted to the Commission by 31 May of the year preceding the planned implementation period.
339.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3a (new)			The Commission shall communicate to Member States by 30 November each year:	Yellow Council proposal to maintain the text, EP to check The Commission shall communicate to Member States by 30 November each year:
340.	Annex I par. 1			(a) the list of national programmes technically	Yellow (a) the list of national

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	point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3a point (a) (new)	approved and proposed for co- financing;	programmes technically approved and proposed for co-financing;
341.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3a point (b) (new)	(b) the provisional amount allocated to each programme;	Yellow (b) the provisional amount allocated to each programme;
342.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3a point (c) (new)	(c) the provisional maximum level of the Union financial contribution for each programme; and	Yellow (c) the provisional maximum level of the Union financial contribution for each programme; and

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343.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3a point (d) (new)			(d) any provisional conditions to which the Union financial contribution may be subject.	Yellow (d) any provisional conditions to which the Union financial contribution may be subject.
344.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3b (new)			The Commission shall approve the national programmes and the associated funding by 31 January each year by means of a grant agreement in relation to the measures implemented and the costs incurred.	The Commission shall approve the national programmes and the associated funding by 31 January each year by means of a grant agreement in relation to the measures implemented and the costs incurred.
345.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 4	Following the submission of intermediate financial reports by the beneficiaries, the Commission may, if necessary, amend the grant agreements in relation to the whole eligibility	Following the submission of intermediate financial reports by the beneficiaries, the Commission may, if necessary, amend the grant agreements in relation to the whole eligibility	Following the submission of intermediate financial reports by the beneficiaries by 31 August of the implementing year, the Commission may, if necessary, amend the grant agreements in	Yellow EP to check whether this is related to DA/IA and come back to Council on rows 340-346

	period.	period.	relation to the whole eligibility period.	
346.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a (new)		2.1a. Eligible costs	Green 2.1a. Eligible costs
347.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 (new)		2.1a.1. The following costs incurred by the Member States in implementing the national veterinary programmes may qualify for EU co-financing:	Green 2.1a.1. The following costs incurred by the Member States in implementing the national veterinary programmes may qualify for EU co-financing:
348.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1		(a) costs of sampling animals;	Green (a) costs of sampling animals;

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	point (a) (new)		
349.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (b) (new)	(b) costs of tests, provided that they are limited to:	Green (b) costs of tests, provided that they are limited to:
350.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (b) point (i) (new)	(i) costs of test kits, reagents, and consumables which are identifiable and specifically used for carrying out those tests;	Green (i) costs of test kits, reagents, and consumables which are identifiable and specifically used for carrying out those tests;
351.	Annex I par. 1	(ii) costs of personnel, regardless of their status,	Green (ii) costs of personnel,

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	point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (b) point (ii) (new)	directly involved in carrying out the tests;	regardless of their status, directly involved in carrying out the tests;
352.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (c) (new)	(c) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their animals slaughtered or culled, limited to the market value of such animals if they had not been affected by the disease;	Green (c) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their animals slaughtered or culled, limited to the market value of such animals if they had not been affected by the disease;
353.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point	(d) costs of slaughtering or culling of the animals;	Green (d) costs of slaughtering or culling of the animals;

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	2.1a.1 point (d) (new)		
354.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (e) (new)	(e) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their destroyed products of animal origin, limited to the market value of those products immediately before any suspicion of the disease arose or was confirmed;	Green (e) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their destroyed products of animal origin, limited to the market value of those products immediately before any suspicion of the disease arose or was confirmed;
355.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (f) (new)	(f) costs of purchase, storage, inoculation, administration or distribution of vaccine doses or vaccine and baits used for the programmes;	(f) costs of purchase, storage, inoculation, administration or distribution of vaccine doses or vaccine and baits used for the programmes;

356.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (g) (new)	(g) costs of cleaning, disinfection, desinsectisation of the holding and equipment based on the epidemiology and characteristics of the pathogen; and	Green (g) costs of cleaning, disinfection, desinsectisation of the holding and equipment based on the epidemiology and characteristics of the pathogen; and
357.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (h) (new)	(h) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (g).	Green (h) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (g).
358.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1	For the purposes of point (c) of the first paragraph, the salvage value of the animals, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation.	Green For the purposes of point (c) of the first paragraph, the salvage value of the animals, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation.

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subpar. 2 (new)			
Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 subpar. 3 (new)		For the purposes of point (d) of the first paragraph, the salvage value of heat-treated non-incubated eggs shall be deducted from the compensation.	Green For the purposes of point (d) of the first paragraph, the salvage value of heat-treated non-incubated eggs shall be deducted from the compensation.
Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 (new)		2.1a.2. The following costs incurred by the Member States in implementing the national phytosanitary programmes may qualify for EU co-financing:	Green 2.1a.2. The following costs incurred by the Member States in implementing the national phytosanitary programmes may qualify for EU co-financing:
Annex I par. 1		(a) costs for sampling;	Green
	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 subpar. 3 (new) Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 (new)	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a.1 subpar. 3 (new) Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a point 2.1a point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 (new) Annex I	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2 point 2.1a.1 subpar. 3 (new) Annex I par. 1 point 2 Annex I par. 1 point 2 Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2 qualify for EU co-financing:

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	point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (a) (new)		
362.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (aa) (new)	(aa) costs for visual examinations;	Green (aa) costs for visual examinations;
363.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (b) (new)	(b) costs of tests, provided that they are limited to:	Green (b) costs of tests, provided that they are limited to:

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364.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (b) point (i) (new)	(i) the costs of test kits, of reagents and of consumables which are identifiable and specifically used for carrying out the tests;	Green (i) the costs of test kits, of reagents and of consumables which are identifiable and specifically used for carrying out the tests;
365.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (b) point (ii) (new)	(ii) the costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in carrying out the tests;	Green (ii) the costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in carrying out the tests;
366.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a	(c) costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in the measures, as well as costs of renting equipment, of	Green (c) costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in the

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	point 2.1a.2 point (c) (new)	consumables and of any other necessary materials, of treatment products, of samplin and of laboratory tests;	measures, as well as costs of renting equipment, of consumables and of any other necessary materials, of treatment products, of sampling and of laboratory tests;
367.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (d) (new)	(d) costs of service contracts with third parties to execute part of the measures;	Green (d) costs of service contracts with third parties to execute part of the measures;
368.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (e) (new)	(e) costs of compensating the operators or owners concerned for the treatment, the destruction and subsequent removal of plants, of plant products and of other objects, and for the cleaning and disinfection of premises, land, water, soil, growing media,	(e) costs of compensating the operators or owners concerned for the treatment, the destruction and subsequent removal of plants, of plant products and of other objects, and for the cleaning and disinfection of premises, land, water, soil,

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		facilities, machinery and equipment;	growing media, facilities, machinery and equipment;
369.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (f) (new)	(f) costs of compensating the owners concerned for the value of the destroyed plants, plant products or other objects subject to the measures referred to in Articles 17, 28(1), 29(1) and 30(1) of Regulation 2016/2031, limited to the market value of such plants, plant products and other objects as if they had not been affected by those measures; the salvage value, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation; and	(f) costs of compensating the owners concerned for the value of the destroyed plants, plant products or other objects subject to the measures referred to in Articles 17, 28(1), 29(1) and 30(1) of Regulation 2016/2031, limited to the market value of such plants, plant products and other objects as if they had not been affected by those measures; the salvage value, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation; and
370.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a	(g) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than	Green (g) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out

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	point 2.1a.2 point (g) (new)		those referred to in points (a) to (f).	necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (f).
371.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 subpar. 2		The compensation to owners referred to in point (f) shall only be eligible if the measures have been carried out under the supervision of the competent authority.	The compensation to owners referred to in point (f) shall only be eligible if the measures have been carried out under the supervision of the competent authority.
372.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 par. 3a (new)	These programmes should reflect the new realities caused by climate change and the diversity thereof at European level; they should also help prevent the erosion of European biodiversity. [Am. 137]		Green Deletion Note: Council proposal for a recital instead:
373.	Annex I 2.2. If the occurrence or the par. 1 development of one of the	2.2. If the occurrence or the development of one of the	2.2. If the occurrence or the development of one of the animal	Green 2.2. If the occurrence or the

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	point 2 point 2.2	animal diseases or zoonoses listed in Annex III is likely to constitute a threat to the health status of the Union and in order to protect the Union from the introduction of one of those diseases or zoonoses or if protection measures are necessary in support of the plant health status of the Union, Member States may include in their national programmes measures to be implemented in territories of third countries in cooperation with the authorities of those countries. Under the same circumstances and for the same objective, Union funding may be directly awarded to third countries' competent authorities.	animal diseases or zoonoses listed in Annex III is likely to constitute a threat to the health status of the Union and in order to protect the Union from the introduction of one of those diseases or zoonoses or if protection measures are necessary in support of the plant health status of the Union, Member States may include in their national programmes measures to be implemented in territories of third countries in cooperation with the authorities of those countries. Under the same circumstances and for the same objective, Union funding may be directly awarded to third countries' competent authorities.	diseases or zoonoses listed in Annex III is likely to constitute a threat to the health status of the Union and in order to protect the Union from the introduction of one of those diseases or zoonoses or if protection measures are necessary in support of the plant health status of the Union, Member States may include in their national programmes measures to be implemented in territories of third countries in cooperation with the authorities of those countries. Under the same circumstances and for the same objective, Union funding may be directly awarded to third countries' competent authorities.	development of one of the animal diseases or zoonoses listed in Annex III is likely to constitute a threat to the health status of the Union and in order to protect the Union from the introduction of one of those diseases or zoonoses or if protection measures are necessary in support of the plant health status of the Union, Member States may include in their national programmes measures to be implemented in territories of third countries in cooperation with the authorities of those countries. Under the same circumstances and for the same objective, Union funding may be directly awarded to third countries' competent outhorities
374.	Annex I par. 1	2.3. As regards phytosanitary programmes,	2.3. As regards phytosanitary programmes, Union funding	2.3. As regards phytosanitary programmes, Union funding may	authorities. Green 2.3. As regards phytosanitary

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	point 2 point 2.3	Union funding may be awarded to Member States for the following measures:	may be awarded to Member States for the following measures:	be awarded to Member States for the following measures:	programmes, Union funding may be awarded to Member States for the following measures:
375.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (a)	(a) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any Union quarantine pest, and signs or symptoms of any pest subject to the measures referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or to measures adopted pursuant to Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	(a) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any Union quarantine pest, and signs or symptoms of any pest subject to the measures referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or to measures adopted pursuant to Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	(a) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for: _the presence of any Union quarantine pest, and signs or symptoms of any pest subject to the measures referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or to measures adopted pursuant to Article 30(1) of that Regulation, pursuant to Article 22(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or, where applicable, pursuant to Articles 47 to 77 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625; - priority pests pursuant to Article 24(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031;	a) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for: _the presence of any Union quarantine pest, and signs or symptoms of any pest subject to the measures referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or to measures adopted pursuant to Article 30(1) of that Regulation, pursuant to Article 22(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or, where applicable, pursuant to Articles 47 to 77 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625; -priority pests pursuant to Article 24(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031;

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376.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (b)	(b) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any pests, other than the pests referred to in point (a), which might represent an emerging risk for the Union, and the entry or spread of which might have a significant impact for the Union agriculture or forests;	(b) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any pests, other than the pests referred to in point (a), which might represent an emerging risk for the Union, and the entry or spread of which might have a significant impact for the Union agriculture or forests;	(b) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any pests, other than the pests referred to in point (a), which might represent an emerging risk for the Union, and the entry or spread of which might have a significant impact for theon Union agriculture or forests territory;	Green (b) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any pests, other than the pests referred to in point (a), which might represent an emerging risk for the Union, and the entry or spread of which might have a significant impact for theon Union agriculture or forests territory;
377.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (c)	(c) measures to eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) of that Regulation;	(c) measures to <i>prevent</i> , <i>contain or</i> eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) of that Regulation; [Am. 138]	(c) measures to eradicateion and prevention measures against a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) or (3) of that Regulation;	Green (c) measures to eradicateion and prevention measures against a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) or (3) of that Regulation;

378.	Annex I par. 1 point 2	(d) measures to eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the	(d) measures to <i>prevent</i> , <i>contain or</i> eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests,	(d) measures to eradicateion and prevention measures against a pest, not listed as Union	Green (d) measures to e radicate ion
	point 2.3	competent authority of a	taken by the competent	quarantine pests, taken by the	and prevention measures
	point (d)	Member State pursuant to	authority of a Member State	competent authority of a Member	against a pest, not listed as
		Article 29 of Regulation (EU)	pursuant to Article 29 of	State pursuant to Article 29(1),	Union quarantine pests, taken
		2016/2031 and which may	Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and	<u>30(1) or 30(4)</u> of Regulation (EU)	by the competent authority of a
		qualify as Union quarantine	which may qualify as Union	2016/2031 and which may qualify	Member State pursuant to
		pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in that	quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in	as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria	Article 29 <u>(1), 30(1) or 30(4)</u> of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031
		Article or Article 30(1) of that	that Article or Article 30(1) of	referred to in thatose Articles or	and which may qualify as
		Regulation;	that Regulation; [Am. 139]	Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in thatose Articles or Article 30(1) of that Regulation;
379.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (e)	(e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication measures referred to in point (c) of this point and	(e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication measures referred to in point (c) of this point and the	(e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication and prevention measures referred to in points (c) and (d) of this point	Green (e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication and prevention

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		the containment measures referred to in point (d) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest;	containment measures referred to in point points (c) and (d) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest; [Am. 140]	and the containment measures referred to in point (df) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest;	measures referred to in points (c) and (d) of this point and the containment measures referred to in point (df) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest;
380.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (f)	(f) measures to contain a pest, against which Union containment measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or Article 30(3) of that Regulation, in an infested area from which that pest cannot be eradicated, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	(f) measures to contain a pest, against which Union containment measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or Article 30(3) of that Regulation, in an infested area from which that pest cannot be eradicated, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	(f) measures to contain a pest, against which Union containment measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or Article 30(3) of that Regulation, in an infested area from which that pest cannot be eradicated, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	Green (f) measures to contain a pest, against which Union containment measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or Article 30(3) of that Regulation, in an infested area from which that pest cannot be eradicated, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.
381.	Annex I par. 1	The work programme referred to in Article 16 shall determine	The work programme referred to in Article 16 shall determine the	The work programme referred to in Article 16 shall determine the	Green The work programme referred

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	point 2 point 2.3 subpar. 2	the list of plant pests to be covered under these measures.	list of plant pests to be covered under these measures.	list of plant pests to be covered under these measures.	to in Article 16 shall determine the list of plant pests to be covered under these measures.
382.	Annex I par. 1 point 2a (new)			2a. Union funding may be awarded to Member States for implementing phytosanitary programmes for the control of pests in the outermost regions of the Union referred to in Article 355(1) TFEU which are excluded from the territorial scope of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, in line with the objectives set out in Article 24 of Regulation (EU) No 228/2013 ('programmes for the outermost regions'). Those programmes shall concern activities necessary to ensure the correct implementation in those regions of the rules, whether they are Union rules or national rules, in force in those regions, on the control of pests.	Green 2a. Union funding may be awarded to Member States for implementing phytosanitary programmes for the control of pests in the outermost regions of the Union referred to in Article 355(1) TFEU which are excluded from the territorial scope of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, in line with the objectives set out in Article 24 of Regulation (EU) No 228/2013 ('programmes for the outermost regions'). Those programmes shall concern activities necessary to ensure the correct implementation in those regions of the rules, whether

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					they are Union rules or national rules, in force in those regions, on the control of pests.
383.	Annex I par. 1 point 3	3. Activities to support the improvement of the welfare of animals.	3. Activities to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, including measures to ensure compliance with animal welfare standards and traceability including during animal transport. [Am. 141]	3. Activities to support the improvement of the welfare of animals.	Green 3. Activities to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, including measures to ensure compliance with animal welfare standards and traceability including during animal transport.
384.	Annex I par. 1 point 4	4. European Union reference laboratories and European Union reference centres, referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017	4. European Union reference laboratories and European Union reference centres, referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017	4. European Union reference laboratories—and European Union reference centres, referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625-of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁶ , and the European Union reference centres referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012.	4. European Union reference laboratories and European Union reference centres, referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁶ , and the European Union reference centres referred to in Article 29 of Regulation

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on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Directives 89/608/EEC, 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC,

on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC. and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Council Directives 89/608/EEC. 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC,

⁶ Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009. (EC) No 1107/2009. (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC. 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC. and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No

882/2004 of the European

Parliament and of the Council.

Council Directives 89/608/EEC.

(EU) 2016/1012.

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		96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/ EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).	96/93/EC and 97/78/ EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).	89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/ EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).	
385.	Annex I par. 1 point 4a (new)			4a. Obtaining accreditation regarding test and diagnostic methods at national plant health reference laboratories for up to three years after the designation of the European Union reference laboratory of the specific area.	Red
386.	Annex I par. 1 point 5	5. Coordinated control programmes and information and data collection, referred to in Article 112 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	5. Coordinated control programmes and information and data collection, referred to in Article 112 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	5. Coordinated control programmes and information and data collection, referred to in Article 112 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	Green 5. Coordinated control programmes and information and data collection, referred to in Article 112 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.
387.	Annex I par. 1 point 6	6. Activities for preventing food waste and combating food fraud.	6. Activities for preventing food waste and combating food fraud.	6. Activities for preventing food waste and combating food fraud.	Green 6. Activities for preventing food waste and combating food

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					fraud.
388.	Annex I par. 1 point 7	7. Activities supporting a sustainable food production and consumption.	7. Activities supporting a agroecological production, sustainable food production and consumption consumption, which does not cause harm to the environment and biodiversity, and promotion of direct sales and short supply chains. [Am. 142]	7. Activities supporting a sustainable food production and consumption.	Green Activities supporting sustainable food production and consumption, including short supply chains.
389.	Annex I par. 1 point 8	8. Data-bases and computerised information management systems necessary for the effective and efficient implementation of the legislation related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and having a proven added value for the Union as a whole.	8. Data-bases and computerised information management systems necessary for the effective and efficient implementation of the legislation related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and having a proven added value for the Union as a whole; implementation of new technologies to improve traceability of products such as	8. Data-bases and computerised information management systems necessary for the effective and efficient implementation of the legislation related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and having a proven added value for the Union as a whole.	8. Data-bases and computerised information management systems necessary for the effective and efficient implementation of the legislation related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and having a proven added value for the Union as a whole; implementation of new

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			QR codes on product packaging. [Am. 143]		technologies to improve traceability of products.
390.	Annex I par. 1 point 9	9. The training of the staff of the competent authorities responsible for official controls and other parties involved in the management and/or prevention of animal diseases or plant pests, as referred to in Article 130 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	9. The training of the staff of the competent authorities responsible for official controls and other parties involved in the management and/or prevention of animal diseases or plant pests, as referred to in Article 130 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	9. The training of the staff of the competent authorities responsible for official controls and other parties involved in the management and/or prevention of animal diseases or plant pests, as referred to in Article 130 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	Green 9. The training of the staff of the competent authorities responsible for official controls and other parties involved in the management and/or prevention of animal diseases or plant pests, as referred to in Article 130 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.
391.	Annex I par. 1 point 10	10. Travel, accommodation and daily subsistence expenses incurred by Member States' experts as a result of the Commission appointing them to assist its experts as provided for in Articles 116(4) and 120(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	10. Travel, accommodation and daily subsistence expenses incurred by Member States' experts as a result of the Commission appointing them to assist its experts as provided for in Articles 116(4) and 120(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	10. Travel, accommodation and daily subsistence expenses incurred by Member States' experts as a result of the Commission appointing them to assist its experts as provided for in Articles 116(4) and 120(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	Green 10. Travel, accommodation and daily subsistence expenses incurred by Member States' experts as a result of the Commission appointing them to assist its experts as provided for in Articles 116(4) and 120(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.

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392.	Annex I par. 1 point 11	11. Technical and scientific work, including studies and coordination activities, necessary to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to scientific, technological and societal developments.	11. Technical and scientific work, including studies and coordination activities, necessary to safeguard prevention of the appearance of new as well as unknown pests and diseases and to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to scientific, technological and societal developments. [Am. 144]	11. Technical and scientific work, including studies and coordination activities, necessary to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to scientific, technological and societal developments.	11. Technical and scientific work necessary to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to scientific, technological and societal developments, including studies and coordination activities necessary for the prevention of the appearance of emerging plant pests and animal diseases. LL to check
393.	Annex I par. 1 point 12	12. Activities carried out by the Member States or international organisations operating with the aim of	12. Activities carried out by the Member States or international organisations operating with the aim of	12. Activities carried out by the Member States or international organisations operating with the aim of achieving the specific	Green 12. Activities carried out by the Member States or international organisations operating with

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		achieving the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) in support of the development and implementation of the rules related to that objective.	achieving the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) in support of the development and implementation of the rules related to that objective.	objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) in support of the development and implementation of the rules related to that objective.	the aim of achieving the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) in support of the development and implementation of the rules related to that objective.
394.	Annex I par. 1 point 13	13. Projects organised by one or more Member States with the aim of improving, through the use of innovative techniques and protocols, the efficient implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	13. Projects organised by one or more Member States with the aim of improving, through the use of innovative techniques and protocols, the efficient implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	13. Projects organised by one or more Member States with the aim of improving, through the use of innovative techniques and protocols, the efficient implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	Green 13. Projects organised by one or more Member States with the aim of improving, through the use of innovative techniques and protocols, the efficient implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).
395.	Annex I par. 1 point 14	14. Support to information and awareness raising initiatives by the Union and Member States aimed at ensuring improved, compliant and sustainable food production and consumption, including food waste and food fraud prevention activities, within the implementation of the rules in the area of the specific	14. Support to information and awareness raising initiatives by the Union and Member States aimed at ensuring improved, compliant and sustainable food production and consumption, including food waste <i>prevention contributing</i> to the circular economy, and food fraud prevention activities, within the implementation of the	14. Support to information and awareness raising initiatives by the Union and Member States aimed at ensuring improved, compliant and sustainable food production and consumption, including food waste and food fraud prevention activities, as well as other initiatives contributing to a high level of health for plants and animals, food and	Green 14. Support to information and awareness raising initiatives by the Union and Member States aimed at ensuring improved, compliant and sustainable food production and consumption, including food waste prevention contributing to the circular economy and food

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		objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	rules in the area of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e). [Am. 145]	feed safety, within the implementation of the rules in the area of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	fraud prevention activities, as well as other initiatives contributing to a high level of health for plants and animals, food and feed safety, within the implementation of the rules in the area of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).
396.	Annex I par. 1 point 15	15. Measures carried out to protect human, animal and plant health and animal welfare, implemented on animals, animal products, plant and plant products arriving from third countries at a Union border.	15. Measures carried out to protect human, animal and plant health and animal welfare, implemented on animals, animal products, plant and plant products arriving from third countries at a Union border.	15. Measures carried out to protect human, animal and plant health and animal welfare, implemented on animals, animal products, plants and, plant products, and other relevant objects arriving from third countries at a Union border. NB. Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community	Green Measures carried out to protect human, animal and plant health and animal welfare, implemented on animals, animal products, plants and, plant products, and other relevant objects arriving from third countries at a Union border.

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397.		ANNEX II		
398.	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f)	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f)	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f)	Green Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) on European statistics
399.	The implementation of Union policies requires high-quality, comparable and reliable statistical information about the economic, social, territorial and environmental situation in the Union. Additionally, European statistics allow European citizens to understand and to participate in the democratic process and debate about the present state and future of the Union.	The implementation of Union policies requires high-quality, comparable and reliable statistical information about the economic, social, territorial and environmental situation in the Union. Additionally, European statistics allow European citizens to understand and to participate in the democratic process and debate about the present state and future of the Union.	The implementation of Union policies requires high-quality, comparable and reliable statistical information about the economic, social, territorial and environmental situation in the Union. Additionally, European statistics allow European citizens to understand and to participate in the democratic process and debate about the present state and future of the Union.	The implementation of Union policies requires high-quality, comparable and reliable statistical information about the economic, social, territorial and environmental situation in the Union. Additionally, European statistics <i>enable</i> European citizens to understand and to participate in the democratic process and debate about the present state and future of the Union.

400.

Together with Regulation (EC) 223/2009 on European statistics, the Programme provides the overall framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics for 2021-2027. European statistics are developed, produced and disseminated under that framework and in accordance with the principles of the European statistics Code of Practice through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS).

Together with Regulation (EC) 223/2009 on European statistics, the Programme provides the overall framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics for 2021-2027. European statistics are developed, produced and disseminated under that framework and in accordance with the principles of the European statistics Code of Practice through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS).

Together with Regulation (EC) 223/2009 on European statistics, and especially with reference to the professional independence of statistical institutes and the other statistical principles laid down in Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, the Programme provides the

the Programme provides the overall framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics for 2021-2027. European statistics are developed, produced and disseminated under that framework and in accordance with the principles of the European statistics Code of Practice and quality criteria according to Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 through close and coordinated cooperation within the European

Statistical System (ESS).

Green

Together with Regulation (EC) 223/2009 on European statistics, and especially with reference to the professional independence of statistical institutes and the other statistical principles laid down in Article 2 of that **Regulation**, the Programme is intended to provides the overall framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics for 2021-2027. European statistics are shall be developed, produced and disseminated under that framework and in accordance with the principles of the European statistics Code of Practice. That framework should respect the quality criteria referred to in Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC)

				No 223/2009 through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System.
401.	European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU and further reflected in the Commission's strategic priorities.	European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU and further reflected in the Commission's strategic priorities.	European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU and further reflected in the Commission's strategic priorities.	Green European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, shall contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU and further reflected in the Commission's strategic priorities.
402.			With this multi-annual programme the ESS aims to maintain and extend its leading position in the statistical field. The Commission shall, in the preparation of the annual work programmes, ensure effective priority-setting and an annual	Green Through this programme the ESS aims to maintain and improve its leading position level of excellence in the statistical field. The Commission shall, in the preparation of the annual

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		review of, and report on, statistical priorities. The annual work programmes will thereby aim to ensure that European statistics can be produced within the available resources at the national and the Union level.	work programmes, ensure effective priority-setting and an annual review of, and report on, statistical priorities. The annual work programmes shall thereby aim to achieve the best possible output, taking into account ensure that European statistics can be produced within the available resources at the regional, national and the Union level.
403.		Continuous research and innovation are seen as key drivers in modernizing European statistics and in improving the quality of European statistics. Therefore the implementation of this multiannual programme should invest substantially in scaling up	Green Continuous research and innovation are considered as seen as key drivers in modernising European statistics and in improving the quality of European statistics. Therefore the implementation of

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			activities in the area of developing new methods and methodologies.	investment through themultiannual work programme should concentrate on scaling up activities in the area of the development of new methods and methodologies as well as exploring new data sources for producing statistics.
404.	In implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) , the following actions shall be carried out:	In implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) , the following actions shall be carried out:	In implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) , the following actions shall be carried out:	Green In implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) , the following actions shall be carried out:
405.	Economic and Monetary Union, Globalisation and Trade	Economic and Monetary Union, Globalisation and Trade	Economic and Monetary Union, Globalisation and Trade	Green Economic and Monetary Union, Globalisation and Trade
406.	 providing high-quality statistics underpinning the 	- providing high-quality statistics underpinning the	– providing high-quality comparable and reliable	Green – providing high-quality

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	Excessive Deficit Procedure, Reform Support Programme and the Union's annual cycle of economic monitoring and guidance;	Excessive Deficit Procedure, Reform Support Programme and the Union's annual cycle of economic monitoring and guidance;	statistics underpinning the Excessive Deficit Procedure, Reform Support Programme and the Union's annual cycle of economic monitoring and guidance;	statistics underpinning the Excessive Deficit Procedure, and, where feasible, Reform Support Programme the Recovery and Resilience Facility and the Technical support instrument, and underpinning the Union's annual cycle of economic monitoring and guidance;
407.	 providing and where necessary, enhancing the Principal European Economic Indicators (PEEIs); 	- providing and where necessary, enhancing the Principal European Economic Indicators (PEEIs);	 providing and where necessary, enhancing the Principal European Economic Indicators (PEEIs); 	Green – providing and where necessary, enhancing the Principal European Economic Indicators (PEEIs);
408.	 providing statistics and methodological guidance on the statistical treatment of the investment and budgetary instruments in supporting economic 	- providing statistics and methodological guidance on the statistical treatment of the investment and budgetary instruments in supporting economic convergence, financial stability and job	– providing statistics and methodological guidance on the statistical treatment of the investment and budgetary instruments in supporting economic convergence, financial stability and job creation;	Green – providing statistics and methodological guidance on the statistical treatment of the investment and budgetary instruments in supporting economic convergence, financial stability and job

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	convergence, financial stability and job creation;	creation;		creation;
409.	 providing statistics for own resource purposes and remunerations and pensions of EU staff; 	 providing statistics for own resource purposes and remunerations and pensions of EU staff; 	 providing statistics for own resource purposes and remunerations and pensions of EU staff; 	Green – providing statistics for own resource purposes and remunerations and pensions of EU staff;
410.	- better measuring of trade in services, foreign direct investment, global value chains and the impact of globalisation on the Union economies.	 better measuring of trade in <i>goods and</i> services, foreign direct investment, global value chains and the impact of globalisation on the Union economies. [Am. 146] 	- better measuring of trade in goods, supported by the exchange of microdata within the ESS, trade in services, foreign direct investment, global value chains and the impact of globalisation on the Union economies;	Yellow - better measuring of trade in goods, supported by the exchange of microdata within the European Statistical System, trade in services, foreign direct investment, global value chains and the impact of globalisation on the Union economies; Note: EP insists on microdata in services - agreement is part of the package

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411.			 investigating data availability and the possibility for producing statistics underpinning the Reform Support Programme 	Green Deletion
412.	Single Market, Innovation and Digital transformation	Single Market, Innovation and Digital transformation	Single Market, Innovation and Digital transformation	Green Single Market, Innovation and Digital transformation
413.	 providing high quality and reliable statistics for the Single Market, the European Defence Action Plan and key areas of innovation and research; 	 providing high quality and reliable statistics for the Single Market, the European Defence Action Plan and key areas of innovation and research; 	 providing high quality and reliable statistics for the Single Market, the European Defence Action Plan and key areas of innovation and research; 	Green – providing high quality and reliable statistics for the Single Market, the European Defence Action Plan and key areas of innovation and research;
414.	 providing more and timelier statistics on collaborative economy and the impact of digitalisation on the European business and citizens. 	 providing more and timelier statistics on collaborative economy and the impact of digitalisation on the European business and citizens. 	 providing more and timelier statistics on collaborative economy and the impact of digitalisation on the European business and citizens; investigating data availability and the possibility for 	Green - providing more and timelier statistics on collaborative economy and the impact of digitalisation on the European business and citizens; - providing statistics to support

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			producing statistics for the European Defence Action Plan.	the European defence policy, subject to feasibility studies and duly taking into account the sensitivity of statistical data;
415.	Social dimension of Europe	Social dimension of Europe	Social dimension of Europe	Green Social dimension of Europe
416.	 providing high quality, timely and reliable statistics to support the European Pillar of Social Rights and the Union Skills Policy, including statistics on the labour market, employment, education and training, income, living conditions, poverty, inequality, social protection, undeclared work and satellite accounts on skills; 	timely and reliable statistics to support the European Pillar of Social Rights and the Union Skills Policy, including, but not exclusive to, statistics on the labour market, employment, education and training, income, living conditions, poverty, inequality, social protection,	– providing high quality, timely and reliable statistics to support the European Pillar of Social Rights-and, the Union Skills Policy and other Union social policies, including statistics on the labour market, employment, education and training, income, living conditions, poverty, inequality, social protection, undeclared work and satellite accounts on skills;	Green - providing high quality, timely and reliable statistics to support the European Pillar of Social Rights and the Union Skills Policy, including statistics on the labour market, employment, education and training, income, living conditions, poverty, inequality, social protection, gender based violence, undeclared work, and satellite accounts on skills; - where the development of new statistics is necessary, the data availability and the

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				feasibility of producing statistics on satellite accounts on skills and on undeclared work need to be further examined within the
				European Statistical System;
417.	 providing statistics related to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities; 	 providing statistics related to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities; 	 providing statistics related to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities; 	Green - providing statistics related to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities;
418.	 enriching statistics on migration in particular on the situation and integration of migrants and education needs and qualification levels of asylum seekers; 	migrants and education	 enriching statistics on migration in particular on the situation and integration of migrants and education needs and qualification levels of asylum seekers; 	Green - enriching statistics on migration in particular on the situation and integration of migrants and education needs and qualification levels of asylum seekers;
419.	 developing modernised post-2021 Population and Housing Census programmes and population statistics; 		 developing modernised post- 2021 Population and Housing Census programmes and population statistics; 	Green - developing modernised post- 2021 Population and Housing Census programmes and population statistics;

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420.	 providing population projections and their annual updates. 	 providing population projections and their annual updates. 	– providing <u>ageing-related</u> <u>statistics and</u> population projections and their annual <u>updates to support policies on an</u> <u>ageing society;</u>	Green – providing and regularly updating projections and breakdown on the EU population
421.			 investigating data availability and the possibility for producing statistics in the following areas: statistics on gender based violence; satellite accounts on skills; 	Green Deletion
422.			 further exploring methodological and other issues related to undeclared work in support to the European Platform tackling undeclared work. 	Green Deletion
423.	Sustainable development, Natural Resources and Environment	Sustainable development, Natural Resources and Environment	Sustainable development, Natural Resources and Environment	Green Sustainable development, Natural Resources and Environment

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424.	 monitoring the progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs); 		 monitoring the progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs); 	- monitoring the progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs);
425.	- further developing statistics in support of the Energy Strategy, circular economy and plastics strategy;	statistics in support of the	- further developing statistics in support of the Energy Strategy; and circular economy and plastics strategy;	Green - providing high-quality statistics underpinning the European Green Deal including further developing statistics in support of the Energy Strategy, the circular economy, climate-related statistics and the plastics strategy;
				Where the development of new statistics and indicators for the topics mentioned in the indent above is necessary, the data availability and the feasibility for producing

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				statistics and indicators shall be further examined within the European Statistical System;
426.	 providing key environmental statistics and indicators including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover as well as climate-related statistics and environmental economic accounts; 	 providing key environmental statistics and indicators including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover as well as climaterelated statistics and environmental economic accounts; 	 providing key environmental statistics and indicators including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover as well as climate-related statistics and environmental economic accounts; 	Green - providing key environmental statistics and indicators, including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover, as well as elimate-related statistics as well as environmental economic accounts;
427.	 providing freight and passengers' transport statistics to support the policies of the Union and 	 providing freight and passengers' transport statistics to support the policies of the Union and 	 providing freight and passengers' transport statistics to support the policies of the Union and 	Green – providing freight and passengers' transport statistics to support the policies of the Union and

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	 2			
428.	 developing further indicators to monitor intermodality and modal shift towards more environmentally friendly transport modes; 	 developing further indicators to monitor intermodality and modal shift towards more environmentally friendly transport modes; 	 developing further indicators to monitor intermodality and modal shift towards more environmentally friendly transport modes; 	Green - developing further indicators to monitor intermodality and modal shift towards more environmentally friendly transport modes;
429.	 providing timely and relevant data for the needs of the Common Agricultural Policy, Common Fisheries policy and policies related to the environment, food security and animal welfare. 	 providing timely and relevant data for the needs of the Common Agricultural Policy, Common Fisheries policy and policies related to the environment, food security and animal welfare. 	– providing timely and relevant data for the needs of the Common Agricultural Policy, Common Fisheries policy and policies related to the environment, food security and animal welfare:	Green - providing timely and relevant data for the needs of the Common Agricultural Policy, Common Fisheries policy and policies related to the environment, food security and animal welfare.
430.			 investigating data availability and the possibility for producing statistics in the following areas: statistics to support the EU plastics strategy; climate-related statistics. 	Green Deletion

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431.	Economic, Social and Territorial Cohesion	Economic, Social and Territorial Cohesion	Economic, Social and Territorial Cohesion	Green Economic, Social and Territorial Cohesion
432.	-providing timely and comprehensive statistical indicators on regions, including the Union outermost regions, cities and rural areas to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of territorial development policies, and to evaluate the territorial impacts of sectoral policies;	 providing timely and comprehensive statistical indicators on regions, including the Union outermost regions, cities and rural areas to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of territorial development policies, and to evaluate the territorial impacts of sectoral policies; 	 providing timely and comprehensive statistical indicators on regions, including the Union outermost regions, cities and rural areas to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of territorial development policies, and to evaluate the territorial impacts of sectoral policies; 	Green - providing timely and comprehensive statistical indicators on regions, including the Union outermost regions, cities and rural areas to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of territorial development policies, and to evaluate the territorial impacts of sectoral policies;
433.	-supporting the development of indicators on anti-money laundering and fight against financing of terrorism; and developing police and security statistics;	 supporting the development of indicators on anti-money laundering and fight against financing of terrorism; and developing police and security statistics; 	- supporting the development of indicators on anti-money laundering and fight against financing of terrorism; and developing police and security statistics;	Green Deletion
434.	-increasingly using geospatial data and	 increasingly using geospatial data and 	- increasingly using geospatial data and systematically	Green - increasingly using geospatial

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	systematically integrating and mainstreaming geospatial information management into statistical production.	systematically integrating and mainstreaming geospatial information management into statistical production.	integrating and mainstreaming geospatial information management into statistical production;	data and systematically integrating and mainstreaming geospatial information management into statistical production.
435.			 investigating data availability and the possibility for producing: indicators on anti-money laundering; indicators on the fight against financing of terrorism; police and security statistics. 	- examining within the European Statistical System the feasibility of providing and then supporting the development of: - indicators on anti-money laundering; - indicators on the fight against financing of terrorism; police and security statistics;
436.	Better communication of European statistics and promoting it as a trustworthy source in tackling disinformation online	Better communication of European statistics and promoting it as a trustworthy source in tackling disinformation online	Better communication of European statistics and <u>its</u> <u>values by promoting it as a</u> trustworthy source in tackling disinformation-online	Green Better communication of European statistics and its values by promoting it as a

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				trustworthy source in tackling disinformation online
437.	 systematically promoting European statistics as a trustworthy source of evidence and facilitating fact checkers, researchers and public authorities to use it in tackling disinformation online; 	 systematically promoting European statistics as a trustworthy source of evidence and facilitating fact checkers, researchers and public authorities to use it in tackling disinformation online; 	- systematically promoting European statistics as a trustworthy source of evidence and facilitating fact checkers, researchers and public authorities to use it in tackling disinformation online;	Green - systematically promoting European statistics as a trustworthy source of evidence and facilitating fact checkers, researchers and public authorities to use it in tackling disinformation-online;
438.			 enhancing the existent dialogue with users to promote the value of European statistics and closely monitor their needs and satisfaction; 	Green - enhancing the existent dialogue with producers and with users of European statistics in order to improve and promote their use of European statistics and closely monitor their needs and satisfaction by setting and implementing actions to increase statistical literacy

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				for the benefit of the European citizens, including entrepreneurs;
439.	 making it easier for users to access and understand statistics, including by providing attractive and interactive visualisations, more tailored services like on-demand data, and self-service analytics; 	 making it easier for users to access and understand statistics, including by providing attractive and interactive visualisations, more tailored services like on-demand data, and self- service analytics; 	 making it easier for users to access and understand statistics, including by providing attractive and interactive visualisations, more tailored services like on- demand data, and self-service analytics; 	Green - making it easier for users to access and understand statistics, including by providing attractive and interactive visualisations, more tailored services like ondemand data, and self-service analytics;
440.			 setting actions on helping to educate both professional users, citizens and young people and increasing statistical literacy; 	Green deletion, Council text covered in row 439
441.	 further developing and monitoring the quality assurance framework for European statistics, including through peer reviews of the Members States' compliance 	 further developing and monitoring the quality assurance framework for European statistics, including through peer reviews of the Members States' compliance 	 further developing and monitoring the quality assurance framework for European statistics, including through peer reviews of the Members States' compliance with the European statistics Code 	Green – further developing and monitoring the quality assurance framework for European statistics, including through peer reviews of the

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	with the European statistics Code of Practice;	with the European statistics Code of Practice;	of Practice;	Members States' compliance with the European statistics Code of Practice;
442.	 providing access to micro-data for research purposes while safeguarding the highest standards in the protection of data and statistical confidentiality. 	 providing access to micro-data for research purposes while safeguarding the highest standards in the protection of data and statistical confidentiality. 	– providing access to micro-data for research purposes <u>in</u> accordance with Article 23 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 while safeguarding the highest standards in the protection of data and statistical confidentiality.	Green – providing access to microdata for research purposes in accordance with Article 23 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 while safeguarding the highest standards in the protection of data and statistical confidentiality.
443.	Reaping the benefits of data revolution and moving to trusted smart statistics	Reaping the benefits of data revolution and moving to trusted smart statistics	Reaping the benefits of data revolution and moving to trusted smart statistics	Green Reaping the benefits of data revolution and moving to trusted smart statistics
444.	 stepping-up the exploitation of new digital data sources and establishing the foundations of trusted smart statistics to produce 	 stepping-up the exploitation of new digital data sources and establishing the foundations of trusted smart statistics to produce new statistics in near real- 	- stepping-up the exploitation of new digital data sources in a multisource environment and establishing the foundations of trusted smart statistics to produce new statistics in near real-time	Green - stepping-up the exploitation of new digital data sources in a multisource environment and establishing the foundations of trusted smart

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_	_	oanded partne statistical coop	_	d	Expanded partnerships and statistical cooperation	Expanded partnerships and statistical cooperation	Green Expanded partnerships and
of ma ne Eu	offi mak netv Eur	promoting earch and in icial statistics, aking use of converse and ropean Statistic ogrammes.	novation i including b collaborativ	in by ve ng	 promoting cutting-edge research and innovation in official statistics, including by making use of collaborative networks and providing European Statistical Training Programmes. 	 promoting cutting-edge research and innovation in official statistics, including by making use of collaborative networks and providing European Statistical Training Programmes. 	Green – promoting cutting-edge research and innovation in official statistics, including by making use of collaborative networks and providing European Statistical Training Programmes.
he ad pro	held ado pres secu	option of eserving comp	rough th privacy outation an multipart	he y- nd	 developing novel approaches to use privately held data through the adoption of privacy- preserving computation and secure multiparty computation methods; 	 developing novel approaches to use privately held data through the adoption of privacy-preserving computation and secure multiparty computation methods; 	Green - developing novel approaches to use privately held data through the adoption of privacy-preserving computation and secure multiparty computation methods;
		w statistics in ne with trusted			time with trusted algorithms;	with trusted algorithms that are fit for purpose;	statistics to produce new smart statistics in near real-time with trusted algorithms that are fit for purpose;
					time with trusted algorith	nms;	

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				statistical cooperation
448.	- strengthening the ESS partnership and the cooperation with the European System of Central Banks;	 strengthening the ESS partnership and the cooperation with the European System of Central Banks; 	- strengthening the ESS partnership and the cooperation with the European System of Central Banks;	Green - strengthening the ESS partnership and the cooperation with the European System of Central Banks;
449.	 fostering partnerships with public and private data holders and the technology sector to facilitate access to data for statistical purposes, the integration of data from multiple sources and the use of latest technologies; 	holders and the technology sector to facilitate access to data for statistical purposes, the integration of data from	- fostering partnerships with public and private data holders and the technology sector to facilitate access to data for statistical purposes, the integration of data from multiple sources and the use of latest technologies;	Green - fostering partnerships with public and private data holders and the technology sector to facilitate access to data for statistical purposes, the integration of data from multiple sources and the use of latest technologies;
450.	 enhancing cooperation with research and academia, in particular as regards the use of new data sources, data analytics, and the promotion of statistical literacy; 	use of new data sources, data	 enhancing cooperation with research and academia, in particular as regards the use of new data sources, data analytics, and the promotion of statistical literacy; 	Green – enhancing cooperation with research and academia, in particular as regards the use of new data sources, data analytics, and the promotion of statistical literacy;

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451.		 cooperating with international organisations and third countries for the benefit of global official statistics. 	 cooperating with international organisations and third countries for the benefit of global official statistics. 	- <u>continuing the</u> cooperating on with international organisations and third countries for the benefit of global official statistics.	Green - continuing the cooperatingon with international organisations and third countries for the benefit of global official-statistics.
452.			ANNEX III		
453.		List of animal diseases and zoonoses	List of animal diseases and zoonoses	List of animal diseases and zoonoses	Green
454.	Annex III point (1)	(2) African horse sickness	(1) African horse sickness	(1) African horse sickness	Green
455.	Annex III point (2)	(3) African swine fever	(2) African swine fever	(2) African swine fever	Green
456.	Annex III point (3)	(4) Anthrax	(3) Anthrax	(3) Anthrax	Green
457.	Annex III point (4)	(5) Avian influenza (highly pathogenic),	(4) Avian influenza (highly pathogenic),	(4) Avian influenza (highly pathogenic),	Green

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458.	Annex III point (5)	(6) Avian influenza (low pathogenic)	(5) Avian influenza (low pathogenic)	(5) Avian influenza (low pathogenic)	Green
459.	Annex III point (6)	(7) Campylobacteriosis	(6) Campylobacteriosis	(6) Campylobacteriosis	Green
460.	Annex III point (7)	(8) Classical swine fever	(7) Classical swine fever	(7) Classical swine fever	Green
461.	Annex III point (8)	(9) Foot-and-mouth disease	(8) Foot and mouth disease	(8) Foot and mouth disease	Green
462.	Annex III point (9)	(10) Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia	(9) Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia	(9) Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia	Green
463.	Annex III point (10)	(11) Glanders	(10)Glanders	(10)Glanders	Green
464.	Annex III point (11)	(12) Infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24),	(11)Infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24),	(11)Infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24),	Green

465.	Annex III point (12)	(13) Infection with Brucella abortus, B. melitensis and B. suis	(12)Infection with <i>Brucella</i> abortus, B. melitensis and B. suis	(12)Infection with <i>Brucella</i> abortus, <i>B. melitensis</i> and <i>B.</i> suis	Green
466.	Annex III point (13)	(14) Infection with epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus	(13)Infection with epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus	(13)Infection with epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus	Green
467.	Annex III point (14)	(15) Infection with lumpy skin disease virus	(14)Infection with lumpy skin disease virus	(14)Infection with lumpy skin disease virus	Green
468.	Annex III point (15)	(16) Infection with <i>Mycoplasma mycoides</i> subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia),	(15)Infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia),	(15)Infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia),	Green
469.	Annex III point (16)	(17) Infection with Mycobacterium tuberculosis	(16)Infection with Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex (M. bovis, M.	(16)Infection with Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex (M. bovis, M. caprae	Green

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		complex (<i>M. bovis</i> , <i>M. caprae</i> and <i>M. tuberculosis</i>)	caprae and M. tuberculosis)	and M. tuberculosis)	
470.	Annex III point (17)	(18) Infection with Newcastle disease virus	(17)Infection with Newcastle disease virus	(17)Infection with Newcastle disease virus	Green
471.	Annex III point (18)	(19) Infection with peste des petits ruminants virus	(18)Infection with peste des petits ruminants virus	(18)Infection with peste des petits ruminants virus	Green
472.	Annex III point (19)	(20) Infection with rabies virus	(19)Infection with rabies virus	(19)Infection with rabies virus	Green
473.	Annex III point (20)	(21) Infection with Rift Valley fever virus	(20)Infection with Rift Valley fever virus	(20)Infection with Rift Valley fever virus	Green
474.	Annex III point (21)	(22) Infection with rinderpest virus	(21)Infection with rinderpest virus	(21)Infection with rinderpest virus	Green
475.	Annex III point (22)	(23) Infection with zoonotic <i>Salmonella</i> serovars	(22)Infection with zoonotic Salmonella serovars	(22)Infection with zoonotic Salmonella serovars	Green

476.	Annex III point (23)	(24) Infestation with Echinococcus spp	(23)Infestation with Echinococcus spp	(23)Infestation with Echinococcus spp	Green
477.	Annex III point (24)	(25) Listeriosis	(24)Listeriosis	(24)Listeriosis	Green
478.	Annex III point (25)	(26) Sheep pox and goat pox	(25)Sheep pox and goat pox	(25)Sheep pox and goat pox	Green
479.	Annex III point (26)	(27) Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies	(26)Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies	(26)Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies	Green
480.	Annex III point (27)	(28) Trichinellosis	(27)Trichinellosis	(27)Trichinellosis	Green
481.	Annex III point (28)	(29) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis	(28)Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis	(28)Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis	Green
482.	Annex III point (29)	(30) Verotoxigenic E. coli	(29)Verotoxigenic E. coli	(29)Verotoxigenic E. coli	Green
483.	Annex III introducto		The list of animal diseases and zoonoses covers:		Green The list of animal diseases

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	ry part (new)			and zoonoses covers
484.	Annex III point (a) (new)	(a) the list of diseases drawn up pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 1 of Regulation 2016/429;		Green (1) Animal diseases referred to in Article 5(1), Article 9(1)(a), (b) and (c) and Article 28 of Regulation (EU) 2016/429;
485.	Annex III point (b) (new)	(b) salmonella, zoonoses and zoonotic agents covered by Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 and Directive 2003/99/EC;		Green (2) Zoonoses and zoonotic agents referred to in Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 and in Directive 2003/99/EC;
486.	Annex III point (c) (new)	(c) transmissible spongiform encephalopathies. [Am. 148]		Green (3) Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies as referred to in Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.
487.	Annex III point (1) (new)		(1) Animal diseases referred to in Article 5(1), Article 9(1)(a), (b) and (c) and Article 28 of	<i>Green</i> deleted

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				Regulation (EU) 2016/429 ;	
488.	Annex III point (2) (new)			(2) Zoonoses and zoonotic agents referred to in Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 and in Directive 2003/99/EC;	Green deleted
489.	Annex III point (3) (new)			(3) Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies as referred to in Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.	<i>Green</i> deleted
490.			ANNEX IV	7	
491.			INDICATOR	RS	
492.		Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)	Objectives laid down in Article $\frac{3(2)(a)}{3(2)(a)(i)}$	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)
493.		1 - Number of new complaints and cases of non-compliance in the area of free movement of goods and services, as well as	1 - Number of new complaints and cases of non-compliance in the area of free movement of goods and services, as well as	1 - Number of new complaints and cases of non-compliance in the area of free movement of goods and services, as well as	Yellow EP Suggestion Number of new complaints in the area of free movement of goods and services, as well as

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	Union legislation on public procurement.			
				Subject to agreement on splitting the objectives
494.	2 - Services Trade Restrictiveness Index.	2 - Services Trade Restrictiveness Index.	2 - Services Trade Restrictiveness Index.	Green 2 - Services Trade Restrictiveness Index.
495.	3 - Number of visits to the Your Europe portal.	3 - Number of visits to the Your Europe portal.	3 - Number of visits to the Your Europe portal.	Green
				3 - Number of visits to the
				Your Europe portal.
496.	4 – Number of Joint market surveillance campaigns.	4 – Number of Joint market surveillance campaigns.	4 – Number of Joint market surveillance campaigns.	Yellow
				EP Suggestion to delete the
				text, subject to agreement on
				splitting the objectives: text added in row 500
				4 Number of Joint market
				surveillance campaigns.
497.		Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)(ii)		Yellow
				The state of the s

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				EP Suggestion, subject to agreement on splitting the objectives: Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)(ii)
498.		1 - Number of new complaints and cases of non-compliance in the area of free movement of goods and services and online sales.		Yellow EP proposal, subject to agreement on splitting the objectives, Council to check Number of cases of noncompliance in the area of goods and online sales.
499.		2 - Number of Joint market surveillance and products safety campaigns.		Yellow EP Suggestion, subject to agreement on splitting the objectives: Number of Joint market surveillance and products safety campaigns.
500.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(b)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(b)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(b)	Red Objectives laid down in

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				Article 3(2)(b)
501.	1 - Number of SMEs received support	1 - Number of SMEs receiving support <i>from the programme</i> and the Network.	1 - Number of SMEs receiving support	Red
502.	2 - Number of compasupported having conclubusiness partnerships.	_	2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships.	Green 2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships.
503.		2a - Number of entrepreneurs benefitting from mentoring and mobility schemes.		Red
504.		2b - Time and cost reduction in setting up an SME.		Red
505.		2c - Number of enterprise networks created compared to baseline.		Red
506.		2d - Number of Member States		Red

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	using SME test.	
507.	2e - Marked increase in the number of Member States with a one-stop shop for business start-ups.	Red
508.	2f - Increase in the proportion of SMEs exporting and increase in the proportion of SMEs exporting outside the Union compared to baseline.	Red
509.	2g - Marked increase in number of Member States implementing entrepreneurship solutions targeting potential, young, new and female entrepreneurs, as well as other specific target groups compared to baseline.	Red
510.	2h - Increase in the proportion of Union citizens that would like to be self-employed	Red

		compared to baseline.		
511.		2i - Performance of SMEs as regards sustainability to be measured inter alia by the increase in the proportion of Union SMEs developing sustainable blue economy and green products 1a and services and by their improvement in resource-efficiency (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline.		Red
512.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(c)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(c)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(c)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(c)
513.	1 - Share of implementation of European standards as national standards by Member States in total amount of active European standards.	European standards as national	1 - Share of implementation of European standards as national standards by Member States in total amount of active European standards.	Green 1 - Share of implementation of European standards as national standards by Member States in total amount of active European standards.

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514.	2 - Percentage of international financial reporting and auditing standards endorsed by the Union.	2 - Percentage of international financial reporting and auditing standards endorsed by the Union.	2 - Percentage of international financial reporting and auditing standards endorsed by the Union.	Green 2 - Percentage of international financial reporting and auditing standards endorsed by the Union.
515.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(d)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(d)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(d)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(d)
516.	1 - Consumer condition index.	1 - Consumer condition index.	1 - Consumer condition index.	Green 1 - Consumer condition index.
517.	2 - Number of position papers and responses to public consultations in the field of financial services from beneficiaries.	2 - Number of position papers and responses to public consultations in the field of financial services from beneficiaries.	2 - Number of position papers and responses to public consultations in the field of financial services from beneficiaries.	Green 2 - Number of position papers and responses to public consultations in the field of financial services from beneficiaries.
518.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(e)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(e)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(e)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(e)
519.	1 - Number of successfully implemented national veterinary and phytosanitary programmes.	1 - Number of successfully implemented national veterinary and phytosanitary programmes.	1 - Number of successfully implemented national veterinary and phytosanitary programmes.	Green 1 - Number of successfully implemented national veterinary and phytosanitary programmes, including <i>the</i>

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				number of successfully implemented emergency measures on plant pests and animal deseases. EP to check
520.		2 - Number of emergencies caused by pests successfully resolved.		Green Deletion
521.		3 - Number of emergencies caused by diseases successfully resolved.[Am. 149]		Green Deletion
522.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(f)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(f)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(f)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(f)
523.	1 - Impact of statistics published on the internet: number of web mentions and positive/negative opinions.	on the internet: number of web	1 - Impact of statistics published on the internet: number of web mentions and positive/negative opinions.	Green 1 - Impact of statistics published on the internet: number of web mentions and positive/negative opinions.